

ARMY

THE GAZETTE OF THE LAND
SEA AND AIR

NAVY

SPOKESMAN OF THE SERVICES
SINCE 1863

JOURNAL

PERIODICAL ROOM
GENERAL LIBRARY
UNIV. OF MICH.VOL. LXXXII—No. 40—WHOLE No. 3272
Ent. as 2nd class matter at P. O. at Washington, D. C.
Add. entry Baltimore, Md., under Act of March 3, 1879

Washington, D. C., May 26, 1945

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The War Program

NAVAL HOSPITAL SHIPS

THE Haven Class of Naval hospital ships, three of which are already commissioned and the remainder to be commissioned within the next few weeks, provide most modern features in hospital ship design and equipment. The ships in this class are the Haven, Benevolence, Tranquillity, Consolation, Repose and Sanctuary.

Built as Maritime Commission hulls at Sun Shipbuilding Co., Chester, Pa., and taken over by the Navy when nearly complete, the ships have, at completion, only the basic original features and are full conversions.

At the request of the Bureau of Medicine and Surgery many new features have been included in the design, among which are the size and speed, full air-conditioning throughout the hospital and crew's quarters and the location of clinical facilities low in the ship with surgical operating facilities near the metacenter. The full air-conditioning is the first installation of this kind in any Naval ship exclusive of submarines.

Of approximately 15,000 displacement tons, the ships are 520 feet overall in length, 71 feet six inches in beam, with a draft of 23 feet six inches and a speed of 17.5 knots. Cruising radius is 12,000 miles.

Total berths on board are as follows: Officers, 58; nurses, 32; CPOs, 24; crew, 230; Hospital Corpsmen, 238; officer patients, 60; enlisted patients, 742. Thus a total of 802 patients may be accommodated, with a total berthing of 1,384.

Air-conditioning is expected to provide much greater comfort for both patients and personnel, particularly in the case of skin diseases peculiar to tropical climates.

Embarked patients are sorted in after lobbies on main decks by embarkation details and transported to wards by means of elevators and extra-width, low-gradient ladders provided for this purpose.

The food service to patients has received careful study and has been adapted from successful hospital commissaries within the structural limitations of the ships. All food for bed patients comes from the galley to the after lobby, main deck, by the food elevator, and is distributed to ward diet pantries, to be served out on individual trays from the pantries. To provide hot food in the diet pantries vacuum food containers for solid and liquid foods are provided, with hand trucks for transporting them, and the pantries are equipped with electric tables and heated cabinets for compartmented food trays. Special diets are prepared in a kitchen provided for that purpose and ambulatory patients are served in the mess hall.

A "sharp freeze" compartment of 1,000 cubic feet is included in the refrigerator compartment for quick frozen foods and two milk emulsifiers, each of 40-gallon-per-hour capacity, provide the best milk possible. Ice cream capacity and storage has been increased to a point which is considered adequate for frequent serving to patients and crew.

The location of surgical suites is near—
(Please turn to Page 1200)

Retention of U. S. Naval Power Sought in House

Asserting that "too broad an unreviewed responsibility" has been delegated to the executive department, the House Committee on Naval Affairs this week unanimously reported out a bill designed to restore Congressional control over the disposition of important naval facilities "in keeping with Congressional responsibility for the maintenance of the Navy."

Under the bill (HR3180), the Navy Department can not dispose of or transfer ships, bases, plants, etc., without first reporting to Congress. Congress may then approve or disapprove by a concurrent resolution, or give its tacit approval by taking no action, in which case the Navy may act after an elapse of 60 days.

As for battleships, cruisers, aircraft carriers, destroyers, or submarines, the bill would prohibit any kind of disposition, except scrapping or destruction for overage, damage, etc., and leasing under Lend-Lease, in which latter case the lease would not extend beyond the termination of the present war or a specified date for termination decided by Congress.

The bill also provides that the notice to the Congress shall contain any adverse comment of the Chief of Naval Operations. Concerning this provision, the Committee reported:

"While the Assistant Secretary of the Navy orally expressed his opposition in principle to the inclusion of this requirement, the Naval Affairs Committee were of the opinion that the purpose of the notice would be best served if the Congress obtained the military as well as the departmental view in any case of divergence. This provision in no way disturbs the administrative responsibility of the Secretary nor does it infringe upon his authority. It is designed merely to supersede the necessity of ascertaining the views of the Chief of Naval Operations by hearings or other appropriate methods."

Discussing the need for the legislation, the Committee report said:

"Unfortunately, in broad legislation primarily designed for objectives other than the preservation of the fighting strength of the Navy, too broad an unreviewed responsibility has been delegated to the executive department, insofar as it relates to disposal of important naval vessels, bases, plants, and other war facilities. Thus, under the Lend-Lease Act, important units could be disposed of under such a broad authority that your committee recommended, and Congress enacted the act of 19 Feb. 1943.

"Under the Surplus Property Act of 1944, excepting only the major units of the fighting fleet, the Congress virtually relinquished control of large areas of vital Navy units, and made it possible for the fighting strength of the post-war Navy to be seriously impaired by dispositions concerning which the Congress may know nothing until the ship or facility has passed from the ownership of the United States."

Excerpts from the Committee's report follow:

Outline of the Bill

"The bill reaffirms and clarifies the policy
(Please turn to Page 1201)

Reorganize Departments

Speculation as to the likelihood of a closer integration, or possibly a unification, of the War and Navy Departments, was revived this week by President Truman's message to Congress asking for authority to reorganize the executive branch of the Government.

"The legislation," President Truman told Congress, "should be sufficiently broad and flexible to permit of any form of organizational adjustment, large or small, for which necessity may arise."

In recalling that Departmental shifts made under the War Powers Act will not be effective after the War, the President pointed out that the reorganization of the War Department, whereby the arms and services were regrouped under newly established Air, Ground, and Service Forces, will not continue to be legal unless enabling legislation is passed. He said:

"Some improvements heretofore made in the Government under the first War Powers Act, as exemplified by the reor—
(Please turn to Back Page)

Independent Research For Defense Favored

The House Military Affairs Committee, considering the establishment of a permanent research organization for National Defense, this week heard Dr. Vannevar Bush, Director of the Office of Scientific Research and Development, lay down what he termed the "two basic principles for successful Government participation in scientific research," as follows:

"First, the research organization must have direct access to Congress for its funds;

"Second, the work of the research organization must not be subject to control or direction from any operating organization whose responsibilities are not exclusively those of research."

Dr. Bush, president of the Carnegie Institution of Washington, and Chairman of the National Defense Research Commission prior to its incorporation into the newer Office of Scientific Research and Development, told the Committee that "the military man, who must acquire many other skills, cannot acquire that degree of specialization and training in science which is essential if broad and important scientific advances are to be made on military matters. Nor is the military tradition or the position of the military man within the Services conducive to fundamental scientific research. The scientist must be free from restrictive controls."

Under consideration by the Military Committee was a bill (HR 2046) introduced by Chairman May (D. Ky.), which would authorize direct appropriations to the National Academy of Sciences of funds for the Research Board of National Security, recently set up by agreement between the Academy and the War and Navy Departments. The Board consists of representatives of the Army, and Navy and outstanding civilian scientists.

The proposal to recognize the agency by giving it direct appropriations was
(Please turn to Back Page)

Dept. Offers Highest Rank to Build Reserves

The highest temporary rank held upon relief from active duty will be offered in the Officers' Reserve Corps to all qualified officers holding commissions in the Army of the United States, the War Department announced 21 May.

The Department made it clear, however, that the provision of granting the highest attained rank does not apply to Regular Army officers.

What plans, if any, the Department has to preserve the relative rank of Regular Officers and officers desiring to return to their State National Guard organizations after the war is problematical. With all AUS officers being offered the opportunity to retain their highest temporary rank after the war while officers of the Regular Establishment, upon whom fall the duty of training the civilian components, are forced to revert to their lower permanent grades, a most anomalous situation will be brought about.

Already State officers, concerned about the reconstruction of their National Guard units after the war, are wondering how they can secure trained and efficient officer personnel in competition with the War Department's recruiting campaign for the Reserve Corps, for the States, basing their requirements on the usual Tables of Organization, will not be able to offer such high ranks to the returning veterans.

Many members of Congress, it is known, are planning to make inquiries as to the effect the new policy will have on the peace-time establishment.

Reserve officers, most of whom held commissions in the Reserve Corps during peacetime, furnished twenty-five per cent of the officer strength of the Army during the current war, and it is expected that the strength of the postwar Organized Reserve Corps will be several times greater than it has been in the past.

To be eligible for a reserve commission, a man must be physically qualified for general or limited service and must have a record of satisfactory and honorable commissioned service during the war. He will be offered an appointment in the Officers' Reserve Corps for an initial period of five years.

Because of the disparity in rank that will result from this provision some temporary adjustment in rank probably will have to be made, particularly in cases of younger reserve officers, while on extended active duty with the Regular Army or National Guard to coordinate ages and grades. Details of such adjustments, which will depend on future circumstances, have not yet been determined.

Since last October, a General Staff Reserve Policy Committee consisting of three Regular Army officers and three Reserve officers, as provided by the National Defense Act, has been formulating policies for the postwar Organized Reserve Corps.

Brig. Gen. E. A. Evans, a member of the Reserve Policy Committee, was relieved from active duty on 19 May to take a position as Executive Secretary of the reactivated Reserve Officers Association of the United States. The Association,
(Please turn to Back Page)

Governing Germany

New York Times—"Now that Germany has been conquered and occupied and the Allied authorities have been able to make their first surveys of the situation, the magnitude and complexity of the problem before them are daily becoming more apparent."

Baltimore Sun—"One of the tasks awaiting the Allies in Germany is, in the current phrase, the 're-education' of that nation."

Washington Star—"This enormously difficult and complex task is made all the more difficult and com-

plex by the fact that it must be an inter-Allied operation."

Denver Post—"The Germans must get it through their thick heads that war is not just a friendly game. The tougher General Eisenhower deals with them, the better it will be for everybody concerned."

Philadelphia Bulletin—"There isn't much in the German High Command's last communique to inspire hope for early regeneration of the Reich."

Albuquerque Tribune—"Disturbing are reports that Junkers are having influence under Allied occupation."

Philadelphia Inquirer—"Allied rule over Germany

projects a task virtually without precedent in history. It will involve government, down to the least detail, of 80,000,000 people, bloodily and terribly beaten in war, but bitter enemies seething with hatred of their conquerors."

Hartford Courant—"The German militarists are already using current Allied policy to duck responsibility for the war and to reinstate themselves before the German people."

Cleveland Plain Dealer—"While the Nazis and their henchmen, merely puppets of the real German power, the Junkers, are being brought to trial, sight must not be lost of the Junkers."

Adm. Sallada to Head BuAir

The President sent to the Senate this week the nomination of Rear Adm. Harold B. Sallada, USN, to be Chief of the Bureau of Aeronautics to succeed Rear Adm. De Witt C. Ramsey, USN.

A veteran aviator, Admiral Sallada, recently returned from service in the Pacific, where he took part in the operations against the Marshalls and Marianas, was designated a naval aviator in 1921. His most recent tour of duty in the Bureau of Aeronautics was from April, 1942, until September, 1943. He has the Legion of Merit with Gold Star, the Victory Medal, Atlantic Fleet Clasp, American Defense Service Medal, with Bronze A, and the Asiatic-Pacific Area Campaign Medal.

Admiral Sallada is 50 years old, and graduated from the Naval Academy in 1917.

Admiral Ramsey, who reported for duty as Chief of the BuAir in August, 1943, won the Navy Cross for "extraordinary heroism and distinguished service during occupation of Guadalcanal-Tulagi and the Battle of the Solomons." Additionally he is the recipient of the Mexican Service Medal, the Victory Medal, Overseas Clasp, and is entitled to the American Defense Service Medal, Fleet Clasp, and the Asiatic-Pacific Area Campaign Medal. He also holds the Decoration and Diploma Commandeur de l'Ordre Grand Bueac de la Couronne de Chene, presented him by the Government of Luxembourg.

A graduate of the Naval Academy class of 1912, Admiral Ramsey is 56 years old.

Redeployment

Reports of redeployment operations from the ETO again this week pointed up the speed with which the Army is moving to bring troops back to the United States and to send others to action half way across the world, with one gigantic staging area in southern France geared to process 15,000 Pacific-bound soldiers a day.

Meantime, it was reported that the Assembly Area Command, under Maj. Gen. Royal B. Lord, former Communications Zone Chief of Staff, has taken over a large area in Northeastern France where some 350,000 troops at a time can be processed for redeployment. Headquarters of the important command is at Rheims.

General Lord has declared that two weeks will be the maximum time for processing troops going home, with a 25-day period set as tops for those moving to the Pacific.

The AAC will operate 16 camps for troops alerted for redeployment, each capable of housing 15,000 men.

USS New Mexico Hit

For the first time in her 26 years, the USS New Mexico—nicknamed the "Queen" in peacetime—suffered battle damage on 6 Jan. in action at Lingayen Gulf during the landings on Luzon.

The Jap bomb that struck the New Mexico hit on the port navigating bridge, causing heavy personnel losses, including her commanding officer, Capt. Robert W. Fleming, USN. Others among the 30 killed were Lt. Gen. Herbert Lumsde, British Royal Marines, an observer, and William Chickering, Time Magazine correspondent.

The Executive Officer, Comdr. John T. Warren, USN, assumed command. Repair parties quickly put out fires and cleared wreckage. For the remainder of the day and until the benches were secured some five days later, the New Mexico continued her scheduled bombardment. The New

Mexico later went to Pearl Harbor where battle damage was repaired. Within a month she put to sea again with a new commanding officer, Capt. John M. Haines, USN.

New Post for Gen. Loughry

When Maj. Gen. Howard K. Loughry, USA, retires as Chief of Finance of the Army, a position which he has held for more than five years, to assume his new job as Governor of the United States Soldiers Home 1 June, he leaves the active list with a long record of distinguished service in the United States Army.



Lieutenant of Infantry, transferring to the Coast Artillery a year later.

General Loughry's first service was with the 9th Infantry at Camp Wilhelm, Luzon, Philippine Islands, where he served until 15 July 1907. He then transferred to the Coast Artillery Corps and served at the Presidio of San Francisco, California, until 28 August 1910. He attended the Coast Artillery School at Fort Monroe, Va., graduating on 6 July 1911, after which he was transferred to Fort Greble, R. I., where he served for four years. He was then assigned to Ft. Totten, N. Y., serving as adjutant until 7 Aug. 1917, when he was ordered to France.

In France General Loughry served with the 1st Ammunition Train until 23 Sept. 1917, when he became assistant adjutant and later adjutant of the 1st Division. On 2 Oct. 1918, he became Adjutant General of the First Army.

While overseas General Loughry participated in operations in the Toul Sector, the Cantigny Sector, the Noyon-Montdidier Offensive, the Second Battle of the Marne, the Salzkern Sector, the St. Mihiel Offensive and the Meuse Argonne Offensive.

Returning to the United States in May, 1919, General Loughry was on temporary duty at Camp Upton, N. Y., and later commanded Ft. Totten and the Coast Defenses of Eastern New York. On 24 Nov. 1920, he was assigned to the 51st Coast Artillery Regiment at Camp Jackson, S. C., until 25 July 1921, when he became an instructor at the Coast Artillery School, Ft. Monroe, Va., for two years.

He was next assigned to the Command and General Staff School as a student officer, graduating on 15 July 1923. He then returned to the faculty of the Coast Artillery School at Ft. Monroe until 18 Aug. 1926. His next assignment was as a student at the Army War College from which he was graduated 27 June 1927. He then attended the Naval War College at Newport, R. I., graduating on 1 July 1928.

From the Naval War College General Loughry was assigned to the War Department General Staff in Washington, D. C., serving in the War Plans Division until 17 Aug. 1932. After a few months' service at Ft. Monroe, Va., he was ordered to the Philippines where he served as Assistant Executive Officer of the Coast Defenses of Manila from 5 March 1933, to 30 June 1933. He was then placed in command of the 60th Coast Artillery Regiment (Anti-Aircraft) at Ft. Mills, Philippine Islands, until 13 May 1935, when he sailed to the United States. He served at Ft. Winfield Scott, Calif., until 5 May 1936.

He was then ordered to Washington, D. C., where he served as a member of the War Department General Staff as Chief of the Budget and Legislative Planning Branch until April, 1940, when he was appointed Chief of Finance with the rank of major general.

Exchange Purple Hearts

Army personnel who early in the present war were awarded the Purple Heart for "extraordinary fidelity or essential service" may now request that the awards be converted to other appropriate decorations.

Early in the war a considerable number of such awards were made, although it was intended that the decoration be limited to personnel wounded in action. Approximately 150 Purple Hearts were awarded in the Central Pacific Area from 7 Dec. 1941, to 15 Oct. 1942, for extraordinary fidelity or essential service.

Recipients of the Purple Hearts thus awarded who desire another appropriate decoration may now make application to the headquarters which made the original award. Decision will then be made as to what decoration is appropriate.

Exchange of the medals is not mandatory, applications being made entirely at the option of the holder.

It is reasonable to suppose that there are a number of individuals who have received the decoration for meritorious service and have subsequently been wounded in action and will desire to exchange the decoration in order to be able to wear the Purple Heart to indicate their wound.

A clarification of the terms battle and nonbattle casualties has also been made by the War Department in relation to the award of the Purple Heart. Frostbite, trenchfoot, immersion foot and other injuries due to the elements are not reported as battle casualties. This does not preclude, however, the award of the Purple Heart to those severely frostbitten while actually engaged in combat as provided in AR 600-45.

Retain Medical Personnel

Maj. Gen. Norman T. Kirk, Surgeon General of the Army, speaking at Under Secretary Patterson's press conference 24 May said that there can be no immediate release of doctors or other Medical Corps personnel. He pointed out that in addition to casualties from the war in the Pacific those from the war in Europe must be taken care of. However, many who have served in Europe will be assigned to duty in the United States, releasing personnel there for duty in the Pacific.

The present strength of the Medical Department, General Kirk said, is 45,000 medical corps men, 15,000 dentists, 52,000 nurses, 2,000 veterinarians, 18,700 medical corps men, 2,500 sanitary corps specialists, 1,000 Physical therapists, 1,500 dietitians, 61 pharmacy corps officers, 535,000 enlisted medical aid men and approximately 80,000 civilian employees.

Air Commands

Brig. Gen. Ralph F. Stearley has been named commanding general of the IX Tactical Air Command of the Ninth Air Force. He succeeds Maj. Gen. Elwood R. Quesada whose new assignment has not been announced.

A number of command changes have also been made within the Second and Third Air Divisions of the Eighth Air Force.

Brig. Gen. Walter R. Peck has assumed command of the Second Air Division, succeeding Maj. Gen. William E. Kepner, now commanding the Eighth Air Force. Brig. Gen. Norris B. Harbold has been named commanding general of the Third Air Division, replacing Maj. Gen. Earle E. Partridge, whose new assignment has

not been announced.

General Peck has named as his chief of staff Col. Milton W. Arnold. Replacing General Peck and Colonel Arnold as Wing Commanders are Col. Irvine A. Rendle and Col. James M. Stewart. In the Third Division, Col. Harris Hunter, former deputy chief of staff for operations, has been made General Harbold's chief of staff.

Cabinet Changes

Significantly omitted from the list of Cabinet changes which the President announced this week were the names of the Secretaries of War and Navy. This accords with Mr. Truman's decision not to disturb the fighting teams which have demonstrated such efficiency in the conduct of the war. Although Mr. Stimson is approaching his 78th birthday, his capacity for work continues, and his wide knowledge of foreign as well as military affairs and his excellent judgment cause the President to lean upon him for advice. Only should the Washington climate prove disturbing to Mrs. Stimson's health would the Secretary ask to be relieved of his portfolio. Mr. Forrestal's administrative ability, his wide grasp of naval affairs, the thoroughness of his cooperation with the Secretaries of State and War, and his close relations with Congress—Senator Walsh, chairman of the Naval Committee, this week spoke highly of his capacity—are fully recognized by the President, which means that he will remain in his office.

Retired with the good wishes of the President were the Attorney General, Mr. Biddle, the Secretary of Agriculture, Mr. Wickard, and the Secretary of Labor, Miss Perkins. As their successors, the President appointed Assistant Attorney General Tom C. Clark, Congressman C. P. Anderson, and Judge (formerly Senator) Lewis B. Swollenbach, respectively. Recently, the President appointed Mr. Robert P. Hannegan as Postmaster General. Mr. Clark has inherited the Montgomery-Ward seizure, ordered by Mr. Biddle, but it is expected he will not free that firm from military control until the Courts have acted. He has devoted himself especially to anti-trust and war frauds prosecutions. Mr. Anderson is a dirt farmer in New Mexico and Insurance executive, was a newspaper reporter and has served in the 77th and 78th Congresses. His reports as chairman of the House committee which investigated the food situation, were sharply critical and rich in proposals for reform. As the President obtained the resignation of Judge Jones as Food Administrator, the agency he has been running will be placed under Mr. Anderson. Judge Swollenbach, who was a private of Infantry in World War I, served in the Senate from Washington from 1935 to 1940 when he was appointed to the Bench. He has been prominently identified with New Deal labor legislation and policies.

It is of special interest that in making the appointments, the President gave long desired representation to the south and southwest—Hannegan comes from Missouri—Clark from Texas and Anderson from New Mexico—and to the Pacific Slope—Swollenbach hails from Washington.

Asked if Mr. Stettinius and Mr. Morgenthau would retire as Secretaries of State and Treasury, Mr. Truman replied in the negative. However, he has the resignation of all members of the Cabinet in his hand and can hold or accept them as he sees fit.

BUY WAR BONDS

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Archer, D. F.	1982	Journal of Neurophysiology	47	1000-1010
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Archer, D. F.	1985	Journal of Neurophysiology	50	1000-1010
Archer, D. F.	1986	Journal of Neurophysiology	51	1000-1010
Archer, D. F.	1987	Journal of Neurophysiology	52	1000-1010
Archer, D. F.	1988	Journal of Neurophysiology	53	1000-1010
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Archer, D. F.	1993	Journal of Neurophysiology	58	1000-1010
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Archer, D. F.	2002	Journal of Neurophysiology	67	1000-1010
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Archer, D. F.	2005	Journal of Neurophysiology	70	1000-1010
Archer, D. F.	2006	Journal of Neurophysiology	71	1000-1010
Archer, D. F.	2007	Journal of Neurophysiology	72	1000-1010
Archer, D. F.	2008	Journal of Neurophysiology	73	1000-1010
Archer, D. F.	2009	Journal of Neurophysiology	74	1000-1010
Archer, D. F.	2010	Journal of Neurophysiology	75	1000-1010
Archer, D. F.	2011	Journal of Neurophysiology	76	1000-1010
Archer, D. F.	2012	Journal of Neurophysiology	77	1000-1010
Archer, D. F.	2013	Journal of Neurophysiology	78	1000-1010
Archer, D. F.	2014	Journal of Neurophysiology	79	1000-1010
Archer, D. F.	2015	Journal of Neurophysiology	80	1000-1010
Archer, D. F.	2016	Journal of Neurophysiology	81	1000-1010
Archer, D. F.	2017	Journal of Neurophysiology	82	1000-1010
Archer, D. F.	2018	Journal of Neurophysiology	83	1000-1010
Archer, D. F.	2019	Journal of Neurophysiology	84	1000-1010
Archer, D. F.	2020	Journal of Neurophysiology	85	1000-1010
Archer, D. F.	2021	Journal of Neurophysiology	86	1000-1010
Archer, D. F.	2022	Journal of Neurophysiology	87	1000-1010
Archer, D. F.	2023	Journal of Neurophysiology	88	1000-1010
Archer, D. F.	2024	Journal of Neurophysiology	89	1000-1010
Archer, D. F.	2025	Journal of Neurophysiology	90	1000-1010

Service Sons at USMA

Of the 853 cadets to be graduated from the U. S. Military Academy 5 June, 218 are sons of Service parents.

The complete list of the graduating class was printed on pages 1170 and 1171 of last week's issue of the ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL. Those whose parents are in the Services are as follows:

Spragins, Charles E., son of Maj. Gen. and Mrs. R. L. Spragins.
Root, Walter H. and James T., sons of Col. W. H. Root.
Ayers, Leslie S., son of Col. and Mrs. Russell Gordon Ayers.
Rhett, John T., Jr., son of Col. and Mrs. John T. Rhett.
Truby, John O., son of Gen. and Mrs. A. E. Truby.
Fye, Robert W., son of Col. and Mrs. John H. Fye.
Dailey, Bernard C., Jr., son of Lt. Col. and Mrs. Bernard C. Dailey.
Martin, Louis L., son of Lt. Col. T. C. Martin.
Moore, Kenneth M., Jr., son of Col. and Mrs. Kenneth M. Moore.
Scott, Loxley R., son of Maj. and Mrs. Richard C. Scott.
Gilland, James W., son of Brig. Gen. and Mrs. M. W. Gilland.
Ferguson, John M., son of Col. and Mrs. John M. Ferguson.
Holdridge, John H., son of Brig. Gen. and Mrs. H. C. Holdridge.
Coldren, Ira B., Jr., son of Lt. Col. and Mrs. I. B. Coldren.
McFadden, Raymond I., son of Col. Wm. C. McFadden.
Nerdahl, Carl B., son of Lt. and Mrs. Carl J. Nerdahl, USN-Ret.
Brett, Devel, son of Lt. Gen. and Mrs. G. H. Brett.
Rinearsen, Abram V., son of Col. A. V. Rinearsen, Jr.
Burnell, Bates C., son of Col. and Mrs. Ray L. Burnell.
Daugherty, William A., son of Col. and Mrs. W. F. Daugherty, (Ret.)
Maris, Albert J., son of Brig. Gen. and Mrs. Ward H. Maris.
Rochford, Robert E., son of Lt. John J. Rochford, USN-Ret.
Morrison, Arthur Raymond, son of Lt. Col. and Mrs. Raymond Morrison.
Fite, Theodore M., son of Col. and Mrs. J. H. Fite.
Carhartt, Forrest A., son of Lt. Col. and Mrs. Forrest M. Carhartt.
Perry, William O., Jr., son of Lt. Col. and Mrs. Wm. O. Perry.
Guthrie, William R., son of Col. and Mrs. Paul R. Guthrie.
McCunniff, Thomas G., son of Brig. Gen. and Mrs. Dennis E. McCunniff.
Argo, Reamer W., son of Col. and Mrs. Reamer W. Argo.
Carter, Woodbury, son of Brig. Gen. William V. Carter.
Thompson, Robert I., son of Col. and Mrs. E. B. Thompson.
Starr, Robert I., son of Brig. Gen. R. E. Starr.
Clark, William Doran, son of Lt. Gen. and Mrs. M. W. Clark.
Christiansen, James G., son of Maj. Gen. and Mrs. James G. Christiansen.
Blesse, Frederick Corbin, son of Brig. Gen. Frederick Arthur Blesse.
Tansey, Robert F., son of Gen. and Mrs. Patrick H. Tansey.
Groves, Richard H., son of Maj. Gen. and Mrs. L. R. Groves.
Foster, Ivan L., son of Brig. Gen. and Mrs. Ivan L. Foster.
Boettcher, Louis H., son of Col. and Mrs. Henry J. Boettcher.
Eyster, George S., Jr., son of Brig. Gen. and Mrs. George S. Eyster.
Rattan, Donald V., son of Col. and Mrs. W. V. Rattan.
Kerr, Edwin B., son of Lt. Col. and Mrs. Edwin V. Kerr.
Lewis, Burton O., Jr., son of Brig. Gen. and Mrs. Burton O. Lewis.
Kochil, Fred, Jr., son of Capt. and Mrs. Fred Kochil.
Avery, Charles J., son of Col. and Mrs. Sam D. Avery.
Powers, John Joseph, Jr., son of Col. and Mrs. John J. Powers.
Larkin, Harrison, son of Maj. Gen. and Mrs. T. B. Larkin.
Keyes, Geoffrey B., son of Maj. Gen. Geoffrey Keyes.
Kelly, Henry E., son of Col. and Mrs. H. E. Kelly.
Horowitz, James A., son of Col. and Mrs. L. George Horowitz.
Drake, Thomas D., son of Col. and Mrs. Thomas D. Drake.
Willcox, Lyman S., son of Col. and Mrs. Robert W. Daniels.
Rehm, Donald H., son of Col. and Mrs. W. F. Rehm.
Webster, Robert M., Jr., son of Maj. Gen. and Mrs. Robert M. Webster.
Cox, Charles W., son of Col. and Mrs. Walton W. Cox.
Rankin, Fred W., son of Brig. Gen. and Mrs. F. W. Rankin.
Coffey, John W., son of Brig. Gen. and Mrs. (Please turn to Page 1195)

Jap Balloon Attack

Japanese free balloons, the War and Navy Departments announced 22 May, are known to have landed or dropped explosives in isolated sections of the United States during the past several months. It is reported that no property damage has resulted, the announcement being in the nature of a warning to civilians, especially children, against approaching any unfamiliar object. The warning included the area west of the Mississippi River.

The balloons are of gray, white or greenish-blue paper, about 33 feet in diameter and carry a few small bombs. It is believed that the main purpose of the bombs is to set brush and forest fires. The Departments state that the attacks are so scattered that they do not constitute a military threat.

Most of these facts have been known to many newspapers, but through their cooperation, details have been kept from the enemy. However, the War and Navy Departments feel that the possible saving of even one American life through precautionary measures offsets any military gain accruing to the enemy from the knowledge that some of the balloons have landed. Specific information as to the exact time, locality and effect of any specific incident or the number of balloons which land or are sighted should not be made public.

100th Medal of Honor

In a dramatic presentation ceremony, held before a joint meeting of Congress this week, President Truman awarded a T. Sgt. Jake W. Lindsey the Medal of Honor—the 100th award to be made during World War II to an Infantryman.

Coincidentally, the War Department reported that of these awards, 50 have been made posthumously. President Truman said, "It seems fitting that in this symbolic ceremony we should honor an Infantryman. There is little glamor in his service. He faces not only the enemy before him, but the cold and heat, the rain and snow, the dust and mud, which so often make his life miserable. These things he endures, and rises above them to such valorous deeds as those we celebrate today," the President declared.

Sergeant Lindsey was honored for an action near Hamich, Germany, during which he personally accounted for 20 enemy killed, an untold number wounded, and three captured, in addition to knocking out two machine guns and capturing two others.

In his presentation address, President Truman stated:

"This Medal is given for gallantry at the risk of life beyond the call of duty. No officer ordered Sergeant Lindsey to stand alone against a company of the enemy. No officer ordered him when wounded to engage eight Germans in hand-to-hand combat. Those decisions came from his own heart. They were a flash of the nobility which we like to think is a part of every American. They were the unselfish valor which can triumph over terrible odds. They were the very essence of victory."

"Since the beginning of this war, 223 Medals of Honor have been awarded to members of the armed forces. Of these, 162 have gone to the Army, 33 to the Navy, 27 to the Marine Corps and one to the Coast Guard. One hundred of the men so decorated have been Infantrymen, and of them 50 died in performing the acts for which they were honored."

"This is a proud and moving occasion for every American. It follows the complete victory of the Allied forces over a powerful enemy in Europe. It finds us striking devastating blows in the Pacific. We are preparing to strike them later in overwhelming force," the President continued.

"Before the battle against Japan is won, we shall have other men to honor — men whose deeds, like those we celebrate today, will have brought closer our inevitable victory."

"I hope that every man and woman in our Nation today will reverently thank God that we have produced such sons as these. With their high courage as inspiration, we cannot fail in the task we have set ourselves."

Return from India Theater

The first soldier to be returned to the United States under the War Department's Readjustment Plan left New Delhi for home less than three hours after movements under the plan were put into effect, Lt. Gen. Dan I. Sultan, India theater commander, disclosed in a radio report to troops of his command outlining provisions of the Army's discharge policy.

Losses in Pacific

The armed forces of the United States are killing 14 Japanese for every one of our men killed in Pacific amphibious operations, the Office of War Information stated 19 May in releasing casualty figures for the Army and Navy on specific campaigns against Japan.

The totals through 9 May for the United States show 33,429 killed in action; 125,447 wounded and 4,175 missing as contrasted with 498,697 Japanese killed, or taken prisoners. Almost all of these were killed, since the total of Japanese prisoners is only about 10,000.

Army casualties for these campaigns total 17,681 dead, 64,967 wounded, 1,262 missing. Total casualties for the Navy and Marines are 15,748 killed, 60,750 wounded, and 2,913 missing.

Totals for all major Pacific amphibious operations follow:

Americans	Japanese
Killed	Killed or taken prisoner
GUADALCANAL	
	U. S. Army
529	1,847
	U. S. Marines
1,053	2,620
	58
	ATTU
	U. S. Army
342	1,135
	58
NEW GEORGIA (Solomons)	
	U. S. Army
835	3,404
	25,000*
PAPUA (New Guinea, including Buna-Gona)	
	U. S. Army
687	2,186
	7,050
ABAWA	
	U. S. Army
118	352
	4
BOUGAINVILLE	
	U. S. Army
446	2,368
	12
GILBERT ISLANDS	
	U. S. Army—Makin
60	187
U. S. Navy and Marines—Tarawa	
988	2,087
	3
CAPE GLOUCESTER	
	U. S. Army
324	844
	2
NEW GUINEA	
	U. S. Army—Salder
40	111
	10
MARSHALL ISLANDS	
	U. S. Navy and Marines
390	1,240
	15
U. S. Army—Kwajalein	
177	1,037
	5,000*
ADMIRALTY ISLANDS	
	U. S. Army
237	1,032
	11
AITAPE	
	U. S. Army
507	1,989
	85
HOLLANDIA	
	U. S. Army
89	450
	17
WAKDE	
	U. S. Army
630	1,742
	41
BIAK	
	U. S. Army
530	2,570
	54
MARIANAS ISLANDS	
	U. S. Navy and Marines
4,453	20,273
	719
U. S. Army—Saipan	
941	2,696
	118
U. S. Army—Guam	
294	2,818
	297
NOEMFOOR	
	U. S. Army
74	521
	19
SANSAPOR	
	U. S. Army
13	29
	2
PALAU ISLANDS (Peleliu and Anguar)	
	U. S. Navy and Marines—Peleliu
1,108	4,974
	13,460**
U. S. Army—Anguar	
251	1,465
	13
MOROTAI	
	U. S. Army
26	110
	12
PHILIPPINE ISLANDS	
	U. S. Army
10,432	35,699
	507
IWO ISLAND	
	U. S. Navy and Marines
4,189	15,308
	21,200
* OKINAWA	
(U. S. Navy and Marines—including assisting operations against Ryukyus and Japanese home islands)	
3,468	14,248
	2,118
	37,235
33,429	125,447
	4,175
	498,697

* Estimated.

** Includes those killed or captured by Army also.

The above figures on Okinawa include total Japanese casualties to 9 May, but do not include Army losses in the totals for amphibious operations. Latest figures from Okinawa, as of 14 May for the Navy showed 900 killed, 2,746 wounded, and 1,075 missing. Army casualties, as of 17

Army and Navy Journal

May 26, 1945

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May, were 2,771 dead, 11,675 wounded, 129 missing.

Total Army casualties as reported through 31 March 1945 in the Pacific, including the 1941-42 action in the Philippines are given as 23,189 killed, 54,056 wounded and 18,549 missing, with 14,312 prisoners of war. Army figures on losses in the fighting in New Guinea and the islands to northward are for the U. S. exclusively, and do not include losses suffered by the Australians who participated in various of the campaigns.

The figures on Japanese dead do not include a great many thousands drowned or killed in ships or barges sunk or damaged by aerial and Navy action, or killed by bombing behind Japanese lines, or fatally wounded or diseased in the garrisons which have been cut off and isolated.

Naval Academy Awards

The Naval Academy announced this week award of special prizes and medals to the following named midshipmen:

To Donald G. Iselin, first class, a gold watch from the class of 1912 for highest standing in English; a fifty-dollar war bond from the Military Order of Foreign Wars for outstanding studies in mathematics; and the Colonial Daughters of the 17th Century prize, a "Life Membership in the U. S. Naval Institute", for excellence in history.

To Fernando Sisto, Jr., third class, the Maury Prize, a one-hundred-dollar war bond from the Daughters of the Confederacy for excellence in the study of physics.

To Harry N. Upthegrove, first class, the National Woman's Relief Corps Prize, a one-hundred-dollar war bond for being most proficient in "rules of the road."

To Arthur L. Child, II, third class; Donald F. B. Jameson, first class; and Howard N. Kay, fourth class, prizes from the Naval Order of the United States for demonstrating the broadest knowledge and most thorough understanding of current world history.

Other awards included:

The American Legion Prize—a one-hundred-dollar war bond to William R. Porter, third class, for naval history.

Regular Veterans Association Prize—a fifty-dollar war bond to Benjamin S. Martin, first class, designated as midshipman regimental commander in the final selection of regimental officers.

Honorable David I. Walsh, U. S. Senate Prize—seventy-five dollars in war bonds to Frank S. Johnston, first class, who stands first for the course in military law.

United States Lines Prize—a one-hundred-dollar bond to Alberto Jimenez, of Lima, Peru, who stands highest for the course in the Department of Languages.

American Bureau of Shipping Prize—a hundred-dollar bond to Richard E. West, first class, who stands highest for the course in mechanical drawing and descriptive geometry in the Department of Marine Engineering.

The Secretary of the Navy's Carbine Trophy—awarded to Frederic R. Haselton, Jr., first class, who has demonstrated outstanding proficiency in the use of the service carbine.

Secretary of the Navy's Pistol Trophy—to Oscar L. Carey, first class, awarded by the Navy Department to the foremost pistol shot of the graduating class.

Also to Midshipman Jameson, the Trident Society Prize, a fifty-dollar war bond, for winning the public speaking contest.

The below-named midshipmen have been declared the winners of the Medals for General Excellence in Small Arms Target Practice which are presented by the Naval Academy to the midshipmen of the First Class who stand first, second and third, in excellence in small-arms target practice:

Recipient of first prize, consisting of a gold medal: Oscar Lee Carey, first class; second prize consisting of a silver medal: William T. Toutant, first class, and third prize, consisting of a bronze medal: Midshipman Robert H. Piehl, first class.

Did You Read—

these news stories last week:

Navy Department's letter asking Congress to protect quarters allowances of officers of all services who pay rent in government-owned housing projects?

Navy plans "point system" of releasing personnel?

Text of Secretary Forrestal's description of the Navy's task to Senate Appropriations Committee?

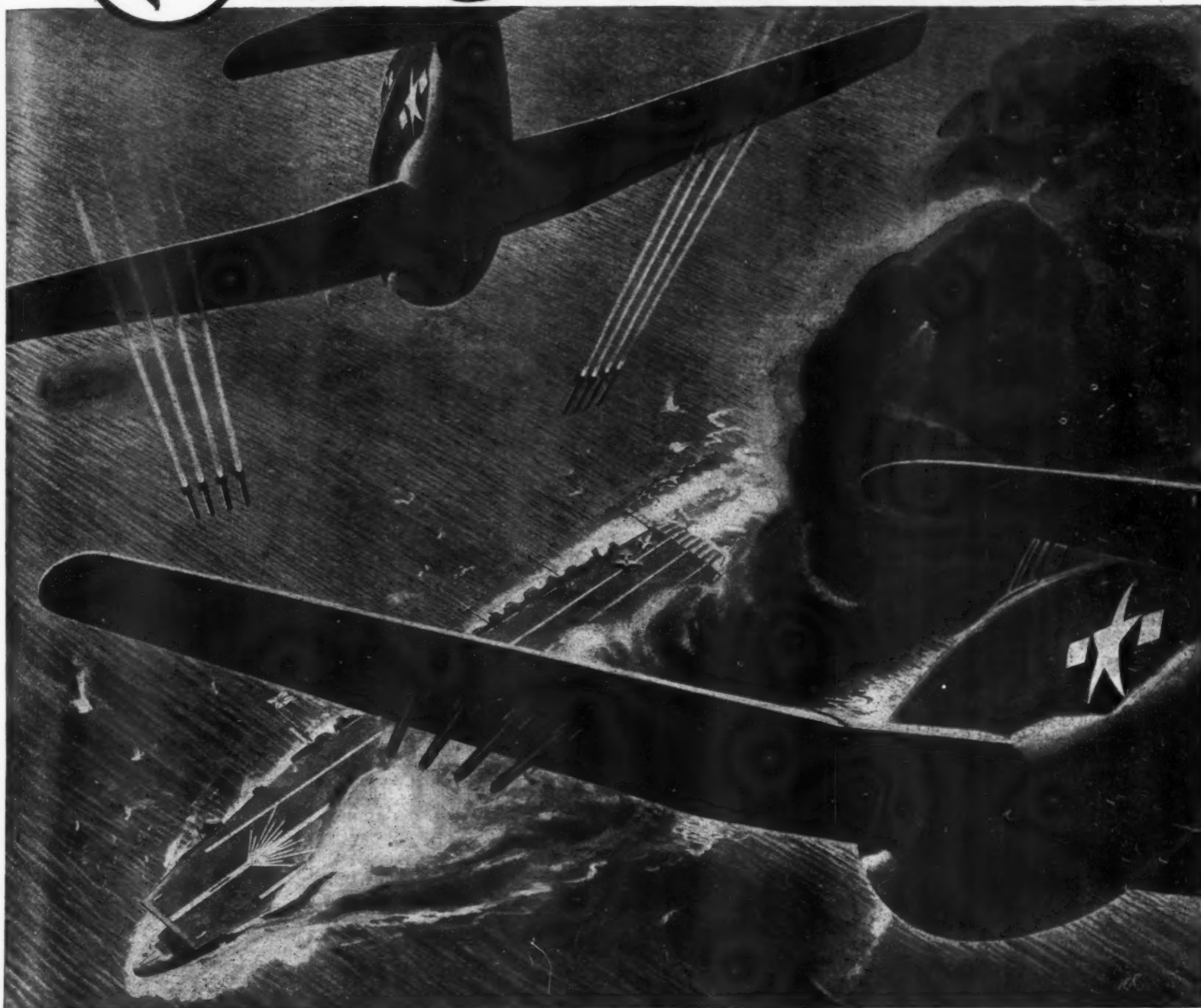
Promotions in Coast Guard?

General of the Army Eisenhower's letter to General of the Armies Pershing, and reply?

If not you did not read the ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL. You cannot obtain this data from many other source.



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Yes, hundreds of miles from its bases—afloat or

ashore—the Navy is seeking out the enemy with shattering new aerial firepower, thanks to the development of a weapon first used by the Chinese in 1232 . . . the assault rocket now in production by Pontiac.

"The soul of artillery without the body," is a description by authorities of the modern version of this historic weapon. Pontiac's assignment to produce it in large numbers came as an eagerly

accepted challenge . . . its importance underscored by rocket-caused destruction from embattled Europe to the South Pacific.

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Engine Parts for Army Trucks



155-mm. Shells for the Army



Assault Rockets

Marine Corps Assignments

The following changes affecting the status of Marine Corps personnel have been announced:

Maj. Gen. Joseph C. Fegan, from Department of the Pacific, San Francisco, Calif., to San Diego Area.
Brig. Gen. John T. Walker, from Headquarters to overseas.
Col. Deane C. Roberts, from overseas to Cherry Point, N. C.
Col. Pierson E. Conrad, from Cherry Point, N. C., to overseas.
Col. William B. Croke, from Camp Pendleton to San Diego Area.
Col. Alfred R. Peley, from Naval Hospital, Oakland, Calif., to Camp Lejeune, N. C.
Col. Max D. Smith, from San Diego Area to San Francisco, Calif.
Col. Hartnoll J. Withers, from overseas to San Diego Area.
Lt. Col. Marlowe C. Williams' previous orders to San Diego Area modified; to Quantico, Va.
Lt. Col. Marvin H. Floom's previous orders to Camp Lejeune, N. C., modified; to Headquarters.
Lt. Col. Levi W. Smith, Jr., from Headquarters to San Diego Area.
Lt. Col. Lyman D. Spurlock, from Quantico, Va., to overseas.
Lt. Col. Eric W. Wood, from Washington, D. C., to be relieved from active duty.
Lt. Col. Howard B. Bengt, from Headquarters to temporary duty at Quantico, Va.
Lt. Col. Raymond F. Crist, Jr.'s previous orders to San Diego Area modified; to Camp Lejeune, N. C.
Lt. Col. Ralph L. Houser's previous orders to San Diego Area modified; to Camp Lejeune, N. C.

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U. S. NAVY & MARINE CORPS

Navy Adds 100,000th Unit

Vice Admiral E. L. Cochrane, USN, Chief of the Bureau of Ships, reported this week addition of the 100,000th unit to the United States Navy since Pearl Harbor, representing a new construction program of approximately 8 million tons at a cost of more than 17 billion dollars.

The announcement said that at Pearl Harbor the Navy had on hand 7,695 vessels and craft of all kinds, comprising 2,680,000 tons.

Subsequently, 1150 combatant ships of the line have been completed, with landships and craft representing \$2,266 of the grand total. Five hundred and fifty-seven auxiliaries have been completed, with the balance of the 100,000 figure dedicated to patrol craft, mine and district craft, and small boats.

According to Vice Admiral Cochrane, the total for 1945 is not expected to fall far below the 1944 figures but thereafter the Naval shipbuilding program will drop off sharply. In addition to new construction, however, fleet maintenance activities will continue to increase steadily. Since Pearl Harbor the fleet maintenance workload has grown 24 times over.

Navy Film Wins Award

"To Live in Darkness," a Navy educational film on safety, has been chosen by the National Safety Council as the best non-theatrical or educational motion picture produced in 1944 in the field of occupational safety. Capt. C. M. Simmers, USN-Ret., head of the Safety Branch of the Division of Shore Establishments and Civilian Personnel, was notified of the award in a letter from Sidney J. Williams, General Manager of the National Safety Council.

The picture was produced by the Training Film and Motion Picture Branch, Photographic Division, Bureau of Aeronautics, and is being used in Naval Shore establishments to impress upon Navy civilian employees the value of safety. Accident frequency rates for Navy shipyards are at an all-time low of 12.50, compared with an average of 23.7 for private shipyards.

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The USS Franklin

Lt. Comdr. Joseph Timothy O'Callahan, heroic Chaplain of the USS Franklin, a guest of Secretary Forrestal at the latter's press conference this week, told newsmen that he wanted to emphasize particularly that no men were killed or injured as the result of the decision of Capt. Leslie E. Gehres, USN, to stick with the stricken aircraft carrier.

Chaplain O'Callahan also told reporters that Lt. Grimes Gatlin, the Methodist chaplain on the Franklin, although not mentioned in original dispatches, performed excellent work during the trying hours aboard ship and should be given credit for a "good job." Chaplain O'Callahan is now engaged in writing letters to the next of kin of the men lost aboard the vessel.

Monday in New York, Captain Gehres, and 96 officers and men of the Franklin, were decorated for their parts in the heroic operation. Captain Gehres, who prior to taking command of the Franklin had served for more than a year as Commander of Fleet Air Wing Four with the temporary rank of Commodore, was presented with the Navy Cross. Chaplain O'Callahan and Lt. Donald A. Gary, USN, it is understood, have been recommended for the Congressional Medal of Honor. Others decorated Monday were:

Gold Star in Lieu of Third Navy Cross—Comdr. Joe Taylor.

Navy Cross—Comdr. Henry H. Hale, Comdr. Stephen Jurika, Comdr. F. S. Smith, Lt. Comdr. Thomas J. Greene, Lt. Comdr. William R. McKinney, Lt. Comdr. Walter H. Kremer, Lt. Comdr. Robert B. Downes, Lt. Comdr. George L. P. Stone, Lt. William S. Ellis, Gunner Thomas M. Stoops.

Silver Star—Lt. Comdr. David Berger, Lt. Grimes W. Gatlin, Lt. Earnest B. Rodgers, Lt. (jg) Ernest A. Swanson, Lt. (jg) Joseph B. Tiara, Lt. (jg) Bill J. White, Lt. (jg) Stanley S. Graham, Lt. (jg) Edward H. R. Wassman, Ens. Robert D. McCrary, Mach. Walter E. Macomber, Mach. William E. Green, QM3c Holbrook R. Davis, S1c Norman C. Mayer, EM3c William H. Hamel, SF1c Charles E. Miller, CRT Harold S. Stone.

Gold Star in Lieu of Second Bronze Star—Lt. Melvin M. Tappen, Lt. (jg) Robert M. Thayer, Ch. Elec. Elmer C. Phillips, Ch. Carp. Lewis R. Eddins.

Bronze Star—Lt. Comdr. John D. Whitaker, Lt. Comdr. DeVon M. Hizer, Lt. Comdr. James W. West, Jr., Maj. Herbert T. Elliott, Jr., Lt. Charles G. Durr, Lt. Clyde H. Fellows, Jr., Lt. Elmer L. Fox, Lt. James A.

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Approve Naval Appropriations

Both the Senate and the House on 21 May approved the report of the Conference on the Naval Appropriation bill for the fiscal year 1946. As reported out of conference the bill provides a total of \$23,601,136,064 for the Navy.

The conference report rejected the Senate's increase in miscellaneous expenses, but accepted the increase for the Naval War College. The proposed increases for the Naval Training Stations at San Diego, Great Lakes, and Lake Seneca were rejected, accepting the House provision which would discontinue the training station at Lake Seneca, N. Y., on 1 Oct. 1945. However, the increase for the Newport, R. I., station was accepted. The increase expenditures for the Bureau of Ordnance was accepted.

The Senate proposal authorizing a field house for the U. S. Naval Academy at a cost of \$1,500,000 was approved by the conferees.

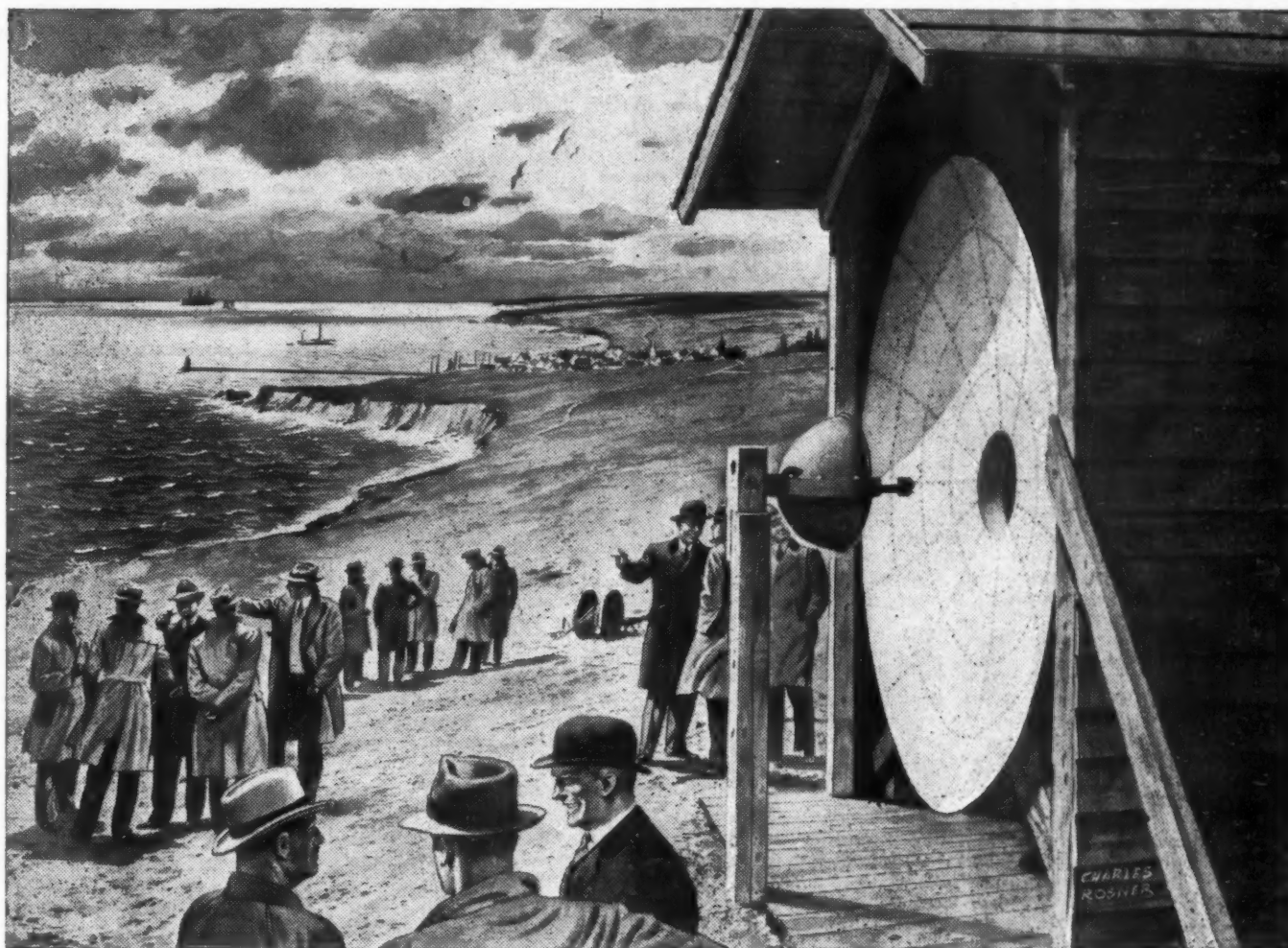
The House provision limiting the Navy Department, exclusive of the Marine Corps and Coast Guard, to a total of 17,000 civilian employees in Washington, also was approved.

Navy Rushes Carriers

Although the U. S. Navy boasts the greatest aircraft carrier fleet in the world, Navy officials this week called on shipbuilders throughout the nation to redouble their efforts in the construction of more aircraft carriers, some of which are behind schedule due to manpower shortages.

To insure success of future operations in the Pacific, our carrier fleet must be increased, and soon, in the opinion of Navy strategists. At present the Navy has 26 carriers and 65 escort carriers.

Largest of the new carriers under construction are the USS Midway, USS Coral Sea and the USS Franklin D. Roosevelt, of the 45,000-ton class. Others being built include the USS Boxer, USS Crown Point, USS Kearsage, USS Oriskany, USS Princeton, USS Lake Champlain, USS Tarawa, USS Valley Forge and the USS Philippine Sea.



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Today, the results of IT&T's initial contribution to Microwave are seen in radio

location and in intricate sky-control systems manufactured by IT&T's associate, Federal Telephone and Radio Corporation. *Today*, atop the IT&T building, are the terminals of an experimental "loop" of Microwave repeater stations—25 miles apart. Plans call for an experimental artery between New York and Washington, and for airplane communication, navigation and traffic control.

Naturally, many variations of such experimental systems have grown out of the original IT&T Microwave. Naturally, many men now foresee the vast possibilities . . .

But of one thing you can be sure. *Tomorrow* . . . when television, in all its color-splendor, springs to life in your living room . . . when innumerable telephone messages are beamed from point to point, without interference, *and without wires* . . . or when congested skyways can be controlled as easily as crowded roads . . . all this will stem back to that pioneering experiment by IT&T scientists.

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Advertising Rates on Request
Member of the Audit Bureau of Circulation
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Published Every Saturday by the

Army and Navy Journal, Inc.

1701 Connecticut Avenue Northwest
Washington 9, D. C.

Representatives:

Ernest W. Mandeville
Room 1307, 32 Broadway, New York City
Whitehall 4-7245
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SATURDAY, MAY 26, 1945

"What greater catastrophe than to have our front line forces stalled and trapped thousands of miles from home because of the lack of vital equipment."—RALPH A. BARD.

OUR PRIORITY LIST

1. Victory.
2. Assurance now that personnel and equipment for our land, sea, and air forces will be maintained after the present war at such strength as the responsible heads of those Services determine necessary to assure this nation against future aggressors.
3. Protection of Service personnel, active and retired, against undue reductions in their pay through imposition of the Victory tax and income taxes.
4. Institution of studies looking toward the protection and development of just post-war systems of promotion for personnel of the permanent establishments.
5. Strengthening of the post-war status of the National Guard and Reserves to assure their efficiency and permanency with continuance of full training facilities after the war.
6. Upward revision of pension scales to assure Service widows a living income.
7. Compensation for Service personnel who use privately owned automobiles on government business.

THE devotion of Chaplains to the high responsibilities of their missions with the Armed Forces again has been demonstrated by the valor displayed by one of their number—Chaplain (Lt. Comdr.) Joseph Timothy O'Callahan, of the unsinkable Franklin, affectionately known by the crew as Rabbi Tim. Disregarding personal peril in a holocaust of exploding bombs and gasoline, this representative of the Cloth in the Services gallantly aided in the rescue of officers and men and ministered to the spiritual needs of the wounded and dying; and that equally unafraid disciple of Lawrence, Commander of the Ship, Capt. Leslie E. Gehres, recommended him deservedly for the Congressional Medal of Honor. There have been other Chaplains who with no thought of self, have displayed like heroism, and sometimes they have not received the recognition their deeds justified, because of the absence of the testimony required by the regulations. Indeed, as the reports of commanding officers reveal, these Corps of the Army and Navy have proved towers of strength in our armed effort. Built upon the small numbers called for by our pre-war strength, they have increased in proper proportion with the huge Armies and Navy now operating. In their development, they were fortunate to have as their Chiefs such broadminded clerics, such able organizers, as Chaplain (Maj. Gen.) William R. Arnold of the Army, and Chaplain (Rear Admiral) Robert D. Workman of the Navy. With wise forethought when they visioned the war as coming, these officers prepared for the anticipated expansion in order to promote the morale of the millions of officers and men, and to provide for their spiritual needs. Cooperating with the Church organizations, they brought into their ranks the highest type of leaders of all Faiths, and into all of the recruits were instilled their responsibility for the spiritual and moral welfare of the men who became their congregations. In all theatres, whether Catholic Priest, Protestant Minister or Jewish Rabbi, these officers demonstrated that they regarded only one Faith, that of God, and whatever the religion of the soldier it was His comfort which they gave to him. On the ground, in the air, aboard ship, the Chaplain was present—he continues to be present—and with fearless courage he looked after his Flock, gave them solace and inspired them to win to victory. There is not one of these men who has not halled with satisfaction the unique recognition given to Chaplain Arnold by State and Church, by the former in his promotion to the rank of Major General and his assignment as Inspector General of Chaplains, and by Pope Pius XII in naming him Bishop of Phocaea because of the service to humanity which this faithful son of the Roman Catholic Church had rendered. Equally, there is not a Chaplain or a man who has not halled with satisfaction the fact that Chaplain Workman, a Presbyterian, has become a Rear Admiral, the first, he it noted, to attain this high rank; and his Church is planning to do him honor. With sons such as these on guard with our men, the country cannot but be safe, and our people at home can have the comfort of knowing that the servants of God are spreading His Word amongst them.

ACTION of the Navy Department in seeking to clarify the situation of officers of all the uniformed services, the Army, Navy, Marine Corps, Coast Guard, Coast and Geodetic Survey and Public Health Service who occupy quarters built and owned by the Government under Federally sponsored housing projects should meet with the prompt approval of Congress. In many communities there is no privately owned housing available for officers of the Armed Forces and they must, of necessity, seek rented quarters in Government owned projects. For such occupancy they are required to pay rent. Yet decisions of the Comptroller General have held that such quarters are Government quarters within the law and certain officers occupying them are not entitled to draw their usual quarters' allowances. Of course, what legislators intended was that officers who occupy the normally furnished quarters on army and navy posts would not be entitled to draw rental allowances, while officers for whom such service quarters are not available would be given allowances to reimburse them for the rent they must pay for other housing. The pay of officers has been adjusted to cover a situation whereby his housing is furnished to him by the Government. When the Government is unable to supply him with quarters of the usual standard the allowance is paid so that he may go elsewhere and rent suitable housing for himself and his family. Yet, today, there are many who are forced to accept the Government rented quarters, pay rent, and still be deprived of their rental allowances. This situation has arisen as the result of the confusion of war and the necessity of the Government to enter the housing business in order to care for the shift in population brought about by war industries. Yet there is no reason that service men and their families should suffer both the loss of adequate living accommodations and the double loss of paying rent without drawing rental allowances. Now that the Navy Department has put the problem squarely up to Congress, there is little doubt but that the legislators will approve corrective legislation.

Service Humor

Pointed Query

Stamford, Conn.—Point-puzzled Americans have given the Office of Price Administration many a headache since rationing began. But a clerk at the Stamford office handled an all-time record-breaker.

Answering the telephone, he heard a voice inquire anxiously:

"My son is in the Southwest Pacific and he writes me he hasn't got enough points to come home. Could you give me a few spares to send to him?"

The clerk wearily pointed out she didn't have the kind of points the Army gives soldiers getting a discharge, and the woman hung up with a disappointed, "Oh."

—New York Times.

Killing Treatment

Add apt headlines—a Maine newspaper recently had this one: "Germans Get Dose Of Patton Medicine."

—Command Post.

War Daze

"Now, really, Pvt. Widebottom, in civilian life would you come to me with a trivial complaint like this?"

"No, captain, I'd send for you."

—Jungle Mudder.

A G.I.'s Dream

Down the path sauntered a tall GI with two Japs in tow. "Hey, Lieutenant, what'll I do with these prisoners?"

"Lissen," hissed the looney, "don't you know these woods are lousy with Jap snipers just laying for officers? Call me a Joe, call me anything, but don't call me Lieutenant."

"Okay, stupid, what'll I do with these prisoners?"

—Jungle Mudder.

Jib Talk

Sailor to pretty girl: "Your rigging is all right. How are you manned?"

—Armored Force News.

Position's Everything

Writes a Joe from the South Pacific: "If I should sound blue, it isn't that I got up on the wrong side of the bed. It's because I got up on the wrong side of the world."

—Armored Force News.

Boring Humor

"Yes, I know he's thin," said the lieutenant, looking at the newest crop of draftees. "Tell you what, Sergeant. Let him clean the rifles."

"Okay," said the sergeant, "but who's gonna pull him through?"

—Sourdough Sentinel.

Simple Explanation

"What are those people who are cheering?" asked the little boy of his father, who had taken him to the railroad station to see the soldiers off.

"Those, my son," replied the father, "are the people who are not going."

—Ft. Warren Sentinel.

Jungle Jargon

A soldier was relating his jungle experiences:

"Ammunition, food and whisky had run out, we were all parched with thirst."

"Wasn't there any water?"

"Sure, but who wanted to wash?"

—Armored News.

ASK THE JOURNAL

Please send return postage for direct reply.

H.J.L.—From the facts you have given us, we would state that the provisions of the Retirement Act do not apply in your case. A Regular Army officer may be retired under various acts of Congress. A Reserve, National Guard, or A.U.S. officer for physical disability. There have been several bills proposed in Congress that would extend retirement benefits to those officers who have reached certain ages and have had specified years of active service and a minimum amount of Reserve service. Such bills have failed of enactment to date.

M.J.G.—Eligibility requirements for OCS can be found in AR 625-5. Note Change No. 2 after 12 September 1944. The AGF are operating the following OCS: Infantry, field artillery, armored, mechanized cavalry; tank destroyer. The ASF: Corps of Engineers; ordnance department, signal corps, CWS, finance department, MP, JAG, QM, TC, MAC. The AAF: OCS for administrative officers. The ASTP has not been reopened.

A.J.—A retired soldier would not lose his retired pay by taking a government job. He might come under the provisions of the act which prohibits a person receiving retired pay from accepting a position paying more than \$2,500. A definite decision in your case can be given by the agency which employs you.

In The Journal

One Year Ago

Major damage to railway yards at Blainville, Mulhouse, Belfort, Metz and Charleroi in France, and considerable damage to yards at Liege and Brussels in Belgium were indicated by photographs made during and after attacks by 8th Air Force heavy bombers.

10 Years Ago

Fort Du Pont news: On April 9th, Colonel and Mrs. Grant entertained the officers' bowling team at dinner, the guests being Chaplain and Mrs. Westcott, Maj. and Mrs. Nortner, Capt. and Mrs. Fairbanks, Lt. and Mrs. Krueger, Lt. and Mrs. Lothrop, Lt. Ruestow, and the Misses Grant.

25 Years Ago

The ceremonies of graduation week will begin on Sunday, 30 May, by the preaching of the baccalaureate sermon by Chaplain B. R. Patrick, USN, of the Naval Academy. As Sunday is Decoration Day, Monday following will be observed, and on that day the memorial window to Admiral Farragut will be unveiled in the chapel. (Naval Academy news.)

50 Years Ago

The engagement is announced of Miss Katharine Hamilton Chapman of Troy Road, Albany, N. Y., to Lt. P. E. Traub, 1st Cav., at present on duty at the U. S. Military Academy. The wedding will take place sometime in the autumn.

80 Years Ago

The Army has made a triumphal entry into that capital whence it set forth to conquer the South. Feted, cheered, caressed, the object of admiration without a spark of envy, and of gratitude which can know no stint, it has gone back to tent and bivouac, after its first and last grand parade, to await final discharge.

WAR DEPT. & ARMY

Secretary of War—Henry L. Stimson.
Under Secretary of War—Robert P. Patterson.
Assistant Secretary of War—John J. McCloy.
Assistant Secretary of War, Air—Robert A. Lovett.
Chief of Staff—General of the Army George C. Marshall.
Deputy Chief of Staff—General Thomas T. Handy.
Commanding General, Army Air Forces—General of the Army Henry H. Arnold.
Deputy Commander AAF, and Chief of Air Staff—Lt. Gen. Ira C. Eaker.
Commanding General, Army Ground Forces—Gen. Joseph W. Stilwell.
Commanding General, Army Service Forces—Gen. Brehon Somervell.
Deputy Commanding General and Chief of Staff, ASF—Maj. Gen. Leroy Lutes.

THEATER COMMANDERS

Commander, Army Forces, Pacific—General of the Army Douglas MacArthur.
European—General of the Army Dwight D. Eisenhower.
Deputy Commander, U. S. Forces—Lt. Gen. Ben Lear.
Pacific Ocean Areas—Lt. Gen. R. C. Richardson, Jr.
China—Lt. Gen. Albert C. Wedemeyer.
Burma-India—Lt. Gen. Daniel I. Sultan.
Mediterranean—General Joseph T. McNarney (Deputy Allied Commander).
Africa-Middle East—Maj. Gen. Benjamin F. Olles.

AREA COMMANDERS

Island Commander, Okinawa—Maj. Gen. Fred C. Wallace.
Bermuda Base Command—Brig. Gen. Alden G. Strong.
South Pacific Base Command—Maj. Gen. Frederick Gillen.
Trinidad Base Command—Brig. Gen. Oliver B. Bucher.
Caribbean Defense Command and Panama Canal Dept.—Lt. Gen. George H. Brett.
Newfoundland Base Command—Brig. Gen. S. M. Connell.
Antilles Department—Maj. Gen. E. F. Harding.
Eastern Defense Command—Lt. Gen. George W. Gruent.
Western Defense Command—Maj. Gen. Harry C. Pratt.
Army Forces, Iceland—Brig. Gen. Early R. W. Duncan.
Persian Gulf Command—Brig. Gen. Donald P. Booth.
Alaskan Department—Lt. Gen. Delos C. Emmons.
Central Pacific Base Command—Maj. Gen. H. T. Burgin.
Iceland Base Command—Brig. Gen. Martinus Stensteth.

EUROPEAN THEATER

Army Group Commanders

6th Army Group—General Jacob L. Devers.
12th Army Group—General Omar N. Bradley.
Army Commanders
First Army, (12th AGp.)—General Courtney H. Hodges.
Third Army, (12th AGp.)—General George S. Patton, Jr.
Seventh Army, (6th AGp.)—Lt. Gen. Alexander M. Patch, Jr.
Ninth Army, (12th AGp.)—Lt. Gen. William H. Simpson.
Fifteenth Army, (12th AGp.)—Lt. Gen. Leonard T. Gerow.
First Allied Airborne—Lt. Gen. Lewis H. Brereton.

Corps Commanders

III Corps (First Army)—Maj. Gen. James A. Van Fleet.
V Corps (First Army)—Maj. Gen. Clarence R. Huebner.
VI Corps (Seventh Army)—Maj. Gen. Edward H. Brooks.
VII Corps (First Army)—Lt. Gen. Joseph L. Collins.
VIII Corps (Third Army)—Maj. Gen. Troy H. Middleton.
XII Corps (Third Army)—
XIII Corps (Ninth Army)—Maj. Gen. Alvan C. Gillem, Jr.
XV Corps (Seventh Army)—Lt. Gen. Wade H. Haislip.
XVI Corps (Ninth Army)—Maj. Gen. John B. Anderson.
XVIII Airborne Corps (First Army)—Maj. Gen. Matthew B. Ridgeway.
XIX Corps (Ninth Army)—Maj. Gen. Raymond S. McLain.
XX Corps (Third Army)—Lt. Gen. Walton Walker.
XXI Corps (Seventh Army)—Maj. Gen. Frank W. Milburn.
XXII Corps (Fifteenth Army)—Maj. Gen. Ernest N. Harmon.
XXIII Corps (Fifteenth Army)—Maj. Gen. Hugh J. Gaffey.

OFFICIAL ORDERS

(Publication suspended for duration of War)

Division Commanders

1st Inf. (First Army)—Brig. Gen. Clift Andrews.
2nd Inf. (First Army)—Maj. Gen. Walter M. Robertson.
2nd Armored (Ninth Army)—Maj. Gen. Isaac D. White.
3rd Inf. (Seventh Army)—Maj. Gen. John W. O'Daniel.
3rd Armored (First Army)—Brig. Gen. Doyle O. Hickey.
4th Inf. (Third Army)—Maj. Gen. Harold W. Blakeley.
4th Armored (Third Army)—Maj. Gen. William M. Hoge.
5th Inf. (Third Army)—Brig. Gen. Leroy Irwin.
5th Armored (Ninth Army)—Maj. Gen. Lunsford E. Oliver.
6th Armored (Third Army)—Maj. Gen. Robert Grew.
7th Armored (First Army)—Maj. Gen. Robert W. Hasbrouck.
8th Inf. (First Army)—Maj. Gen. Bryant Moore.
8th Armored (Ninth Army)—Maj. Gen. John M. Devine.
9th Inf. (First Army)—Maj. Gen. Louis A. Craig.
9th Armored (Third Army)—Maj. Gen. John W. Leonard.
10th Armored (Seventh Army)—Maj. Gen. William H. Morris.
11th Armored (Third Army)—Maj. Gen. Holmes E. Dager.
12th Armored (Seventh Army)—Maj. Gen. Roderick R. Allen.
13th Armored (Third Army)—Maj. Gen. John B. Wogan.
14th Armored (Seventh Army)—Maj. Gen. Albert C. Smith.
16th Armored (Third Army)—Brig. Gen. John L. Pierce.
17th Airborne (Fifteenth Army)—Maj. Gen. William M. Miley.
20th Armored (Seventh Army)—
26th Inf. (Third Army)—Maj. Gen. Willard S. Paul.
28th Inf. (Fifteenth Army)—Maj. Gen. Norman D. Cota.
29th Inf. (Ninth Army)—Maj. Gen. Charles H. Gerhardt.
30th Inf. (Ninth Army)—Maj. Gen. Leland S. Hobbs.
35th Inf. (Ninth Army)—Maj. Gen. Paul W. Baad.
36th Inf. (Seventh Army)—Maj. Gen. John W. Dahlquist.
42nd Inf. (Seventh Army)—Maj. Gen. Harry J. Collins.
44th Inf. (Seventh Army)—Maj. Gen. William F. Dean.
45th Inf. (Seventh Army)—Maj. Gen. Robert T. Frederick.
63rd Inf. (Seventh Army)—Maj. Gen. Louis E. Hibbs.
65th Inf. (Third Army)—Maj. Gen. Stanley E. Reinhart.
66th Inf. (Fifteenth Army)—Maj. Gen. H. F. Kraemer.
69th Inf. (First Army)—Maj. Gen. E. F. Reinhardt.
70th Inf. (Seventh Army)—Maj. Gen. Allison J. Barnett.
71st Inf. (Seventh Army)—
75th Inf. (Ninth Army)—Maj. Gen. Ray E. Porter.
76th Inf. (Third Army)—Maj. Gen. W. R. Schmidt.
78th Inf. (First Army)—Maj. Gen. Edwin P. Parker.
79th Inf. (Ninth Army)—Maj. Gen. Ira Wycho.
80th Inf. (Third Army)—Maj. Gen. Horace L. McBride.
82nd Airborne (First Army)—Maj. Gen. James N. Gavin.
83rd Inf. (Ninth Army)—Maj. Gen. Robert Macon.
84th Inf. (Ninth Army)—Maj. Gen. Alexander M. Bolling.
86th Inf. (Third Army)—
87th Inf. (Third Army)—Maj. Gen. Frank L. Culin, Jr.
89th Inf. (Third Army)—
90th Inf. (Third Army)—Maj. Gen. Herbert L. Earnest.
94th Inf. (Fifteenth Army)—Maj. Gen. Harry J. Maloney.
95th Inf. (Ninth Army)—Maj. Gen. Harry Twaddle.

97th Inf. (Third Army)—
99th Inf. (First Army)—Maj. Gen. Walter Lauer.
100th Inf. (Seventh Army)—Maj. Gen. Withers A. Burress.
101st Airborne (Seventh Army)—Maj. Gen. Maxwell Taylor.
102nd Inf. (Ninth Army)—Maj. Gen. Frank A. Keating.
103rd Inf. (Seventh Army)—Maj. Gen. Anthony C. McAuliffe.
104th Inf. (First Army)—Maj. Gen. Terry de la M. Allen.
106th Inf. (First Army)—Maj. Gen. Donald A. Stroh.

MEDITERRANEAN THEATER

Army Group Commander

15th Army Group Gen. Mark W. Clark.
Army Commander
Fifth Army—Lt. Gen. Lucian Truscott, Jr.
Corps Commanders
II Corps (5th Army)—Lt. Gen. Geoffrey Keyes.
IV Corps (5th Army)—Maj. Gen. Willis D. Crittenger.

Division Commanders

1st Armored (Fifth Army)—Maj. Gen. Vernon E. Prichard.
10th Mountain (Fifth Army)—Maj. Gen. George P. Hays.
34th Inf. (Fifth Army)—Maj. Gen. Charles L. Bolte.
85th Inf. (Fifth Army)—Maj. Gen. John B. Coulter.
88th Inf. (Fifth Army)—Maj. Gen. Paul W. Kendall.
91st Inf. (Fifth Army)—Maj. Gen. William A. Livezey.
92nd Inf. (Fifth Army)—Maj. Gen. E. M. Almond.

SOUTHWEST PACIFIC AREA

Army Commanders

Sixth Army—General Walter Krueger.
Eighth Army—Lt. Gen. Robert L. Eichelberger.

Corps Commanders

I Corps (Sixth Army)—Maj. Gen. Innis P. Swift.
X Corps (Sixth Army)—Maj. Gen. Franklin C. Sibert.
XII Corps (Eighth Army)—Maj. Gen. Charles P. Hall.
XIV Corps (Sixth Army)—Lt. Gen. Oscar W. Griswold.
XXIV Corps (Sixth Army)—Maj. Gen. John R. Hodge.

(Please turn to Next Page)

NAVY DEPT. & FLEET

Secretary of the Navy—James V. Forrestal.
Under Secretary of the Navy—Ralph A. Bard.
Assistant Secretary of the Navy, Air—Artemus L. Gates.
Assistant Secretary of the Navy—H. Struve Jensen.
COMINCH, U. S. Fleet, and Chief of Naval Operations—Fleet Admiral Ernest J. King.
Vice Chief of Naval Operations—Admiral F. J. Horne.
Deputy COMINCH and Deputy CNO—Admiral Richard S. Edwards.
Chief of Staff to COMINCH—Vice Adm. C. M. Cooke, Jr.
Deputy Chief of Naval Operations (Air)—Vice Adm. Aubrey W. Fitch.
Chief of Naval Personnel—Vice Adm. Randall Jacobs.
Chief Bureau of Ordnance—Rear Adm. Geo. Hussey, Jr.
Chief, Bureau of Ships—Vice Adm. Edward L. Cochrane.
Chief, Bureau of Aeronautics—Rear Adm. Dewitt C. Ramsey.
Chief, Bureau of Yards and Docks—Vice Adm. Ben Moreell (C. E. C.).
Chief, Bureau of Supplies and Accounts, and Paymaster General—Rear Adm. W. J. Carter (S. C.).
Chief, Bureau of Medicine and Surgery, and Surgeon General—Vice Adm. Ross T. McIntire (M. C.).
Commandant of the Marine Corps—General Alexander A. Vandegrift, USMC.
Commandant, United States Coast Guard—Admiral Russell R. Waesche, USCG.

FLEET COMMANDERS

Commander Naval Forces, Pacific Theater, Also Pacific Fleet—Fleet Admiral Chester W. Nimitz.
Atlantic Fleet—Admiral Jonas Ingram.
Third Fleet—Admiral William F. Halsey, Jr.
Fourth Fleet also CINC, South Atlantic Forces—Vice Adm. William R. Monroe.
Fifth Fleet—Admiral Raymond A. Spruance.
Seventh Fleet, also Comdr., Southwest Forces—Admiral Thomas C. Kinkaid.
Eighth Fleet—Admiral Henry K. Hewitt.
Tenth Fleet—Fleet Adm. Ernest J. King.
Twelfth Fleet, also Comdr., U. S. Naval Forces, Europe—Admiral Harold R. Stark.
OTHER COMMANDERS
Commander, Western Sea Frontier—Admiral Royal E. Ingersoll.
Duty with Comdr. Naval Forces, Europe—Vice Adm. Robert L. Ghormley.
(Please turn to Next Page)



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Navy Department & Fleet (Continued from Preceding Page)

Comdr. North Pacific Force, North Pacific Area, and Alaskan Sea Frontier—Vice Adm. Frank J. Fletcher.
Deputy Cincpac and Pacific Ocean Areas—Vice Adm. John H. Towers.
Commander Forward Area, Central Pacific—Vice Adm. John H. Hoover.
Deputy Comdr. Naval Forces, European—Vice Adm. William A. Glassford.
Comdr. of Carrier Task Force, 3rd Fleet—Vice Adm. John S. McCain.
Comdr., Air Force, Pacific—Vice Adm. George D. Murray.
Comdr., Air Force, Atlantic—Vice Adm. P. N. L. Bellinger.
Comdr., Submarines, Pacific—Vice Adm. Charles A. Lockwood.
Comdr., South Pacific Force and Area—Vice Adm. W. L. Calhoun.
Comdr., Eastern Sea Frontier—Vice Adm. Herbert F. Leary.
Comdr., Philippine Sea Frontier—Vice Adm. James L. Kauffman.
Comdr. Hawaiian Sea Frontier and 14th Naval Dist.—Vice Adm. David W. Bagley.
Comdr. Battleship Squadron One, Pacific Fleet—Vice Adm. Willis A. Lee.
Comdr. Amphibious Forces, Pacific—Vice Adm. Richmond K. Turner.
Comdr. Task Force, Pacific—Vice Adm. Marc A. Mitscher.
Comdr. Caribbean Sea Frontier and Commandant of 10th Naval District—Vice Adm. Robert C. Giffen.
Comdr. of an Amphibious Force, Pacific—Vice Adm. Theodore S. Wilkinson.

Comdr. U. S. Naval Forces, France—Vice Adm. Alan G. Kirk.
Comdr. Battleship Squadron Two, Pacific—Vice Adm. Jesse R. Oldendorf.
Comdr. of an Amphibious Force, Pacific—Vice Adm. Daniel E. Barbey.
Comdr. Service Force, Pacific—Vice Adm. William W. Smith.
Comdr. Panama Sea Frontier—Rear Adm. H. F. Kingman.
Comdr. Gulf Sea Frontier and Commandant of 7th Naval District—Vice Adm. Walter S. Anderson.
Comdr. of a Battleship Division, Pacific—Rear Adm. John F. Shafroth, Jr.
Comdr. of an Amphibious Group, Pacific—Rear Adm. W. H. P. Blandy.
Comdr., of an Amphibious Group, Pacific—Rear Adm. Richard L. Conolly.
Comdr. of an Amphibious Group, Pacific Fleet—Rear Adm. Ralph O. Davis.
Comdr. of an Amphibious Group—Rear Adm. Arthur D. Struble.
Comdr. of a Cruiser Division, Pacific—Rear Adm. John L. McCrea.
Comdr. of an Amphibious Group, Pacific—Rear Adm. William F. Fechteler.
Comdr. of a Carrier Division Pacific—Rear Adm. Arthur W. Radford.
Comdr. of a Carrier Division—Rear Adm. Thomas L. Sprague.
Comdr. of a Carrier Division—Rear Adm. Joseph J. Clark.
Comdr. Fleet Operational Training Command—Rear Adm. Carleton F. Bryant.
Comdr. Fleet Operational Training Command, Pacific—Rear Adm. Francis C. Denebrink.
Comdr. of an Amphibious Group—Rear Adm. Jerauld Wright.
Comdr. of a Carrier Division—Rear Adm. Felix B. Stump.
Comdr. of a Carrier Division—Rear Adm. C.

A. F. Sprague.
Comdr. of a Carrier Division—Rear Adm. Ralph A. Ofstie.

DISTRICT COMMANDANTS

1st N. D.—Rear Adm. Felix X. Gygas.
3rd N. D.—Rear Adm. William R. Munroe.
4th N. D.—Rear Adm. Milo F. Dracmel.
5th N. D.—Rear Adm. David McD. LeBreton.
6th N. D.—Rear Adm. Jules James.
7th N. D.—Rear Adm. Walter S. Anderson.
8th N. D.—Rear Adm. A. C. Bennett.
9th N. D.—Rear Adm. Arthur S. Carpenter.
10th N. D.—Vice Adm. Robert C. Giffen.
11th N. D.—Rear Adm. Wilhelm Lee Friedell.
12th N. D.—Rear Adm. Carleton H. Wright.
13th N. D.—Rear Adm. R. M. Griffin.
14th N. D.—Vice Adm. David Worth Bagley.
15th N. D.—Rear Adm. Howard F. Kingman.
17th N. D.—Rear Adm. Ralph F. Wood.

MARINE CORPS COMMANDERS

Commanding General, Fleet Marine Force, Pacific—Lt. Gen. Holland M. Smith.
Deputy Comdr., Fleet Marine Force, Pacific—Maj. Gen. James L. Underhill.
Commanding General, Supply Section, FMF Pacific—Maj. Gen. Earl C. Long.
Commanding General, 3rd Amphibious Corps—Maj. Gen. Roy S. Geiger.
Commanding General, 5th Amphibious Corps—Maj. Gen. Harry Schmidt.
Commanding General, Aircraft, FMF, Pacific—Maj. Gen. James T. Moore.
Commanding General, Dept. of the Pacific—Maj. Gen. Julian Smith.
Guam Commandant—Maj. Gen. Henry Larsen.
1st Division—Maj. Gen. P. A. del Valle.
2nd Division—Maj. Gen. Thomas E. Watson.
3rd Division—Maj. Gen. Graves B. Erskine.
4th Division—Maj. Gen. Clifton B. Cates.
5th Division—Maj. Gen. Keller H. Rockey.
6th Division—Maj. Gen. Lemuel C. Shepherd.

War Department & Army (Continued from Preceding Page)

Division Commanders

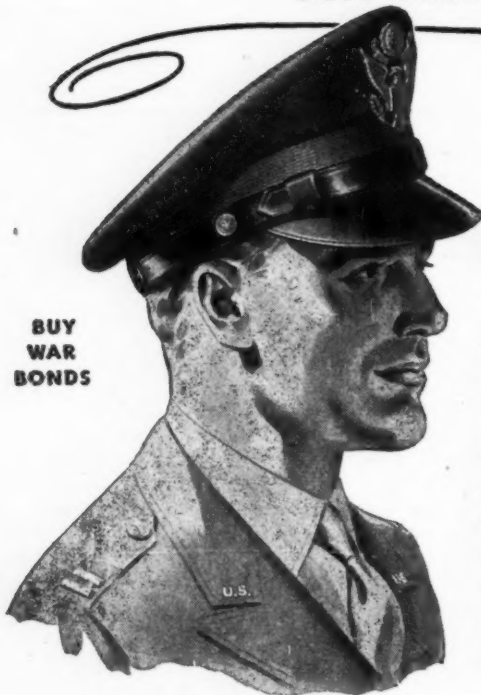
Americal (Eighth Army)—Maj. Gen. William H. Arnold.
1st Cav. (Sixth Army)—Maj. Gen. Vern D. Mudge.
6th Inf. (Sixth Army)—Maj. Gen. Charles E. Hurdis.
7th Inf. (Tenth Army)—Maj. Gen. Archibald V. Arnold.
11th Airborne (Eighth Army)—Maj. Gen. Joseph M. Swing.
24th Inf. (Eighth Army)—Maj. Gen. Roscoe B. Woodruff.
25th Inf. (Sixth Army)—Maj. Gen. Charles L. Mullins.
27th Inf. (Tenth Army)—Maj. Gen. George W. Griner.
31st Inf. (Eighth Army)—Maj. Gen. Clarence Martin.
32nd Inf. (Sixth Army)—Maj. Gen. William H. Gill.
33rd Inf. (Sixth Army)—Maj. Gen. Percy W. Clarkson.
37th Inf. (Sixth Army)—Maj. Gen. Robert S. Beightler.
38th Inf. (Sixth Army)—Maj. Gen. William M. Chase.
40th Inf. (Sixth Army)—Maj. Gen. Rapp Bruah.
41st Inf. (Eighth Army)—Maj. Gen. Jens A. Doe.
43rd Inf. (Sixth Army)—Maj. Gen. Leonard F. Wing.
77th Inf. (Tenth Army)—Maj. Gen. Andrew D. Bruce.
81st Inf.—Maj. Gen. Paul W. Mueller.
93rd Inf.—Maj. Gen. H. H. Johnson.
96th Inf. (Tenth Army)—Maj. Gen. James L. Bradley.

AIR FORCES

Army Air Forces, Pacific Ocean Areas—Lt. Gen. Barney M. Giles.
Allied Air Forces in SW Pacific Area—General George C. Kenney.
US Strategic Air Forces in Europe—General Carl A. Spaatz.
Eastern Air Command—Maj. Gen. George E. Stratemeyer.
Mediterranean Allied Air Forces—Lt. Gen. John K. Cannon.
Strategic Air Force, Pacific Ocean Area—Maj. Gen. Willis H. Hale.
First Tactical—Maj. Gen. Robert Webster.
First—Maj. Gen. Frank O'D. Hunter.
Second—Maj. Gen. R. B. Williams.
Third—Maj. Gen. Westside T. Larson.
Fourth—Brig. Gen. James E. Parker.
Fifth—Maj. Gen. Ennis C. Whitehead.
Sixth—Maj. Gen. William O. Butler.
Seventh—Brig. Gen. Robert W. Douglass, Jr.
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War Department & Army (Continued from Preceding Page)

Eighth—Maj. Gen. William E. Kepner.
Ninth—Lt. Gen. Hoyt S. Vandenberg.
Tenth—Maj. Gen. George E. Stratemeyer.
Commanding General, Eastern Air Command.
Eleventh—Maj. Gen. Davenport Johnson.
Twelfth—Maj. Gen. Benjamin W. Chidlaw.
Thirteenth—Maj. Gen. St. Claire Streett.
Fourteenth—Maj. Gen. Claire L. Chennault.
Fifteenth—Maj. Gen. Nathan F. Twining.
Sixteenth—Brig. Gen. O. P. Weyland, Tactical Air Command.
Seventeenth—General of the Army Henry H. Arnold; XX Bomber Command—Brig. Gen. Robert M. Ramey; XXI Bomber Command—Maj. Gen. Curtis E. LeMay; 113th Wing—Brig. Gen. John H. Davies.

SERVICE COMMANDS

First—Maj. Gen. Sherman Miles.
Second—Maj. Gen. Thomas A. Terry.
Third—Maj. Gen. Philip Hayes.
Fourth—Maj. Gen. Frederick E. Uhl.
Fifth—Maj. Gen. James L. Collins.
Sixth—Maj. Gen. Russell B. Reynolds.
Seventh—Maj. Gen. Clarence H. Danielson.
Eighth—Maj. Gen. Richard Donovan.
Ninth—Maj. Gen. William E. Shedd.

Army Casualties

Following are the officers included in lists of dead, wounded and missing issued this week by the Office of War Information.

In all these cases the next of kin have previously been notified and have been kept informed directly by the War Department of any change in status.

DEAD—EUROPEAN REGIONS

1st Lt. J. M. Mintzer	1st Lt. E. Sasson
1st Lt. A. A. Bachman	2nd Lt. D. R. Shuler
2nd Lt. F. R. Slight	1st Lt. E. V. Bennett
Lt. Col. D. W. Dawson	Capt. G. L. Leist
2nd Lt. A. E. Diener	1st Lt. J. F. Claussen
1st Lt. Joseph Pearl	2nd Lt. M. E. Chandler
2nd Lt. R. T. Riggins	1st Lt. V. R. McAlpin
2nd Lt. E. Siewowronski	2nd Lt. C. G. Johnson
2nd Lt. W. A. G. LePage	1st Lt. J. F. Seaton
2nd Lt. F. P. Lopez	1st Lt. R. D. Burchfiel
Capt. W. M. Frye, jr.	Capt. D. M. Moore
FO. R. H. Woolwine	1st Lt. J. T. Resler
WO. (jg) C. W. Misavage	1st Lt. J. D. Wheatley, jr.
2nd Lt. R. Raymond, jr.	1st Lt. W. A. Fletcher
2nd Lt. T. H. Esklund	1st Lt. W. D. Miller
1st Lt. B. F. Nelson	1st Lt. J. R. Barton
	1st Lt. R. E. White

2nd Lt. R. G. Wilson	Capt. G. T. McPherson
Maj. F. C. Sellars	2nd Lt. A. L. Milne
1st Lt. Ben Weinglass	1st Lt. J. Schneider
Capt. J. H. Legendre, jr.	2d Lt. G. K. Schwert-hoffer
2nd Lt. V. D. Brown, jr.	1st Lt. W. V. Scribner
2nd Lt. M. L. Powell	1st Lt. C. J. Dziak
2nd Lt. D. W. Morgan	1st Lt. J. L. Franco
1st Lt. C. J. O'Dea	1st Lt. E. J. Frank
FO. H. X. O'Donnell	1st Lt. G. Houston
FO. W. P. Robinson	2nd Lt. J. E. Roulin-free
2nd Lt. Joseph Perry	Capt. A. E. Halfpapp
2nd Lt. A. E. Sahlin, jr.	1st Lt. A. Evenga
1st Lt. E. Schapiro	1st Lt. W. R. Willis
2nd Lt. Ell Selikoff	2nd Lt. W. S. Hawley
2nd Lt. B. V. Rittelmeyer	2nd Lt. H. F. Krauss, jr.
Capt. L. E. Standish	2nd Lt. H. F. Billings
2nd Lt. A. D. Killoh, jr.	2nd Lt. Rubin Levy
Capt. J. F. McCarthy	1st Lt. H. J. Martin-son
2nd Lt. P. W. Stitt	Capt. M. P. Cobients
Capt. F. P. Stryker	1st Lt. L. E. Shrader
2d Lt. F. M. Reinhart	1st Lt. H. E. Las-kiewicz
2nd Lt. G. A. Ryder, jr.	1st Lt. W. F. Hamp-ton
2nd Lt. C. C. Seymour	Capt. R. E. Petrie
Capt. T. F. McKeown	Capt. J. J. Mulvany, jr.
Maj. J. P. Boucher	2nd Lt. D. B. Ward
2nd Lt. J. C. Minturn, III	1st Lt. R. C. Lemley
2nd Lt. J. D. Mitchell	2nd Lt. J. E. Lynch
1st Lt. J. L. Helms	Capt. J. P. Serex
FO. W. R. Miller	2nd Lt. F. T. McKin-ley
2nd Lt. M. Morgenstein	1st Lt. H. A. Miller
2nd Lt. R. S. Barr	2nd Lt. O. W. Fligg, jr.
Capt. J. J. Dunn	1st Lt. M. Gregory
FO. R. L. Greene	1st Lt. G. S. Hamlin
2nd Lt. J. E. Phelps	2nd Lt. A. W. Peshel
1st Lt. J. M. Madison	FO. R. A. Storn
2nd Lt. H. E. Long, jr.	2nd Lt. A. S. Rogers
2nd Lt. J. Rudd	Capt. G. T. Rodgers
2nd Lt. D. R. Malloy	2nd Lt. C. E. Smith
2nd Lt. C. O. Wade	2nd Lt. W. M. Grimes, jr.
1st Lt. J. M. Musser	2nd Lt. S. Sprague, jr.
2nd Lt. E. J. Pierucci	2nd Lt. A. R. Tenny, jr.
2nd Lt. S. F. Jazwin-ski	2nd Lt. R. P. Bell
1st Lt. J. W. Riley	2nd Lt. R. N. Whippy
Lt. Col. L. P. Marshall	1st Lt. R. E. Wright
2nd Lt. G. D. Duval	FO. J. H. McCall, jr.
2nd Lt. D. P. Elles	2nd Lt. A. A. Knoll, jr.
2nd Lt. H. H. Mull-man	1st Lt. F. E. Mark-graf, jr.
2nd Lt. G. J. Le Zotte	
2nd Lt. D. S. Mac-donald	
Capt. W. O. Pabat	
1st Lt. D. W. Kemper	

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Army and Navy Journal

May 26, 1945

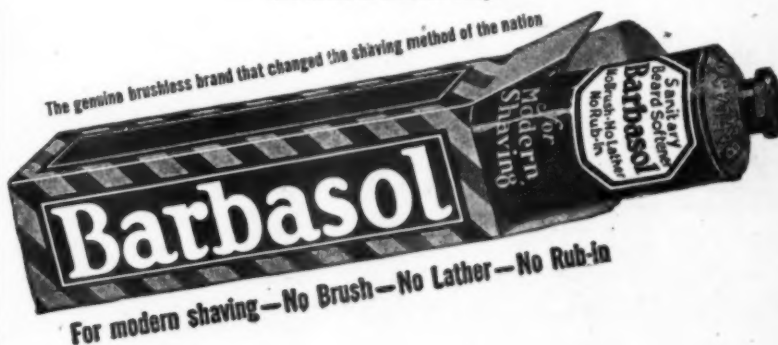
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1st Lt. A. J. Munari
2nd Lt. J. H. Lind-
berg
Capt. J. C. Malone
Capt. M. A. Meaker
1st Lt. H. R. Morrison
1st Lt. W. B. Pelton
2nd Lt. J. B. Rush,
jr.
2nd Lt. L. E. Shain
2nd Lt. H. Koerner
2nd Lt. F. J. Paul
2nd Lt. A. R. Polcari
1st Lt. J. L. Terry
1st Lt. R. L. Luce

1st Lt. J. O'Donnell
2nd Lt. H. G. Ottinger
2nd Lt. H. B. Leopold,
jr.
1st Lt. R. O. Lill
1st Lt. C. A. Post
2nd Lt. J. J. Rich
1st Lt. R. R. Richter
1st Lt. P. L. Hurney
2nd Lt. K. R. Chas-
tain
2nd Lt. V. L. Dixon
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2nd Lt. J. R. Ander-
son
Capt. H. A. Roerig
2nd Lt. R. G. Dyke
FO. E. T. Funke
2nd Lt. J. L. Stall-
worth
2nd Lt. R. M. Bill-
himer
2nd Lt. R. A. Misen-
himer
1st Lt. R. L. Knight
1st Lt. J. E. Lake
Lt. Col. R. C. Powell,
jr.
2nd Lt. W. E. Jones
1st Lt. T. O. Peters
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1st Lt. F. J. Warpeha
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1st Lt. C. H. Brad-
shaw
1st Lt. L. G. Hart, jr.
2nd Lt. Jack Rives
1st Lt. J. B. Matfeldt
1st Lt. R. E. Mische
1st Lt. A. E. Mitchell
2nd Lt. A. L. Kurtz,
III
1st Lt. G. A. Ring-
bloom
Maj. W. E. Mitchell
2nd Lt. J. E. Stover
1st Lt. B. L. Sloan
2nd Lt. C. R. Clem
2nd Lt. A. S. Wether-
ell
1st Lt. R. E. Lowe
1st Lt. J. F. Reiners
2nd Lt. W. Schreiber
2nd Lt. M. B. Nelson

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2nd Lt. J. D. Lucey
2nd Lt. A. D. Boddy
1st Lt. F. T. Grewer
1st Lt. W. H. Beaver
1st Lt. U. B. Over-
strom
2nd Lt. D. R. Amer-
man
1st Lt. W. E. Rickon
1st Lt. B. E. Kuller-
strand
1st Lt. J. R. Lang
2nd Lt. B. R. Langer
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FO. A. C. Reese
2nd Lt. T. Labash
2nd Lt. F. W. White
2d Lt. N. Lipchansky
1st Lt. J. P. Shortell
1st Lt. B. J. Naah
2nd Lt. R. N. Rudelle
1st Lt. D. B. Miles
Capt. O. T. Monaghan
2nd Lt. J. A. Sarato-
wicz
1st Lt. J. Resnaccia
1st Lt. R. W. Smith
2nd Lt. M. W. Stevens

1st Lt. W. J. Weyer-
strahs
1st Lt. R. S. Holloman
1st Lt. T. W. Isaacs
1st Lt. C. A. Morse, jr.
Capt. W. A. MacPhar-
son
2nd Lt. C. E. Sinning
Lt. Col. R. W. Mc-
Calden
2nd Lt. Lynn M. Ma-
hannah
1st Lt. G. V. Moulder
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1st Lt. E. J. Lee, II
Capt. J. Landdeck, jr.
2nd Lt. D. C. Renick,
jr.
1st Lt. T. J. Mooney
1st Lt. T. J. Way
1st Lt. W. L. Cade
1st Lt. C. L. Nickell
1st Lt. R. W. Skip-
worth
1st Lt. H. G. Manning
FO. O. G. Mathews, jr.
1st Lt. R. H. Long, jr.
2nd Lt. J. L. Pod-
breger

2nd Lt. R. P. Fromm
2nd Lt. C. P. Raney
2nd Lt. R. O. Russell
1st Lt. Malcolm A. J.
Schweiker
2nd Lt. H. R. Stewart
2nd Lt. J. H. Ander-
son
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Capt. J. W. Mathers
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Maj. C. N. Schommer
1st Lt. R. E. Phelps

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1st Lt. A. A. Gold-
stein
1st Lt. B. F. Heaney
2nd Lt. E. J. Heindol
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Col. N. C. Caum
Capt. J. J. Conniff
1st Lt. S. A. Batte, jr.
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son
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jr.
2nd Lt. G. B. Roswell
1st Lt. H. A. Roberts
1st Lt. W. G. Braun-
denburg
1st Lt. J. M. Yates
2nd Lt. J. P. Donahue
1st Lt. G. A. Ander-
son
Capt. R. H. Angus
1st Lt. A. W. Barrack
2nd Lt. S. C. Thelsen
1st Lt. F. J. Colarusso
1st Lt. C. A. Glibbins
2nd Lt. L. R. Taylor
Capt. C. L. Toms
Capt. E. F. Reedy
1st Lt. R. E. Anderson
2nd Lt. R. A. Racon
1st Lt. J. J. Miskinis
2nd Lt. G. E. Rush
1st Lt. L. H. Bloom
1st Lt. E. Scheibe
1st Lt. R. F. Sheehan
2nd Lt. Z. M. Holmes
Maj. P. B. Daniels
1st Lt. J. R. Mulvihill
1st Lt. H. L. Strohl
2nd Lt. J. D. Allgood
2nd Lt. J. E. Lidicker

2nd Lt. M. E. Mussall
1st Lt. R. F. Nickel
Capt. I. T. Larsen
2nd Lt. C. A. Thomp-
son
2nd Lt. M. S. Neff
2nd Lt. J. P. Spano
FO. E. E. Wieland
2nd Lt. V. Brenzo
2d Lt. J. H. Chapman
2nd Lt. R. J. Innamorato
2nd Lt. R. J. Sawyer
1st Lt. H. N. O'Quinn
1st Lt. G. W. Milliron
1st Lt. H. L. Morris,
jr.
2nd Lt. T. H. Critch-
field
Capt. G. S. Sallie
1st Lt. H. G. Moim
2nd Lt. F. J. Hovious
2nd Lt. C. G. Ray, jr.
2nd Lt. I. M. Green-
wood
1st Lt. C. K. Scott
1st Lt. C. H. Parsiola
2nd Lt. J. P. Moore
1st Lt. G. E. Van Pelt

2nd Lt. J. D. Quinn
1st Lt. F. D. Crews
1st Lt. G. C. McLure
1st Lt. E. E. Mitchell
1st Lt. L. M. Edwards
2nd Lt. E. Coleman
Maj. I. Weinstein
Capt. R. K. Penn
1st Lt. E. M. Lamb
1st Lt. R. J. Nance
1st Lt. I. B. Resheti-
loff
2nd Lt. B. S. Alimens
Capt. O. L. Stone
2nd Lt. G. T. Smith
2nd Lt. C. E. Matth-
ews
2nd Lt. L. Davis
1st Lt. W. J. Davies
1st Lt. R. B. Gilliland
2nd Lt. L. P. Landry,
jr.
1st Lt. E. J. Kelly, jr.
2nd Lt. B. Q. Shutts
2nd Lt. L. E. Bonsteel
1st Lt. J. N. Boyle, jr.
Maj. K. A. Bryant
2nd Lt. E. W. Stegle
2nd Lt. J. W. Rader
2nd Lt. G. F. Koch
2nd Lt. O. E. Kvam
2nd Lt. T. A. Mobley
1st Lt. W. C. Johnson
1st Lt. H. R. Rivlers
2nd Lt. J. O. Inman
Capt. M. B. Peden
Lt. Col. J. H. Green
2nd Lt. S. M. Folkman
1st Lt. H. W. Wood-
fin
2nd Lt. A. F. Warshall
1st Lt. R. J. Stevens
Maj. W. H. Bash
1st Lt. W. G. Swolsh
2nd Lt. A. F. Brun-
kow
2nd Lt. R. T. Hess
1st Lt. W. A. Hansen

WOUNDED—PACIFIC REGIONS
Capt. J. P. Andrew
1st Lt. B. V. Cline
Capt. E. D. Kelly
2nd Lt. B. W. Duke
Capt. N. W. Coffey
Capt. P. A. Allicon
1st Lt. R. A. Farrow
2nd Lt. E. L. Reffner
Maj. J. A. Cox
1st Lt. S. M. Pitts
2nd Lt. H. J. Helmer
2nd Lt. E. A. Short
Capt. A. E. Trepanier
Capt. L. S. Levinson
2nd Lt. H. Koonjan
1st Lt. W. R. Simpson
2nd Lt. S. H. Ohl-
hausen
1st Lt. F. P. Price
1st Lt. J. J. Story
1st Lt. M. E. Doyle
1st Lt. L. J. Kamps
Lt. Col. R. W. Mc-
Calden
2nd Lt. R. S. Saldia
Capt. J. J. Whalen
Capt. W. H. Akard, jr.
2nd Lt. V. P. Brooks
2nd Lt. Q. Crochet
2nd Lt. S. Diamond
1st Lt. R. Mora
Lt. Col. R. Fullerton
1st Lt. R. T. Carlisle
1st Lt. H. C. Hayden
2nd Lt. J. E. Hibbs
2nd Lt. G. F. Swan
1st Lt. W. Turpin
1st Lt. R. H. Eisen-
berg
1st Lt. G. R. Helfrin,
jr.
Capt. J. D. Campbell
2nd Lt. E. J. Roemer
1st Lt. R. J. Becker
1st Lt. D. B. Miller
1st Lt. E. F. Shebeck
2nd Lt. L. H. Tate
1st Lt. G. C. Trestrail
2nd Lt. C. J. Cadieux
(Please turn to Next Page)

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Army Casualties

(Continued from Preceding Page)

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2nd Lt. W. J. Zsem-
bery
2nd Lt. G. W. O'-
Laughlin
2nd Lt. B. J. Reisin
2nd Lt. D. L. Duening
2nd Lt. H. S. Dutch,
jr.
Maj. L. C. Brown
1st Lt. G. I. Groves
2nd Lt. R. L. Mooney
2nd Lt. A. H. Oravec
Capt. L. B. Stackpole
1st Lt. R. A. Jones
2nd Lt. P. A. Reardon
1st Lt. B. J. Holley
1st Lt. S. F. McAdoo
Capt. R. J. Sazma
1st Lt. H. J. Vickery
1st Lt. J. S. Gillespie,
jr.
1st Lt. Q. T. White
Lt. Col. S. L. Nichols
1st Lt. F. J. Browne
1st Lt. D. R. Leffel
Capt. R. J. Wierlich
1st Lt. J. D. McCue
1st Lt. H. C. Davis
2nd Lt. A. H. Hicks
2nd Lt. J. R. Hardy
1st Lt. R. A. Lowe
2nd Lt. J. Bacoch, jr.
2nd Lt. C. R. Voze
Capt. T. D. Harrison
1st Lt. J. L. Green-
blatt
1st Lt. E. C. Swiger
Capt. E. J. Courreges
1st Lt. C. L. Hilliard
2nd Lt. W. Hawkins
1st Lt. R. H. Anderson
2nd Lt. W. W. Lat-
shaw
1st Lt. L. Leney
2nd Lt. F. V. Emery
1st Lt. J. A. Wapner
1st Lt. A. A. Finn
1st Lt. L. B. Sibley
2nd Lt. C. A. Houck
1st Lt. D. J. Mutch
MISSING—PACIFIC REGIONS
2nd Lt. J. R. De Ca-
mara
1st Lt. O. C. Groft, jr.
2nd Lt. C. J. Klein-
hofer
2nd Lt. W. F. Mühlen-
berg
2nd Lt. R. M. O'Har-
rah
1st Lt. D. G. Lee
2nd Lt. F. C. McGinty
2nd Lt. H. E. Stam-
baugh
2nd Lt. R. L. Piet-
scher
2nd Lt. H. M. Glick
2nd Lt. D. T. Goodwin
2nd Lt. W. W. Bailey
2nd Lt. K. Boughton
Lt. Col. D. L. Turner
2nd Lt. C. H. Lander
2nd Lt. C. Manning
2nd Lt. W. L. Brueg-
geman
1st Lt. R. T. Snyder
FO H. S. Letchas
1st Lt. R. X. Muhle-
beck
1st Lt. J. F. Porter
Capt. P. E. Christen-
sen
1st Lt. M. F. Shea
1st Lt. D. J. Childs
1st Lt. T. C. Hein
Capt. S. O. Kelley
1st Lt. L. V. La-
benske, jr.
2nd Lt. W. G. Pou
1st Lt. W. I. Girard
2nd Lt. D. M. Burrill
2nd Lt. J. R. Froth-
ingham, jr.
1st Lt. E. F. Pischke
1st Lt. W. C. Porter
1st Lt. G. A. Maxwell
1st Lt. R. L. Thomas
1st Lt. M. N. Johnson
1st Lt. J. R. Sharpe
1st Lt. E. W. Emerson
Capt. H. E. Panhorst
1st Lt. R. R. Dupont
1st Lt. E. T. Pahl
1st Lt. D. J. Banek
Capt. G. E. Adam
2nd Lt. R. S. Ankney
1st Lt. J. D. Tisdale
1st Lt. F. W. Morrison
2nd Lt. P. L. Har-
rington
Capt. C. A. Brown
1st Lt. W. H. Swan
1st Lt. J. J. Hayes
1st Lt. R. H. Jones
1st Lt. L. H. Ricker
1st Lt. L. H. Cooksey
2nd Lt. F. J. Hermes,
jr.
1st Lt. C. L. Russell
1st Lt. J. J. Anderson
1st Lt. R. J. Richter
2nd Lt. G. E. Mueller
Capt. W. I. Bartels
2nd Lt. J. C. Elliott
2nd Lt. J. W. Kurtz
Capt. L. I. Geddings
1st Lt. N. M. Azzarone
1st Lt. S. N. Friebrand
Capt. T. A. Barrow
2nd Lt. R. Battino
Capt. A. E. Grantham
Capt. C. A. Preston
1st Lt. O. Reynolds
Capt. I. L. Smith
2nd Lt. E. J. Kunzer,
jr.
1st Lt. R. F. Malo
1st Lt. J. O. Spangler
2nd Lt. F. R. Snyder
1st Lt. B. F. Green, jr.
2nd Lt. D. C. Schwerin
1st Lt. C. G. Smith
2nd Lt. W. M. Mc-
Mannama
1st Lt. E. H. Barlow
2nd Lt. C. C. Larsen
1st Lt. D. F. McCloud
1st Lt. R. G. Anderson
2nd Lt. E. J. Drew
2nd Lt. B. C. Stauber
2nd Lt. D. L. Barthol-
omew
1st Lt. E. P. Abar
Capt. W. F. Latimer,
jr.
2nd Lt. L. Stephen
2nd Lt. J. H. Chaffin
2nd Lt. H. P. French
2nd Lt. V. L. Repp
1st Lt. D. H. Rubin-
stein, jr.
1st Lt. A. A. Kuzdrall
FO R. E. Roth
1st Lt. E. F. Dietzel,
jr.
2nd Lt. M. L. Greene
2nd Lt. R. H. Lind-
berg
1st Lt. J. R. Lang
FO W. M. Roskay
2nd Lt. J. F. O'Brien
2nd Lt. D. E. Keith-
line
1st Lt. R. C. Garst
1st Lt. R. Hartley
2nd Lt. T. B. Harring-
ton
1st Lt. J. O. Spangler
2nd Lt. H. L. Miller
2nd Lt. I. Charno
2nd Lt. G. R. Lough-
borough
2nd Lt. D. M. Kneil
2nd Lt. D. Fischer
MISSING—EUROPEAN REGIONS
1st Lt. R. W. Keeney
1st Lt. R. M. May
1st Lt. J. R. Roark
2nd Lt. A. M. Rosen-
berg
2nd Lt. C. F. Runge
1st Lt. O. T. Ridley
2nd Lt. R. R. Taylor
Capt. L. Du R. Van
De Velde
2nd Lt. E. D. Banker
2nd Lt. J. G. Beck
1st Lt. W. N. King
Capt. C. I. Knapp
1st Lt. W. F. McFar-
lan
2nd Lt. J. E. Hack
2nd Lt. J. G. Isant
Capt. R. L. Jones
1st Lt. C. S. Smith
Lt. Col. E. C. Hedlund
2nd Lt. J. R. Sole
1st Lt. R. K. Thacker
1st Lt. T. C. Long
1st Lt. W. A. Nord-
lund
2nd Lt. J. R. Cutler
1st Lt. A. A. Rosen-
blum
1st Lt. O. Jenkins
1st Lt. W. S. Buttfeld
1st Lt. R. C. Thur-
mond
1st Lt. F. V. See, jr.
2nd Lt. R. T. Graham
Maj. H. L. Rosenfeld,
jr.
1st Lt. R. B. Jones, jr.
2nd Lt. M. E. Kennedy
1st Lt. J. F. Lawrence
1st Lt. D. B. Hartley
FO G. E. Russell
2nd Lt. B. T. Hartt
2nd Lt. T. H. Wynia
1st Lt. W. P. Simpson
2nd Lt. G. J. Kruse,
jr.
2nd Lt. R. L. Vilberg
Capt. L. R. Land
2nd Lt. L. F. Leser
1st Lt. G. W. Newman
2nd Lt. R. Rowland,
jr.
2nd Lt. C. A. Hender-
son
2nd Lt. H. J. Nelson,
jr.
1st Lt. C. B. Phelps
2nd Lt. H. F. Hammer
2nd Lt. P. T. Bailey
2nd Lt. A. Dillaber
1st Lt. S. M. Carver,
jr.
2nd Lt. C. J. Rein-
statler, jr.
2nd Lt. J. E. Baker
2nd Lt. R. E. Harry
2nd Lt. P. E. Zworyer,
jr.
2nd Lt. A. J. Litz
2nd Lt. C. E. Wydra
2nd Lt. A. F. Lueck
2nd Lt. R. F. Nelson
2nd Lt. J. I. McLatchy
2nd Lt. A. R. Becking-
ton
2nd Lt. B. Thomas
2nd Lt. C. A. Barr
1st Lt. J. O. Wise
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2nd Lt. D. W. Bohn

(Please turn to Page 1193)

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SERVICE NEWS AND GOSSIP

Foreign Affairs—Important to world peace as is the settlement of the dangerous problems of Europe, and anxious as we are that it shall be promptly arranged, developments of the week reemphasize that the early defeat of Japan has become our primary objective. Following a conference with George Bidault, the French Foreign Minister, President Truman issued a statement in which he expressed a wish to meet General de Gaulle, confirmed a prior pledge of American willingness to relinquish part of the American zone of occupation in Germany to France, and indicated that we would welcome such aid in the Far Eastern struggle as that Nation and our other Allies could provide. In his Message to Congress transmitting the 19th report on Lend-Lease operations, the President declared that now all the might and power of the United States, the British Empire, France, the Netherlands, and "our other Allies," can be brought to bear, together with the Chinese forces, against Japan. Representative Mansfield, just returned from China where he went on a special mission for the late President Roosevelt, told the House of Representatives that the Soviet Union would enter the war.

From London come reports of the diversion of more warships and some troops to the Far East, and Canada has announced that she is transferring to the Pacific 60 naval vessels manned by 13,500 men. The Netherlands does not propose to rely entirely upon the Allies to regain the Dutch East Indies for it, and it is strengthening the small contingents it has in that area. Australia and New Zealand are bringing from Europe the ships and troops which were there employed, and are throwing them into the Pacific battle.

The disunity of China continues to concern our Government, but we are using our good offices to harmonize the Kuomintang and Kungchintang (so-called communist) factions. Helpful to our military plans against Japan would be an united China, and we have been endeavoring without much success, to develop this condition. However, with the Burmese port of Rangoon in our possession and the reopening of the Burma road in prospect, we are dispatching lend-lease shipments to that area, and soon greater quantities of munitions and other supplies will be available for the use of the Nationalist troops of Chiang-Kai-Shek.

In the Lend-Lease report to Congress this week our Government, for the first time, officially announced that one of our military objectives is the coast of China. Admiral Nimitz originally specified this objective, but his attacks upon and occupation of islands close to Japan have given the impression that we would confine our operations to invasion. President Truman, however, stated that the Allied victories thus far won have paved the way for the final assault against the Japanese forces "on the Asiatic mainland and the homeland of Japan." The report itself contains this blunt declaration:

"When the seizure of Chinese ports and the industrial coastal area has been accomplished, it will be possible to mobilize China's industrial resources more effectively for the prosecution of the war."

Again to enable the Allies to start "new and greater offensives in China," the Lend-Lease report reveals that more than a thousand Chinese are coming to the United States, and more than a thousand American technicians are going to China to train additional thousands of natives to repair and maintain the transportation system.

Thus, as at last officially made known, the Allied Military plans call for the execution of two separated yet related operations. It will be our effort to break the Japanese line of communication by land from Manchuria to Indo-China and Burma, and thus split their forces in two, and end their offensives directed at the blocking of the Burma road and the capture of Chung King. A unified China would aid tremendously in the success of this campaign. However, to quote Representative Mansfield, such a prospect at present is doubtful, and he further observed: "An attack against Japanese armies by way of China presents more than a mere military operation, and because of the added complications of Chinese disunity and Russian participation, much careful planning is necessary. Even when the home islands are conquered and Japan is forced to accept peace, the Japanese armies on the Asiatic continent—especially the Kwantung Army—will have to be met and defeated. This army has on many occasions acted directly against, and sometimes without advising, the Japanese Government, and can be looked upon as an absolutely independent unit. Its headquarters are in Manchukuo, and there a strong industrial nucleus exists as well as in North and Central China. The attack on Japan's home islands will, I believe, be a costlier operation than an attack on the Chinese mainland though the possibilities of a blockade of Japan are extremely good." Whatever the cost, the Allies are prepared to pay it, as shown by the determination we are manifesting in the operations to establish bases from which our attacks can be launched.

Neither in the Far East nor elsewhere in the world will there be any let up in operations, diplomatic or military, as a result of the resignation of Prime Minister Churchill and the dissolution of his wartime coalition government. These are the assurances Washington has received from London. The policies that government has pursued are to be continued by the ad interim Government which Mr. Churchill is forming, and there is not the slightest doubt here that however the elections turn out the Ministry which will come into power will seek to cultivate close relations with the United States in the same spirit and with the same energy Mr. Churchill has displayed. So far as the British members of the Combined Chiefs of Staff are concerned, they are continuing to work as zealously with the American members as in the past, and plans for operations against Japan are being fashioned with the same activity as if no change had occurred and were impending in the British Government. Until the new Government is established, a meeting of the Big Three, which both President Truman and Mr. Churchill sought, cannot take place, although Marshal Stalin has indicated he would willingly participate in it. There is general regret in Washington that the situation in England forced Mr. Churchill's resignation, and there is likewise general hope that the elections will return him to power not only to show popular appreciation for the brilliant manner in which he conducted the war and saved the Empire, but in order that no questions may arise as to the agreements between the two countries, such as have developed in connection with those made at Yalta.

Meanwhile, it is recognized that with Britain more or less quiescent in foreign affairs, President Truman will be forced to carry a heavier burden. Possibly in the position into which he has been thrust, he may be able to make greater headway in the discussion of the problems of Europe with Marshal Stalin. It is no secret that the

relations of the Prime Minister and the Soviet Dictator have been purely official, that they dislike and distrust each other, and that the late President Roosevelt on frequent occasions during the Big Three meetings, found it necessary to intervene with a jovial quip in order to prevent a split. Since he has been in office, Mr. Truman has made it a point to establish friendly personal relations with Marshal Stalin, and the latter has responded in the same spirit. In such an atmosphere, solutions would seem to be facilitated, and towards this end Harry L. Hopkins, who was with the late President Roosevelt at all Big Three Conferences, has been sent to Moscow, and former Ambassador Davies, an ardent friend of Russia, has gone to London. It may be that the impending elections in England will slow down the work of the Peace and Security Convention, but our effort will be to push it to completion, especially as there is no doubt that all Parties are committed to support of the proposed organization. Expecting the charter to be completed early next month, President Truman will address the closing session. Possibly General de Gaulle may accompany him.

Meanwhile, probably thanks to Marshal Stalin, the difficulties with Marshal Tito over his occupation of Trieste and Istria in Italy, and Carinthia and Styria in Austria, have been lessened, and the danger of conflict which his act provoked, has been dissipated. The fate of these regions Tito appears to have agreed will be settled at the peace table, which has been the argument of the United States and Great Britain. Blunt as was Marshal Stalin's note on Poland to the Moscow Correspondent of the *London Times*, it was accepted in Washington as showing his willingness to move toward a solution of this vexing question. We hold with him that there should be no deviations from the Yalta decisions, but there is difference as to how those decisions should be interpreted. It is his contention that the Lublin government must be recognized as the basic core of the proposed Polish Provisional Government. There is no difference on this score. He admits the Lublin government must be reorganized on a broader democratic basis, as the Yalta agreement specifically stated, but he says that in this reorganization there must be Poles who have at present ties with the Polish people and not without them. The Yalta agreement provided for the inclusion in the proposed government "of democratic leaders from Poland itself and from Poles abroad." What the dispute boils down to is Marshal Stalin's anxiety for a Government so constituted that it will be a satellite of the Soviet Union. Certainly the United States has no intention of favoring a government for Poland which would be hostile to Russia, and it wants such a government to be democratic as agreed upon at Yalta. In concert with the Soviet High Command, Maj. Gen. Lowell W. Rooks, representing General Eisenhower, notified the Doenitz German government and High Command, that they had been taken into custody and some, including Doenitz, would be prisoners of war. This accords with the wish of Moscow. Irritating, but not apt to cause friction between the Great Powers, is the trouble that has arisen in Lebanon and Syria as a result of the landing of 500 French soldiers in the former country. While both the United States and Great Britain have recognized the independence of these Levantine states, they are agreed that France has certain special privileges which should be recognized. It is hoped the French will understand that now is not the time to press their claims and that disorders which might arouse the Arab world will be avoided. Iran has demanded that all foreign troops be withdrawn from the country in view of the ending of the European war. We have withdrawn most of our troops which were devoted largely to the transportation of lend-lease to Russia. No such action has been taken by the Soviet Union and Great Britain, which are concerned about their political interests. However, the demand of Iran is important to us because Mr. Roosevelt signed with Messrs. Stalin and Churchill a guarantee of the independence and integrity of that country. To that agreement Iran is appealing in her representations to us.

Bureau of Aeronautics—Tallying the score of enemy plane "kills" recorded by Navy and Marine aviators during the three-month period ending 31 March, the Navy disclosed this week that at least 1,782 Jap aircraft were destroyed against our loss of 188 planes. This brought the overall figure to 11,601 to 2,070—a ratio of 5.6 Nip planes shot down to every American plane lost.

The Navy said the figures were preliminary, and would likely be revised upward as complete reports became available. Interpreting the latest figures, Vice Admiral Aubrey W. Fitch, USN, Deputy Chief of Naval Operations (Air) observed that nearly 800 planes were shot out of the air, while approximately 1,000 were caught on the ground, and said "it is doubtful if the enemy's aircraft production and pilot training can keep up with such a mortality rate."

Credit as the first naval sea-plane pilot to land his plane in Japanese home waters was accorded Lt. Gerald A. Robinson, USNR, of Kansas City, Mo., in a Navy Department announcement this week which told how he landed a OS2U Kingfisher in Kago-shima Bay at the southern tip of Kyushu on 18 March, to rescue Lt. Robert J. Nelson, USN, a fighter pilot who had been shot down by a Zeke. While other naval aviators attacked three sampans which moved towards the wounded pilot, Lieutenant Robinson, a battleship pilot, landed and taxied his plane to the raft, climbed down on the float and dragged the weakened Corsair pilot aboard.

And across the world, another naval aviator, Lt. William D. Ray, USNR, figured in another unique action as a German submarine surrendered to the crew of his patrol plane off Gibraltar. The plane sighted the sub on the surface as it was proceeding to a designated rendezvous point flying a black surrender flag. Lieutenant Ray circled his plane above the submarine for two hours, meanwhile directing surface vessels to the area so that an armed guard could be placed aboard.

Return of Patrol Bombing Squadron 44, one of the Navy's famed Catalina "Black Cat" units after 15 months of relentless patrol operations was pointed up this week by a summary report which reported the flying boats amassed more than a million and a quarter miles of flying from the Fijis to the Philippines. The unit did not lose a single plane or man during the last million miles of operation.

The squadron, led by Lt. Comdr. Gerald S. Bogart, USN, flew thousands of hours on shipping and submarine search patrols, harassed enemy supply concentrations, covered convoy and task force movements, carried freight and passengers, and successfully accomplished "Dumbo" rescue missions. Additionally, two enlisted gunners of 44 are credited with being the first Black Cat personnel ever to shoot down an enemy plane in night combat.

Hydrographic Office—Discovery of a new islet off the northwest coast of Colombia in the Gulf of Darien, about 200 miles from the Isthmus of Panama, was disclosed by the Navy Department this week. Appearance of the islet presumably was due to subterranean activity in that area, the Navy said.

Army Air Forces—More than 1,000,000 sick and wounded patients of American and Allied forces have been evacuated by AAF transport aircraft in all theaters. This

total covers the period from the fall of 1942, when mass evacuation was initiated in the South Pacific during the counter offensives on Guadalcanal and New Guinea, to V-E Day in Europe, Brig. Gen. Charles R. Glenn, The Deputy Air Surgeon, states. The total for 1944 was 646,972 and for the first four months of 1945, 312,982.

Battle casualties comprised about 35 per cent of air evacuees in 1944, but this increased to approximately 50 per cent in the early months of 1945. Nearly 100 per cent of the casualties evacuated from east of the Rhine in the final phases of the war in Europe were transported by aircraft. More than 300,000 patients were evacuated from the forward to the rear areas in the ETO between D-Day and V-E Day, with an estimated peak load for April of over 60,000.

Instructors from Laredo Army Air Field, Tex., and students from Kingman Army Air Field, Ariz., won the AAF Training Command's National Flexible Gunnery Tournament at Laredo 12-13 May. The meet is a bi-monthly event in which all seven AAF flexible gunnery schools participate.

The twelfth allocation of surplus transport planes, non-standard to military specifications, was announced 17 May by the Surplus Property Board. This allocation includes six planes to domestic and three to foreign applicants. This brings the total of surplus transports so far allocated to 208. Domestic applicants have received 128 and foreign applicants 80.

Maj. Gen. Walter F. Kraus, commanding general of the Central Flying Training Command, has been named chief of staff of the AAF Training Command. He is succeeded as commanding general of CFTC by Brig. Gen. Michael F. Davis.

AIR TECHNICAL SERVICE COMMAND—The Equipment Laboratory of the ATSC, the largest of thirteen in the Engineering Division, is headed by Col. Stanley R. Stewart and manned by approximately 1,000 engineers and technicians. This laboratory is charged with the development of electrical systems, flight and engine instruments, maintenance and heating equipment, special tools, operational training devices and special weapons for all new airplanes produced for the AAF. Items under development number more than 1,200.

Five branches are charged with the development work—Electrical Branch, Instrument and Navigation Branch, Training Equipment Branch, Miscellaneous Branch and Special Weapons Branch. They are headed respectively by Lt. Col. Wilbur T. Harding, Maj. J. P. G. Callahan, Maj. Frank B. Johnston and Lt. Col. Chester O. French. A sixth, the Operational Testing Branch, headed by Lt. Col. Lee A. Sharp, is responsible for operational testing common to all equipment.

SECOND AIR FORCE—Starting from scratch three and one half years ago, the Second Air Force played an important role in the total victory over Germany by sending 14,000 heavy bomber crews to Europe, Maj. Gen. Robert B. Williams, commanding general of the Second Air Force, announced recently. Assigned principally to Eighth and Fifteenth Air Forces, Second Air Force crews participated in the operations which wrecked Germany's aircraft factories, wiped out the ball bearing industry, drained oil facilities and smashed the Luftwaffe.

WAR FRONTS—More than 7,000 Eighth Air Force ground crewmen were flown on an "air tour" of Europe 10 May by B-24s and B-17s of the Eighth to see bomb damage inflicted on enemy targets from the air in the war against Germany. The heavy bombers—more than 700 of them—flew in a steady stream over many important targets attacked by the Eighth Air Force. If possible, the bombers will continue to carry ground crews until all Eighth Air Force personnel have seen some of the results of strategic bombing.

Headquarters of Strategic Air Forces in Europe announced 15 May that in the last six days 27,000 ground personnel have been flown over Cologne, Coblenz, Frankfurt, Mannheim and Kaiserslautern.

In addition to the reconnaissance flights more than 60 Eighth Air Force B-17s flew to airfields near Munich and Lubeck-Blankensee, Germany, to assist, for the first time, in the evacuation of liberated American, British and French prisoners of war to camps in England and France.

The Eighth Air Force struck its final blow at Germany 25 April when the last bomb fell on the Skoda works at Pilsen, Czechoslovakia, and the last German plane was shot from the air. 1st Lt. Earl W. Fisher, Jr., a B-17 lead bombardier, let go his high explosives and incendiaries at 11:16 A.M., bringing the Eighth Air Force total number of bombs dropped on Europe to 4,628,687. 1st Lt. Hilton O. Thomson, P-51 pilot, sighted a twin-engined jet-propelled German aircraft near Munich. The shooting down of this plane ended the Eighth Air Force's long campaign against the Luftwaffe, during which 15,439 enemy aircraft were destroyed in the air and on the ground.

Symbolic of the contributions to final victory over Japan by Maj. Gen. Claire L. Chennault's AVG "Flying Tigers," a blue-winged black and gold tiger, rampant from a black enamel "V," has been approved by Generalissimo Chiang Kai-Shek as the official insignia for all "Old Tigers." When final approval is granted by the War Department, "all personnel with the AVG at the time of its deactivation, 4 July, 1942, or who received an honorable discharge from the group, will wear the emblem above the right upper pocket of the service coat, field jacket or shirt when worn as an outer garment, while on active duty in the armed service of the United States."

The work of the First Tactical Air Force was commended 18 May in a letter from General Jacob L. Devers, Commanding General of the Sixth Army Group, to Maj. Gen. Robert L. Webster, commanding general of the First Tactical Air Force. General Devers included the work of the ground crews in his praise.

General Webster, in passing the message on to the XII Tactical Air Command, the 42nd Bomb Wing, the French First Air Corps, the 11th Combat Wing (French)

and the First Tactical Air Force Service Command, commented upon the fact that General Devers had summarized accomplishments in terms that must instill a strong feeling of pride in every member.

Servicewomen of the ATC's Pacific Division have added a new task, one of purely voluntary nature, to their already full schedule of ATC duties. They are spending spare evenings with wounded air evacuees in the holding ward of the ATC air terminal on Oahu. The morale factor of the project is high and there is no limit short of actual medical treatment to their activities in the ward.

Marine Corps—A change in discharge regulations was announced 19 May entitling certain Marine Corps enlisted men released from the service since 1 March, 1945, for the convenience of the Government, to an "Honorable Discharge" rather than a discharge "Under Honorable Conditions." For several months discharges have been made of enlisted men of three groups whose services are no longer needed. These are men over 38 in the United States, exservicemen who reenlisted for limited duty within the United States and men enlisted for specialist duty. These men were issued discharge certificates "Under Honorable Conditions" regardless of their proficiency and conduct record. The change makes such men eligible for an "Honorable Discharge" if their final average mark in proficiency was 3.8 or above (based on a maximum of 5.0) and in conduct was 4.0 or above.

Headquarters this week announced rules to protect from further loss families which have lost two or more members in the armed forces in this war similar to previous announcements by the Army and Navy. Covering cases where two or more members of an immediate family group have been killed in action, died of wounds or disease or are reported missing in action or prisoners of war, instructions are that remaining family members will be assigned to non-hazardous duty overseas or returned to the United States. Request by the servicemen or his family is required.

Army Ground Forces—A conference on the Okinawa operation was held in the Army War College auditorium 18 May. Speakers at the conference, AGF officers who have recently returned from tours of duty as observers on Okinawa, were: Col. William N. Todd, Jr., Cav., Post Commandant, Army War College; Col. James H. Howe, Inf., Amphibious Training Center, San Diego, Calif.; Lt. Col. Walter J. Preston, FA, Ground Requirements Section; and Lt. Col. Robert C. Williams, Inf., Infantry School, Fort Benning, Ga.

High ranking officers from headquarters this week attended the "Here's Your Infantry" show now playing in Washington in conjunction with the 7th War Loan Drive. Army Ground Forces Infantrymen make up the operating teams of these shows, 39 Infantrymen to a team.

Officers newly assigned for permanent duty at this headquarters include Maj. Wilson A. Daberk, SigC.; assigned to Ground Signal Section; Maj. Arthur L. Lowe, Inf., Ground Special Information Section; Capt. Joseph S. Hutchison, AGD, Ground Adjutant General's Section; Lt. Col. Roderick H. Sears, Ord., Ground Ordnance Section; Lt. Col. Barney A. Daughtry, Inf., Ground G-4 Section; Maj. Claude J. Perry, FA, Ground G-3 Section; Capt. Edmond L. Du Bois, CAC, Ground Requirements Section.

CAVALRY SCHOOL—Maj. Gen. and Mrs. William M. Grimes have received word from the War Department that their only son, Lt. William M. Grimes, Jr., was killed in action in Germany 25 April. Gen. Grimes is Commandant of the Cavalry School.

His grandfather, Brig. Gen. George S. Grimes, served at Fort Riley from 1891 to 1897 and was in command of the famous "Grimes Battery" of the Old Second Artillery. In addition to his parents, he leaves a sister, Mrs. Sherburne Whipple, Jr., Fort Riley, wife of Lt. Col. Sherburne Whipple, Jr.

The following officers, Col. Walter F. Jennings, Cav., Headquarters, School Troops; Lt. Col. Henry P. Held, Cav., Staff and Faculty; Capt. John K. Jensen, aide-de-camp, Staff and Faculty, and Capt. Vincent P. Viscomi, FA, Staff and Faculty, the Cavalry School, have returned from Fort Sill, Okla., after observing demonstrations at the Field Artillery School.

1st Lt. Frank S. Sears, Cav., has been released from assignment with School Troops, the Cavalry School, and assigned to the S-4 Section, Staff and Faculty, the Cavalry School.

ARMORED CENTER—Col. Ralph E. Tibbetts has been appointed chief of the Organization, Doctrine and Training Section, Armored Center, succeeding Col. Charles S. Johnson.

ARMORED SCHOOL—Something new has been added to Armored Officer Candidate School graduation programs. Each candidate writes an essay on leadership. The best essay is selected and the writer reads it at graduation. Winner of the first essay contest was 2nd Lt. Martin A. Matheson of the 73rd class, a native of Los Angeles, Cal.

ARMORED REPLACEMENT TRAINING CENTER—Lt. Col. Robert E. Holman is the new commanding officer of the 4th Regiment, ARTC, succeeding Col. Clyde E. Steele.

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Lt. James F. Murphy, formerly 4th Regiment A & R and I & E officer, has been appointed Special Service and Public Relations Officer of the ARTC. He succeeds Lt. M. A. Hitzeman who was transferred to a new station on the west coast.

FIELD ARTILLERY SCHOOL—Distinguished visitors at the Field Artillery School this week included General de Brigada Modesto A. Guluart and General de Brigada Julio Perdomo of the Mexican army. Another member of the party was Lt. Alfonso Aretegal of the Mexican War Department general staff, aide to the generals.

Arriving by airplane, the officers were greeted at Post field by Maj. Gen. Ralph McT. Pennell, commandant of the Field Artillery School, and Maj. Gen. Jonathan W. Anderson, commanding general of the Replacement Training Center, and members of the staffs of the school and center.

Maj. Gen. O. M. Lund, C.B., D.S.O., director of Royal Artillery, British Army, accompanied by five other senior ranking British officers, visited the Field Artillery School 14 May.

Officers assigned as members of the staff and faculty of the Field Artillery School this week follow: Col. Sterling A. Wood, Department of Combined Arms; Maj. Richard P. Mohlere, Department of Motors; Capt. Norman H. Davis, Department of Combined Arms; Maj. Charles T. Ames and Maj. John W. Jaco, Capt. Frank W. Brigham, Frank Carter, Ottis H. McFarland, Dominick T. Ortino, Edwin E. Reed, Ferdinand F. Weise and Thomas A. Willett, Jr., 1st Lts. Harold C. Anderson, Stephen K. Clarke, Joseph A. Hill, Carl Kozlofsky, John F. Schoen, Edwin H. Stewart, Jr., Louis J. Zupancic, Franklin H. Dubsky and William R. Vehle, 2nd Lts. Vincent J. Carey, Charles M. Drake, Jr., Leon Greenberg, John S. McCullough, David Richardson, Myron A. Shoffner and Howard E. Whiteside, Department of Observation.

AIRBORNE CENTER—Brig. Gen. Josiah T. Dalbey, who recently returned from an overseas assignment with the First Allied Airborne Army, and who participated in the airborne crossing of the Rhine, traveled to the Command and General Staff School this week where he addressed the faculty and students on airborne problems.

Maj. Lawrence J. Legere, Jr., Inf., former Assistant G-3 of the 101st Airborne Division, who has been returned to this country from overseas, is now serving as a member of the Airborne Board.

A parachute demonstration has been arranged for the Field Artillery School, Fort Sill, Okla., the first week in June.

Bureau of Ships—A famous Navy repair ship, ordered abandoned when she suffered four bomb hits at Pearl Harbor, but which was saved by the heroic action of the late Capt. Cassin Young, USN, and has seen important service in the Pacific, was honored on 19 May, as a Navy Department announcement hailed the 37th anniversary of the launching of the USS Vestal.

Crediting the converted collier, which tended ships in European waters during World War I, with "one of the longest records of continuous service by any ship at present in the United States Navy," the report said the Vestal has made forward area repairs on fleet units ranging from large aircraft carriers and battle-ships to tug boats.

Captain Young, killed aboard the USS San Francisco at Guadalcanal, 13 Nov. 1942, was succeeded in command of the Vestal by his executive officer, Capt. (then Comdr.) Watson T. Singer, USN, Capt. Jesse B. Goode, USN, replaced Captain Singer in May 1944, and the present Commanding Officer, Comdr. Norman W. Gambiling, USN, former ship's Repair Officer and Executive Officer, Nutley, N. J., took over from Captain Goode last October.

Mrs. Arnold J. Isbell, 3301 Jocelyn Street, N. W., Washington, D. C., has been named by Secretary of the Navy James Forrestal to christen the USS Arnold J. Isbell (DD-869) named in honor of her husband, the late Captain Arnold J. Isbell, USN. Captain Isbell died as the result of enemy action 19 March 1945, aboard the USS Franklin.

The USS Arnold J. Isbell is tentatively scheduled to be launched 6 August at the Bethlehem Steel Company, Staten Island, New York and is the first ship to be so named. The late Captain Isbell was commanding officer of the USS Card, an escort carrier, when she and her task groups received the Presidential Unit Citation for anti-submarine action in the Atlantic.

Army Service Forces—Maj. Gen. Richard Donovan, Commanding General of the Eighth Service Command since October 1940, has been transferred to Washington where he will serve as Deputy Chief of Staff for Service Commands.

In his new capacity, General Donovan will act for the Commanding General and Chief of Staff, ASF, on matters pertaining to Service Commands and Italian Service Units; pass upon and coordinate within Headquarters, ASF, matters affecting Service Command policies, responsibilities, organizations, administration and major operating functions; supervise and assure coordinated operations within several Service Commands, and exercise administrative supervision over the Office of Provost Marshal General and Intelligence Divisions.

General Donovan, a native of Paducah, Kentucky, has seen considerable overseas service. He was stationed in the Philippines from 1916 to 1919, also spending several months in France during 1919. He served with Coast Artillery units in the Panama Canal Zone from 1931 to 1934. Before becoming Commanding General of the Eighth Corps Area (redesignated the Eighth Service Command), he served as Assistant Chief of Staff for Supply of the Eighth Corps Area.

TRANSPORTATION CORPS—Maj. Gen. Frank S. Ross, Chief of Transportation in the ETO, held a press conference in the Pentagon Wednesday, shortly after his arrival from Europe. The General, who will return to ETO in the near future, planned and supervised the movement of the North African invasion force which originated in England, coordinating it with that part of the force which sailed from United States ports. He accompanied the invasion force from England, landed under fire at Oran, and established a transportation system from ports to railroads and highways in Africa for Allied troops.

MEDICAL DEPARTMENT—Reasserting the fact that there have been no "basket" amputations at any Army medical installation, the War Department reports that approximately 11,000 amputation cases have been treated at hospitals within the United States, and said that of this number some 4,000 have been discharged to civilian life. In an interesting aside, the report pointed out that some soldiers, whose treatment had been completed, asked to remain in service, and have been assigned to assist in the training of other amputees.

Major Gen. Norman T. Kirk, Surgeon General of the Army, stated that the average soldier who has suffered the loss of a limb is taught during his hospitalization and convalescence that his injury does not prevent his resuming a self-respecting, useful role in society.

Brig. Gen. James S. Simmons, Director of the Preventive Medicine Division, Office of the Surgeon General, delivered an address at the University of Michigan, Ann Arbor, on 25 May, taking as his subject "Preventive Work in the South Pacific."

Maj. Gen. Lull addressed the graduating class of St. Mary's Hospital, Scranton, Pa., on 24 May, on the subject "Army Nurses in World War II." He will address the Jewish Hospital School of Nursing, Brooklyn, N. Y., on the same subject on 4 June.

SIGNAL CORPS—A six-day Forms Standardization Clinic, designed to speed up the Signal Corps' simplification program, was opened on 14 May 1945 in The Pentagon Building, Washington, D. C., with a brief address by Maj. Gen. James A. Code, Jr., Assistant Chief Signal Officer. General Code reviewed the accomplishments of the program during its first year, which ended 1 April 1945, pointing out that there had been, during that period, an overall reduction of 27.8 per cent in the number of forms used. He expressed confidence that an even greater net reduction would be achieved during the current year, partly as a result of the clinic.

The 2506th Signal Service Command Unit (formerly the 17th Signal Service Company) reports that at least 53 men and three Wacs of the unit are eligible under the point system for release from Army service. Other border line cases may raise this total to 60. One of the men has the impressive total of 135 points to his credit. It is stated that the majority of these eligibles who are in good physical condition and who are not "Special Hardship Cases" will have to be retained for a matter of months until replacements can be properly trained. They will, however, be released as soon as such replacements can be brought in to take over their essential duties.

The 32nd Signal Company, a part of the famed "Red Arrow" Division (32nd Inf.), recently celebrated the start of its fourth year overseas by staging a ceremony in one of the liberated towns of Luzon. It was partly in tribute to two of its members lost in the operations on New Guinea and Leyte and partly in dedication to tasks lying ahead. The 32nd Division Signal Officer, holder of several decorations, is Lt. Col. Dayton W. Garlick of Syracuse and Elmira, N. Y.

ARMY CHAPLAINS CORPS—Chaplains who have returned recently from the theaters of operations and have taken the short refresher course at the Chaplains' School, at Fort Devens, Mass., will be graduated on 9 June. The Advanced Class in attendance at the Chaplains' School will have its closing service on 23 June. The Acting Chief of Chaplains, Brig. Gen. Luther D. Miller, who by that time will be the Chief of Chaplains, will deliver the Commencement address. The two classes have a combined membership of 164.

Chaplain William R. Arnold, the retiring Chief of Chaplains, an Assistant Inspector General of the Army, arrived in France on 17 May. Accompanied by Chaplains Herman H. Heurer and Atyeh Lev, and by Col. A. S. Goodyear, Administrative Assistant, OCC, Chaplain Arnold is inspecting chaplains' activities in the European and Mediterranean Theaters of Operations. The group will spend 6 weeks in the ETO before going to the MTO.

Chaplain Roy J. Parker, head of the Personnel Division, Office of the Chief of Chaplains, will deliver the Memorial Day speech at Bridgeport, West Va.

Chaplain Roy J. Horneywell, of the Plans and Training Division, OCC, visited the Chaplains' School on 21, 22 May.

Chaplain Harry Frased, of the Air Force Liaison, OCC, was the guest preacher at the Central Presbyterian Church, Washington, D. C., on 20 May.

CHEMICAL WARFARE SERVICE—More than 7000 tons of CWS M69 incendiary bombs rained destruction on Nagoya during the 17 and 18 May air raids. It was disclosed this week, in an announcement which said the fire bombs dropped at the rate of 40 tons a minute. At the same time, the 8th Air Force reported that more than 27 million four-pound incendiary bombs were dropped during bombardment of Germany.

An interesting account of Army conservation techniques came this week from the Office Chief CWS which stated that between 60 and 75 per cent of approximately five million obsolete gas masks can be utilized for other war purposes. CWS found that the wide webbing of the gas mask carriers is needed urgently by the Quartermaster Corps for sleeping bags and suspender belts, while the narrower widths can be used on the present gas mask carrier. Likewise, the buckles and other hardware can do further duty for both branches. Pockets for the current gas mask carrier can be stamped out of the duck material in the old carriers. Various uses for the old canisters are being determined. One proposal is to adapt the perforated container for calcium oxide as a preservative medium in the shipment and storage of dehydrated foods.

ORDNANCE DEPARTMENT—Technical Ordnance Intelligence experts in the ETO, under Maj. James P. Hamill, will immediately disassemble 100 V-2 bombs from the underground factory at Nordhausen, Germany, for shipment to the United States. The bombs, which will be utilized for research and development, are to be crated in sections by an ordnance motor vehicle assembly company, while engineers will erect bridges and rehabilitate rail lines leading from inside the factory to the main military routes.

Meantime, from Belgium came the report that at the Army's newest and largest tire repair plant more than 5,000 battle-worn tires are being recapped and reconditioned each week by members of the 430th Ordnance Tire Repair Company. The announcement said average "treatment" for each tire was approximately two hours.

QUARTERMASTER CORPS—After nearly a year's agitation for establishment of a national safety color code, instigated by the Office of the Quartermaster General, a tentative code now has been outlined by the American Standards Association, and will be submitted for review by safety engineers of the Army, Navy, and leading industrial organizations throughout the world.

In April, 1944, Col. F. B. L. Myer, then Deputy Chief of the Organization, Planning, and Control Division of the Office of The Quartermaster General, recognized the need and conceived the idea of national standards in a safety color code. The plan was approved by Lt. Gen. Edmund B. Gregory. The Quartermaster General, for use in each Quartermaster and Army Service Forces Depot, then submitted to the Provost Marshal General who has staff supervision over accident prevention in Army Service Forces Installations.

Red, green, yellow, white and black and combinations thereof, were the basic colors finally agreed upon. Red is to be the basic color for the identification of fire protection equipment and apparatus, danger, and stop signals. Green shall be the basic color for designating safety, the location of first aid equipment (not including fire fighting equipment), first aid dispensaries, stretchers, gas masks, safety starting buttons, the signal for traffic to proceed, and all other instances where safety is to be designated. Yellow shall be the basic color for designating caution and for marking physical hazards, such as obstacles which may cause stumbling, projections of machinery which may catch in clothes, pillars, or any hazards that may be bumped into, caught between, or fallen into, or any instances where caution should be ex-

erised. As with the other colors, yellow with black stripes or a black and yellow checkered design is recommended where local conditions call for a more striking symbol to gain attention. Black, white, or a combination of these two shall be the basic colors for designating housekeeping, sanitation, and traffic markings. Solid black, solid white, or either striped or checker combinations are recommended for use in marking direction signs, corners, passageways, stairways, dead ends, traffic guides, refuse cans, etc.

Back-dated Promotions—From time to time speculation has been aroused by the prevailing policy of back-dating many Navy and Marine Corps promotions. For instance, last week Capt. Dixwell Ketcham, USN, was nominated to be a temporary Rear Admiral, to rank from 29 Nov., 1943, and Col. Joseph T. Smith, USMC, to be a Brigadier General to rank from 3 April, 1943. This procedure, it has been explained, is in many cases due to an officer being kept in an assignment for which he is particularly qualified, for which no other officer is available and in which higher rank than the one he holds is unsuitable. Consequently, when he is shifted to another assignment his promotion is back-dated to coincide with the rank of his contemporary officers.

Navy Chaplains Corps—In 1944, Navy chaplains conducted 450,294 divine services, with 37,062,428 attendants. They conducted 397,428 services on their own ships or stations, 35,791 on other ships and stations, and 17,075 in civilian churches.

In addition to religious services, Navy chaplains officiated at 3,982 marriage ceremonies, and 13,710 funerals. They performed 14,793 baptisms, and accepted 8,072 into church membership.

In secular matters, the chaplains sponsored 40,683 lectures, rehearsals, discussion groups, or song fests; held 32,183 study classes, and 52,285 entertainments other than movies, with a total of 7,274,839 in attendance. They visited 5,470,505 in hospitals, sick bays, and brigas, addressed civilian groups, conducted correspondence concerning naval personnel, and handled relief cases.

Bureau of Medicine and Surgery—Relating a thrilling story of a fight against death at sea, the Navy Department this week told how an 18 year-old seaman, Fireman first class John Peter Van Roon, was saved by the skillful surgery of Lt. (jg) Joshua B. Camblos, MC, USNR, who operated for a ruptured appendix while their destroyer escort bucked winds of gale force and pounding seas which caused a roll of more than 40 degrees.

The report of the dramatic efforts to save the young seaman's life described how the D.E. was given permission to leave the formation—to steer a course less rough; how emergency battery lights were set up as protection against possible power failure; and how through an hour and a half of surgery it was all but impossible to immobilize the patient on the operating table. Even the table itself, during a particularly heavy roll, shifted from its secured foundations. Assisting Dr. Camblos throughout the difficult operation were Lt. Rex R. Reed, USNR, executive officer of the ship who served as anaesthetist; Chief Pharmacist's Mate John Cake, USNR, and Pharmacist's mate third class Gordon Eaton.

Designated as the first naval hospital ship to serve as a base hospital in combat areas, the USS Consolation, under command of Comdr. Preston S. Tambilag, was placed in commission 22 May at ceremonies held at Hoboken, N. J.

The 15,000 ton converted C-4 type cargo vessel will have capacity of 800 beds, with Captain Lloyd R. Newhauser aboard as senior medical officer. A sister ship, the USS Repose is slated for commissioning today at Bethlehem's Brooklyn yard.

Women's Army Corps—Lowering of the age limit for enlistment in the WAC from 50 to 38 years was announced 22 May by the War Department. The move is aimed at putting women in the service on the same basis as men and is in line with the policy of a general scheduled reduction of age throughout the service whenever it can be accomplished.

Women enlisted after 12 May 1945, will not be eligible for discharge because of separation of their husbands from the armed services until they have been in the WAC one year. An estimated 8,000 enlisted women are eligible to request discharge under the recently announced policy authorizing discharge for those over 40 who have served one year of active duty.

Army Casualties

(Continued from Page 1189)

1st Lt. R. J. O'Leary	2nd Lt. L. G. Smith, Jr.
1st Lt. V. G. Charleson	Maj. J. F. Tolleson
2nd Lt. R. E. Stewart	FO L. V. Warren
Maj. R. W. La Roque	2nd Lt. R. K. Mlars
2nd Lt. P. J. McGirr	2nd Lt. V. R. Peterson
2nd Lt. E. J. McLoughlin	1st Lt. H. L. Muzzy
1st Lt. R. W. Horrigan	2nd Lt. J. S. Murphy
2nd Lt. H. B. Shafer	2nd Lt. H. R. Polokoff
2nd Lt. J. Sellhammer	2nd Lt. L. E. Long
1st Lt. E. Allig	2nd Lt. E. D. Jette
FO E. H. Brown	FO W. H. Watkins
FO J. F. Henderson	1st Lt. J. Wilson
2nd Lt. J. F. Schmid	FO W. R. Miller
FO A. C. Shirk	2nd Lt. H. G. Moss
2nd Lt. E. P. Vickless	2nd Lt. G. M. Plowman
2nd Lt. E. B. Havener	1st Lt. J. A. Regan
1st Lt. W. C. Perkins	1st Lt. G. W. Bagley
2nd Lt. K. L. Bedor	2nd Lt. T. H. Esklund
1st Lt. N. Robins	2nd Lt. G. L. Latches
Maj. H. G. Sanders	2nd Lt. H. Stein
2nd Lt. H. R. Spurrier	2nd Lt. W. J. Lynch
1st Lt. D. R. Wheeler	2nd Lt. B. May
1st Lt. R. O. Bade	FO R. L. McCleskey
2nd Lt. C. H. Bowers	FO M. L. Dicks
1st Lt. H. V. Camp	1st Lt. J. W. Greenman
2nd Lt. R. Kochevar	FO K. W. Cross
2nd Lt. D. J. Unger	FO S. Kalan
1st Lt. E. T. Bissinger	1st Lt. M. A. Nations
1st Lt. J. A. Peterburg	Maj. H. A. Pruitt
Capt. W. J. Robertson	2nd Lt. L. E. Robinson, Jr.
2nd Lt. W. R. Shaw	Lt. Col. S. S. Woods
2nd Lt. W. F. Hesley	2nd Lt. V. F. Eineder
2nd Lt. J. C. Monahan	1st Lt. D. Stewart
1st Lt. N. F. Mills, Jr.	2nd Lt. J. R. Holcomb
1st Lt. J. P. Lowman	1st Lt. W. B. Hoelscher
2nd Lt. L. Markley	2nd Lt. G. K. Townsend, Jr.
2nd Lt. W. T. Burgess	FO D. E. Merriam
FO J. W. Cole	2nd Lt. E. J. Risk
Maj. W. J. Derner	FO E. J. Pruitt
2nd Lt. R. L. Grubbs	Capt. W. L. Sutton
2nd Lt. B. J. Lancaster	1st Lt. R. G. Thompson
2nd Lt. H. M. Luper, Jr.	1st Lt. W. S. Currie
2nd Lt. D. E. Gillespie	1st Lt. F. Yakos
1st Lt. H. B. Humphrey	2nd Lt. L. J. Hayney
1st Lt. G. Howard	2nd Lt. W. W. McCanso
1st Lt. R. E. Gray	1st Lt. A. A. Maki
1st Lt. J. H. Scott	2nd Lt. G. C. Munroe, Jr.
2nd Lt. W. D. Simmons, III	1st Lt. P. B. O'Connell
2nd Lt. A. L. Skogberg	1st Lt. D. H. Stott
1st Lt. R. O. Davis	FO W. N. Fitzsimons
2nd Lt. C. K. Winters	FO T. F. Lasch
FO J. R. Halbert	1st Lt. J. P. Mulhern
2nd Lt. R. C. Loechle	2nd Lt. R. W. Turner
1st Lt. S. E. Estill	1st Lt. E. H. Rushmore
2nd Lt. E. M. Reichart	Capt. R. R. Scott
2nd Lt. J. L. Matt	1st Lt. R. D. Leonard
2nd Lt. R. K. McCune	2nd Lt. B. E. Thomas
1st Lt. G. W. Harri-man	FO S. Stern
2nd Lt. A. I. Sellars, Jr.	1st Lt. W. J. Schlecht
1st Lt. L. M. Paulsen	FO R. D. Stacey
1st Lt. R. G. Schindler	2nd Lt. T. H. Moore
1st Lt. J. B. Wolfe	2nd Lt. T. V. Tronoff, Jr.
2nd Lt. L. E. Gwin	Capt. R. E. Vall
2nd Lt. V. J. Mulvany	2nd Lt. J. W. Kelly
2nd Lt. W. A. Lien	Capt. P. Magura
1st Lt. H. J. Rathban	1st Lt. T. B. Patchen, Jr.
1st Lt. T. F. Simpson, Jr.	1st Lt. W. R. Preddy
1st Lt. S. Mackey, Jr.	

(Please turn to Next Page)



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Best**

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tube or jar

Army Casualties

(Continued from Preceding Page)

2nd Lt. L. F. Krasho- wets	Col. R. J. Wallace
2nd Lt. R. H. Talbot	1st Lt. N. N. Shane
1st Lt. J. W. Lamb	2nd Lt. D. J. Waldb
2nd Lt. J. K. Laubach	FO P. R. Ashworth
2nd Lt. T. A. Kline	2nd Lt. G. Zellofsky
1st Lt. A. L. Lake	WO (Jg) E. E. Baker
2nd Lt. H. W. McAl- lister	2nd Lt. H. L. Skinner
1st Lt. P. A. Pastras	2nd Lt. D. D. Cough- lan, Jr.
1st Lt. L. M. Lovell	2nd Lt. N. O. Arie
1st Lt. D. J. Rhodes	1st Lt. E. D. Cartmill
1st Lt. H. L. Hodges, jr.	Capt. J. D. Hurst
1st Lt. J. C. Taylor	2nd Lt. F. D. Osborne
FO P. Uruski	1st Lt. T. S. Morrison
FO H. E. Menzer	1st Lt. D. E. Sanders
1st Lt. W. Mauger	Capt. J. W. Hornbeak
2nd Lt. C. J. Howard	1st Lt. N. W. Irwin
FO A. W. Teel	2nd Lt. N. S. Potthoff
1st Lt. F. W. Cordner	1st Lt. R. G. Ritchie
1st Lt. E. M. Nettles	1st Lt. A. F. Paulina
1st Lt. J. E. Lariviere	2nd Lt. J. H. Sharp
FO R. W. Tyler	1st Lt. G. E. Knox
1st Lt. S. E. Ziegler	FO S. S. Poulos
2nd Lt. R. L. Renaud	Maj. W. M. Leebron
2nd Lt. J. F. Pruitt, jr.	1st Lt. A. J. Adams
2nd Lt. J. A. Rodgers	1st Lt. R. W. Brimmer
2nd Lt. P. Ross	2nd Lt. G. E. Grist
2nd Lt. H. C. Sander- fur, Jr.	1st Lt. M. S. Pilligan
FO G. S. Thomas	FO C. P. Oestreich
2nd Lt. R. I. Murray	1st Lt. R. S. Ragsdale, jr.
1st Lt. R. E. Page	2nd Lt. N. V. Rodrick
2nd Lt. E. E. Llewel- lyn	1st Lt. D. W. Sharp
FO N. E. Melvin	2nd Lt. B. H. Harris
1st Lt. G. J. Schwarz	2nd Lt. D. A. Lange- ller
2nd Lt. J. V. Barti	1st Lt. D. A. Mac- Kenzie
2nd Lt. M. H. Miller, jr.	2nd Lt. J. C. Kirkland
2nd Lt. E. S. Nichols	2nd Lt. J. H. Pearson
1st Lt. A. B. Nickels	1st Lt. I. J. Prokes
2nd Lt. J. B. Thomas, jr.	1st Lt. A. W. Rendle- man
2nd Lt. W. Jones	2nd Lt. J. R. McKin- ney
1st Lt. A. L. Miskend	2nd Lt. W. T. Thistle
1st Lt. B. Roark	Maj. C. R. McIntire
2nd Lt. L. G. Olson	2nd Lt. E. H. Sher- man
2nd Lt. P. K. Trues- dell	2nd Lt. R. A. Spauld- ing
2nd Lt. M. R. Barthol- omew	1st Lt. R. A. Ther- iault
2nd Lt. H. J. McFad- den	1st Lt. W. J. Vetter
2nd Lt. L. E. Hints	Capt. W. A. Jack
1st Lt. R. K. Lambert	2nd Lt. La Mar W.
1st Lt. W. E. McCal- lister	Blanchard
1st Lt. R. R. Chrisman	1st Lt. A. H. Huether
2nd Lt. K. E. Lamer	2nd Lt. R. K. Abel
FO G. P. Lake	1st Lt. K. F. Carey
Capt. D. H. Lewis	2nd Lt. F. Von Bors- tel, Jr.
1st Lt. T. L. Allen	2nd Lt. C. R. Roberts
2nd Lt. G. C. Rock	FO W. W. MacIntosh
2nd Lt. D. R. Thomp- son	1st Lt. S. L. Rogers
1st Lt. L. H. McGlin- nes	2nd Lt. D. F. Lang
Capt. C. E. Musgrove	Capt. J. E. Ralston
2nd Lt. R. T. Newton	1st Lt. A. C. Raycraft
Lt. Col. E. G. Righetti	2nd Lt. K. G. McIn- tyre
1st Lt. W. J. Patter- son	2nd Lt. R. L. Dietz
1st Lt. A. M. Shull	1st Lt. G. E. Noe
1st Lt. R. D. Carter	1st Lt. R. N. Olsen, Jr.
2nd Lt. J. W. McAfee	2nd Lt. P. R. Rous- seau
Capt. J. E. Murphy	1st Lt. V. B. Tally
1st Lt. E. L. Walker	1st Lt. R. W. Toney
Capt. E. S. Lindley	2nd Lt. D. F. Roufs
2nd Lt. B. B. Swear- engin	2nd Lt. L. J. Tenen- baum
Capt. O. F. Robbins	2nd Lt. J. O. Larson
1st Lt. A. J. Sauler	2nd Lt. H. E. Waples
2nd Lt. R. D. Schar	1st Lt. G. F. Warner
2nd Lt. S. L. Pascal	1st Lt. J. F. Spencer
2nd Lt. P. A. Snyder	1st Lt. M. B. Lamb
1st Lt. F. A. Ade	2nd Lt. J. C. Rey- nolds
2nd Lt. R. C. Brandt	FO D. W. Glebelhaus
2nd Lt. C. D. Manners	1st Lt. T. O. McCarthy
Maj. L. G. Carter	1st Lt. W. T. Wright
1st Lt. E. A. Thomp- son	1st Lt. J. C. Murphy
	1st Lt. B. S. Palmer
	2nd Lt. W. E. Peake

Cut War Appropriations

President Truman this week submitted to Congress a list of proposed rescissions of appropriations totaling \$92,119,000 in current appropriations for several war and war-related agencies. Largest individual cut was in the Office of Scientific Research and Development, \$18,000,000, while next largest was in the Office of Strategic Services, \$14,000,000.

Liquidation Commission

Mr. James S. Knowlson of Chicago, President of the Stewart-Warner Corporation and former War Production Board Vice Chairman, has been appointed Central Field Commissioner for the European Theatre of Operations, Mr. Thomas B. McCabe, Army-Navy Liquidation Commissioner, announced 19 May.

Sea Service Casualties

Casualties of the Navy, Marine Corps and Coast Guard released for publication since 7 December 1941 now total 100,287 as follows: Dead, 42,735; wounded, 51,748; missing, 10,357, and prisoners of war, 4,247.

Those released this week are:

SAFE	
U. S. Marine Corps Reserve	
*2nd Lt. W. W. Taylor, Jr.	
DEAD	
U. S. Navy	
Lt. Comdr. H. F. Gra-	Lt. (Jg) R. J. Ras-
ham, sr.	mussen
Lt. Comdr. J. T. Pres-	Lt. (Jg) G. G. Hart
ton	Ens. R. C. Thomsen
*Lt. J. W. Carter	Ens. V. F. Padelaky
U. S. Naval Reserve	
Lt. J. D. Maple	Lt. (Jg) W. H. Martin
Lt. J. R. O. Rickard	Ens. R. Petersen
Lt. (Jg) W. L. Scott	Ens. C. H. Rogers, jr.
Ens. C. D. Pipes, sr.	Lt. (Jg) F. E. Hedges
Lt. (Jg) S. M. Hawley	Comdr. H. E. Stedman
Lt. (Jg) H. E. Weber	Lt. J. F. Kincaid
Ens. R. F. A. Griggs	Lt. R. J. Purcell
Lt. (Jg) W. Mc Thom-	Ens. W. W. McCabe
son	Lt. (Jg) R. H. Moon
Ens. E. E. Hasse	*Ens. M. G. Alberts
Ens. S. J. Drago	Lt. (Jg) M. W. John-
Comdr. (MC) C. H.	son
Brown	+Lt. W. C. Armstrong
*Lt. Comdr. C. B.	Ens. E. B. Krause
Baldwin	Lt. H. W. Worley
Lt. (Jg) J. B. Sheets	Lt. H. W. Leelan
Mch. N. L. Gordon	Ens. W. W. Stephens
Ens. B. F. Harper, jr.	Ens. R. G. Berenson
Lt. (Jg) T. R. Franks	Ens. R. E. Quack
Lt. (Jg) J. E. Stotz	+Ens. E. B. Pritchard
Ens. J. R. Vilsack	
U. S. Marine Corps Reserve	
1st Lt. H. J. Moore	Capt. R. W. Conant
+1st Lt. W. D. Martt	2nd Lt. D. E. Erick-
1st Lt. H. W. Jones	son
1st Lt. P. B. Hazlett	2nd Lt. E. L. Iverson
1st Lt. C. H. Hill	1st Lt. R. E. Severson
2nd Lt. C. R. Miller	2nd Lt. J. L. Propst,
2nd Lt. J. H. Green	jr.
1st Lt. J. W. Fox	1st Lt. W. K. Oullette
2nd Lt. William Quirk	Capt. M. H. Polin
WOUNDED	
U. S. Navy	
Comdr. H. G. Moore	Lt. (Jg) R. L. Battles
Lt. (Jg) C. W. Hood	Ens. W. H. Sells
U. S. Naval Reserve	
Lt. (Jg) R. C. Brew-	Lt. F. E. Henry
ster	Ens. F. C. Ralson
Lt. G. G. Craddock,	Lt. (Jg) R. St. J. Kies-
jr.	ter
Lt. (Jg) J. J. Mittie-	Lt. S. M. Hammond
man	Lt. J. A. Rogers
Lt. Comdr. E. N. Foss,	Ens. A. R. McInnes
II	Ens. A. G. Goodberlet
Lt. B. H. Brittin	Ens. Bert Jameson
Lt. B. G. Clarke	Ens. P. T. McDonald
Lt. E. P. Churchill	Lt. (Jg) L. A. Wilson
Lt. J. H. Finley, jr.	Ens. E. W. Meredith
Ens. C. B. Ingels	Ens. D. T. Lempe
Lt. (Jg) L. J. Milligan	Ens. W. H. Hazle-
Lt. G. G. Gregg, jr.	hurst
Ens. T. N. Lennox	Ens. J. K. Jeanes
Lt. E. O. Saltmarsh	Ens. H. M. Nelson
Lt. (Jg) G. Wenglein	Lt. (Jg) D. L. Gibson
Lt. R. L. Hurley	Lt. C. F. Johnson
Ens. R. W. Ice	Ens. D. E. Eppinger
Lt. (Jg) W. E. Glas-	Ens. J. W. Enders
sell, III	
U. S. Marine Corps	
2nd Lt. W. S. Norris,	Col. R. C. Scollin
jr.	
U. S. Marine Corps Reserve	
2nd Lt. L. W. Donoho	1st Lt. J. I. Nevans
1st Lt. H. Slau, jr.	2nd Lt. C. F. Temple
1st Lt. W. B. Moore	
MISSING	
U. S. Navy	
Lt. Comdr. R. J. Os-	Lt. Comdr. B. V. Gates
trom	Ens. L. R. McDonnell
U. S. Naval Reserve	
Ens. M. E. Krainz	Ens. G. W. McAdoo
Lt. T. J. Lynds, jr.	Lt. E. LeR. Miller
Ens. J. F. Tunney, III	Ens. W. E. Norgren
Lt. (Jg) W. McL. Mar-	Ens. R. L. Mosher
tin	Lt. C. W. Wilson
Ens. D. M. Lykes	Ens. D. C. Kirby
Ens. L. F. Isley	Lt. (Jg) R. W. Karr
Lt. E. S. Helm	Lt. (Jg) R. H. Powell
Ens. C. J. Janson	Ens. G. L. Theiss, jr.
Ens. G. L. Shade	Ens. W. S. Harring-
Lt. (Jg) H. R. Brandt	ton
Lt. (Jg) Kenneth F.	Lt. Mark L. Orr
Sweeney	Ens. F. A. Hunziker
Lt. (Jg) Dennis Lund	Ens. D. W. Henkel
Lt. (Jg) E. J. Baden	Ens. J. M. Finley
Lt. Comdr. J. F. Pat-	Ens. J. H. Hawley
terson	Ens. Dennis Gray
Ens. R. W. Harris	Ens. C. E. Irvine, jr.
Lt. (Jg) J. V. Jones	Ens. R. F. Miller
Ens. W. J. Feneran,	Lt. W. D. See
jr.	Ens. J. L. Trentman,
Lt. (Jg) S. L. Fisher	jr.
Lt. (Jg) H. E. Hen-	Lt. (Jg) E. K. Reed
drickson	Ens. A. R. Ives
U. S. Marine Corps Reserve	
2nd Lt. J. L. Garlock	

*Previously reported missing.

+Previously reported wounded.

Ask any veteran back from overseas what is the answer to keeping small arms in good condition. He will without hesitation actu- ally shout "More Preventive Maintenance."

U. S. War Roundup

NAVY DEPARTMENT

No. 590, 16 May, Atlantic: The USS Fred- erick C. Davis, a destroyer escort, was sunk recently in the Atlantic by an enemy subma- rine.

TWENTIETH AIR FORCE

No. 103, 14 May: Twentieth Air Force B-29s attacking the greatest strength yet mounted by Superfortresses, bombed important indus- trial targets at Nagoya, on the Japanese home- land island of Honshu, on 13 May. The attack was carried out by instrument and visual means and crews reported results as excel- lent. Flying from their bases in the Mariana Islands, more than 500 B-29s of Maj. Gen. Curtis E. LeMay's XXI Bomber Command partici- pated in the assault to demolish vital tar- gets at Nagoya, Japan's principal aircraft production center.

No. 105, 19 May: A very large task force of B-29s of the Twentieth Air Force attacked industrial targets on the Japanese homeland island of Honshu 18 May. The mission was directed at factory areas in Tokyo and Hamamatsu, but because of bad weather conditions at Tokyo most of the force struck at Hamamatsu. The mission was mounted by planes from the XXI Bomber Command in the Mari- ana.

U. S. FORCES IN CHINA

16 May—In strikes against Japanese troops and supply lines on 15 May the Fourteenth Air Force damaged enemy shipping on the Yangtze River and bombed terminal facilities at Kiuksiang, southeast of Hankow. They hit Hankow and Yochow.

17 May—Hitting retreating enemy columns over the Hunan front, fighters caused heavy casualties. In the South China border area fighters struck Japanese positions and com- munications.

18 May—United States Fourteenth Air Force fighters and bombers concentrated on supply lines of the beaten Japanese armies on the Hunan and Hunan Province fronts on 16 and 17 May.

19 May—P-47s of the Fourteenth Air Force hit the Japanese staging area at Taying, southeast of the Yellow River bend. B-25s hammered communications lines and railroads from the Yellow River to Kingmen, north of Tungting Lake.

20 May—Four hundred enemy troops were destroyed ten miles southeast of Huleuehchen and east of the Yellow River bend by a mis- sion of P-47s. They also hit enemy troops at Sichwan, northwest of Paohow. B-25s struck Kaifeng and Shansien.

21 May—Seventy-three enemy trucks were destroyed and seventy-four others damaged by Fourteenth Air Force fighters in missions against Japanese supply lines and troop con- centrations in central Hunan Province, west of the Slang River, in the areas of Yangchi, Liping, Shaoyang and Sinning on 20 May.

22 May—Medium bombers of the Fourteenth Air Force killed hundreds of Japanese troops on the Hunan-Honan fronts on 21 May. Nine locomotives were damaged in operations against enemy supply lines north and south of the Yellow River.

GEN. MACARTHUR'S HQ., PACIFIC

17 May, East Indies—Heavy bombers struck airdromes and supply facilities near Menado and Pare Pare in Celebes and at Bima in the Lesser Sunda. Patrol planes sank a 3,000-ton freighter-transport at Macassar and har- assed occupied areas in the Halmaheras.

18 May, Asiatic Coast—Our patrol bombers swept the China Sea, attacked University Air- drome at Canton and coastal rail facilities in French Indo-China. A river boat, tug, several barges and coastal craft were destroyed or damaged.

19 May, Formosa—Japanese air bases and industries were again the targets for our heavy and medium units, carrying 187 tons. Low-level attacks over a wide area started large fires in alcohol and magnesium plants and in railroad yards. Airdrome installations and troop concentrations at Taichi were well covered by bombs.

20 May, Borneo—On Tarakan our combat patrols engaged in minor clashes with the enemy's forces in the central hills. Heavy bombers dropped ninety-two tons on air- dromes at Balikpapan, Bintulu and Sibit, cratering runways. Mediums destroyed large buildings at Kudat, on the north coast.

21 May, New Guinea-Bismarcks-Colomons—In the Wewak sector our eastern force has cleared Brandt Plantation while three and one-half miles to the west our troops are engaging the enemy at the edge of the Boram airfield. Bombers and fighters with sixty-two tons supported our forces on New Guinea and Bougainville, struck bivouacs at Rabaul and targets of opportunity on New Ireland.

22 May, Luzon—In upper Luzon I Corps units are steadily driving the enemy back into the Cagayan Valley. Our medium, attack and fighter-bombers dropped 238 tons in close- support missions and in attacks on enemy rear installations. Light naval units bombarded enemy shore defenses on the eastern coast.

23 May, Mindanao—The Thirty-first Divi- sion has liberated Malaybalay, provincial capital of Bukidnon, and secured the near-by airfield against scattered enemy resistance. North of Davao the Twenty-fourth Division advanced four miles against moderate oppo- sition to the northern outskirts of Bunawan and is less than two miles from Licanan air-

drome, only remaining Davao air installation in enemy hands.

ADM. NIMITZ HQ., PACIFIC

No. 362, 14 May—About 35 enemy aircraft in three groups attacked our ships off the Coast of Okinawa on the evening of 13 May, causing some damage to two light units. Twenty-five of the planes were shot down, one of our destroyers accounting for eight aircraft.

On the afternoon of 13 May, two rifle com- panies of the 96th Infantry Division reached the summit of Conical Hill, 2,500 yards east of Shuri holding the position despite a Japa- nese counterattack. The 383rd Infantry Regi- ment of the 96th Division completed capture of the hill on 14 May. Domination of this high ground permitted our left flank to advance 2,400 yards southward along the East Coast bringing Yonabaru airstrip into our posses- sion.

No. 363, 15 May—Airfield installations at Kokubu, Kanoya, Chirana and Kagoshima on Kyushu were bombed by Avenger torpedo planes of the Fast Carrier Task Forces of the U. S. Pacific Fleet on the night of 12-13 May.

Twelve enemy planes were shot down dur- ing this period. On 13 and 14 May heavy strikes of torpedo aircraft, Helldiver bombers and Corsair and Hellcat fighters were launched against airfields throughout Kyushu and in parts of Shikoku in the Japanese Em- pire. During these two days our aircraft de- stroyed 71 enemy planes and a barrage bal- loon in the air and 93 planes on the ground and destroyed or damaged 108 more on the ground. An additional 73 aircraft were brought under machine gun and rocket at- tack with unobserved results. Railroad in- stallations in Kyushu were heavily hit with an oil train, four locomotives, a railroad sta- tion, a chemical plant and a number of large buildings destroyed or seriously damaged. Our planes also struck buildings, barracks and aviation installations at airdromes in Saikiota, Miyakonojo, Kikuchi, Ashiya, Gan- nosu, Kofuji, Usa, Izumi, Tachiarai, Chiran, Omur and Hitoyoshi on Kyushu and at air- fields in Kochi and Matsuyama on Shikoku. Two motor boats and two luggers were sunk and a repair ship, seven torpedo boats, four luggers, a small cargo ship, four small craft and a tug were damaged on 13 and 14 May. Preliminary reports indicate that our forces lost about 10 aircraft in these attacks.

No. 364, 16 May—Marine and Army infantry- men supported by tanks, aircraft, field ar- tillery and Naval gunfire continued to carry the attack to the enemy on Okinawa on 16 May, but the lines remained substantially un- changed.

At the end of 15 May, the enemy had lost 46,505 killed in action at Okinawa. Our forces on that date had captured 1,038 prisoners. Reports through 14 May show that 2,771 sol- diers and 1,010 Marines have been killed in action in the Okinawa operations. In the same period 11,675 soldiers and 5,329 Marines have been wounded and 129 soldiers and 36 Marines are missing.

No. 365, 17 May—Elements of the 6th Ma- rine Division crossed the Asato River and gained a small bridgehead in Naha, capital of Okinawa on 17 May. During the late after- noon the Marines, after heavy fighting, also captured "Sugar Loaf Hill" several hundred yards northeast of Takimotoji. On the Third Amphibious Corps' left flank, troops of the First Marine Division reached Wana Town during the day. Without advance artillery preparation, infantrymen of the 77th Army Division made a surprise night attack against enemy positions on the high ground in the vicinity of Ishimmi Town and reached the outskirts of the town by noon of 17 May. In the 96th Infantry Division zone of action, enemy resistance was heavy in the hill masses east of Ishimmi and in the ridges running south of Conical Hill. Some progress was being made in destruction of enemy strong points.

No. 366, 18 May—During the period 16-17 May, troops of the Tenth Army penetrated sectors of the enemy's line on Okinawa which are being defended with the greatest tenacity of the entire operation. On the evening of 16 May "G" Company of the 383rd Regiment, 96th Infantry Division at the crest of Conical Hill engaged in a one-hour grenade battle with a force of counter-attacking Japanese before driving the enemy off the Peak. On the same day in the 77th Infantry Division, zone of action the 307th Regiment captured a small hill, twice were forced to retire on both occasions, recaptured the Hill on the morning of 17 May and again were forced to retire due to heavy artillery and mortar fire later in the day. The 1st Marine Division captured a Japanese command post on top of a small hill between Dakeshi and Wana on the afternoon of May 17 after overcoming intense opposition from caves. The 6th Marine Division which captured "Sugar Loaf Hill" on the same day detained possession of it only after losing it twice to heavy counterattacks. During this Division's advance from the Asa to the Asato River it is estimated that two battalions of Japanese were destroyed.

No. 367, 19 May—Troops of the Tenth Army maintained heavy pressure on the en- emy along the whole southern front of Okinawa on 18 May, meeting strong resistance at all points on the front lines. The Sixth Marine Division withdrew from "Sugar Loaf Hill" in the western sector after nightfall on

(Please turn to Page 1202)

Service Sons at USMA

(Continued from Page 1179)

Mrs. John W. Coffey.
Dabney, Walter D., jr., son of Col. and Mrs. Walter D. Dabney.
Blood, Kenneth T., jr., son of Maj. Gen. and Mrs. K. T. Blood.
Rochefort, Joseph J., son of Capt. and Mrs. J. J. Rochefort, USN.
Ives, Robert N., son of Col. Albert Russell Ives, AGO. (Prisoner of War, Mukden, Manchukuo).
Cunningham, Robert M., son of Col. Charles H. Cunningham.
Hause, Harry B., son of Col. and Mrs. Francis A. Hause.
Monroe, Putnam W., son of Col. and Mrs. Thomas H. Monroe.
Eckert, Robert P., son of Col. and Mrs. John P. Eckert.
Nelson, Paul B., jr., son of Col. and Mrs. Paul B. Nelson.
Byron, Joseph R., son of Maj. Gen. and Mrs. Joseph W. Byron.
Fortier, Louis Renshaw, son of Brig. Gen. and Mrs. Louis J. Fortier.
Holcombe, William H., jr., son of Brig. Gen. and Mrs. W. H. Holcombe.
Greer, Charles F., son of Brig. Gen. and Mrs. Frank U. Greer.
Field, David M., son of Col. and Mrs. L. O. Field.
Lindsay, Robert G., son of CWO (USN) and Mrs. Edward G. Lindsay.
Vinson, Wilbur H., jr., son of Col. and Mrs. W. H. Vinson.
Caffey, Lochlin W., son of Col. and Mrs. Eugene M. Caffey.
Tobias, Robert B., jr., son of Col. and Mrs. R. B. Tobias.
Bush, George Monroe, son of Col. and Mrs. James E. Bush.
Truxes, Arthur Henry, jr., son of Col. and Mrs. Arthur H. Truxes.
Childress, Albert W., jr., son of Capt. and Mrs. Albert W. Childress, (Ret.)
McMurdo, Strathmore K., son of Col. and Mrs. Hew B. McMurdo.
McQuarrie, Claude Monroe, jr., son of Col. and Mrs. C. M. McQuarrie.
Marriott, Thomas E., son of Lt. Col. and Mrs. John E. Marriott.
Ochs, William V., jr., son of Col. and Mrs. William V. Ochs.
Carter, Charles F., jr., son of Col. and Mrs. Charles F. Carter.
Drake, Warren W., son of Lt. Col. and Mrs. J. H. Drake.
Hill, Joseph C., son of Lt. Col. H. W. Hill, (Ret.)
Rouch, James J., son of Lt. Col. and Mrs. A. J. Rouch.
Mackinnon, Robert N., son of Col. and Mrs. W. R. Mackinnon.
O'Brien, James H., son of Maj. and Mrs. Jas. H. O'Brien.
King, Harry L., son of Lt. Col. and Mrs. H. L. King.
Schroeder, Thomas L., son of Col. Henry J. Schroeder.
Stickman, William R., son of Col. and Mrs. William R. Stickman.
Sprinkle, Lester A., jr., son of Col. and Mrs. L. A. Sprinkle.
Sherwood, John W., jr., son of Col. and Mrs. J. W. Sherwood.
Edwards, James K., son of Col. and Mrs. Basil D. Edwards, (Ret.)
Gudgel, Edward F., jr., son of Capt. and Mrs. E. F. Gudgel.
Starkey, Henry M. M., son of Col. and Mrs. John R. Starkey.
Wolfe, William R., jr., son of Col. and Mrs. W. R. Wolfe.
Fox, Lawrence J., jr., son of Maj. and Mrs. L. J. Fox.
Stewart, George C., son of Brig. Gen. and Mrs. G. C. Stewart.
Koehl, Kenneth G., son of Cpl. Thelma S. Koehl, WAC.
Minckler, Homer R., son of Col. and Mrs. Rex W. Minckler.
Pierce, Charles S., son of Col. and Mrs. Kenneth Pierce.
Stuart, James A., jr., son of Col. and Mrs. J. A. Stuart, USMC.
Wallace, George M., son of Maj. Gen. and Mrs. Fred C. Wallace.
Catron, Thomas B., IV, son of Brig. Gen. and Mrs. Thomas B. Catron, II.
James, Bernard M., son of Maj. and Mrs. Arthur V. L. James.
Blessley, Rowland C. W., jr., son of Col. and Mrs. R. C. W. Blessley.
Freede, Alexander O., jr., son of Maj. and Mrs. A. O. Freede.
Malony, James L., son of Maj. Gen. Harry J. Malony.
Adams, Carroll E., jr., son of Lt. Col. and Mrs. Carroll E. Adams.
Hogenberger, Robert F., son of Brig. Gen. Albert F. Hogenberger.
Sargent, Chester C., son of Col. C. E. Sargent.
Harrington, James B., son of Lt. Col. and Mrs. J. B. Harrington.
Libert, William C., son of Brig. Gen. and Mrs. Edwin L. Libert.
Hogan, Harold F., son of Col. Daniel W. Hogan.
Fletcher, John W., jr., son of Lt. Col. and Mrs. John W. Fletcher.
Crane, Richard C., son of Col. and Mrs. Richard Z. Crane.
Carnes, Richard C., son of Col. and Mrs.

James J. Carnes.
Sullivan, C. Caruthers, jr., son of Maj. and Mrs. C. C. Sullivan.
Hunt, Ira A., son of Lt. Col. Ira A. Hunt.
Hoge, George F., son of Brig. Gen. William M. Hoge.
Mason, Edward J., son of Capt. and Mrs. Williams S. Mason.
Sheppard, Albert D., jr., son of Lt. Col. and Mrs. A. D. Sheppard.
Brownell, James R., jr., son of Col. and Mrs. J. R. Brownell.
Gleason, Thomas R., son of T/S Thomas W. Gleason and Mrs. Gleason.
Pettee, Jack C., son of Col. and Mrs. Charles S. Pettee.
Henshaw, James Lynn, son of Lt. Col. and Mrs. Fred M. Henshaw.
Higgins, David, son of Capt. and Mrs. Gilbert H. Higgins.
Goff, John L., jr., son of Col. and Mrs. John L. Goff.
Rutledge, Cecil L., son of Col. and Mrs. Cecil L. Rutledge.
Stebbins, Albert K., III, son of Col. A. K. Stebbins, jr.
Hurley, Wilson P., son of Maj. Gen. and Mrs. Patrick J. Hurley.
Warren, John Wiley, son of Col. and Mrs. J. W. Warren.
Williver, Richard Wale, son of Maj. and Mrs. W. W. Williver.
Powers, Patrick W., son of Col. and Mrs. P. F. Powers.
Westervelt, Dirck D., son of Brig. Gen. W. I. Westervelt.
Cowles, Stuart L., jr., son of Col. and Mrs. Stuart L. Cowles.
Bailey, Kincheon H., jr., son of Col. and Mrs. K. H. Bailey.
Jones, Lawrence McGee, son of Col. and Mrs. L. McC. Jones.
Campbell, Clark S., son of Col. and Mrs. J. T. Campbell.
Linden, John Henning, son of Brig. Gen. and Mrs. Henning Linden.
Stewart, Keith MacA., son of Col. and Mrs. John A. Stewart.
Hayden, James L., son of Col. and Mrs. James L. Hayden.
Carbonell, Waldo L., son of Col. and Mrs. A. Carbonell.
Schelter, Louis J., jr., son of Capt. and Mrs. L. J. Schelter.
Stewart, Malcolm Nebeker, jr., son of Col. and Mrs. Malcolm N. Stewart.
Harmeling, John T., son of Col. and Mrs. Henry Harmeling.
Thompson, Alfred G., son of Col. and Mrs. O. N. Thompson.
Conrad, Robert G., son of Lt. Col. and Mrs. Edward Conrad.
Fischer, Carl H., son of Capt. and Mrs. Carl H. Fischer.
Arnold, Archibald V., jr., son of Maj. Gen. and Mrs. A. V. Arnold.
McCarron, Edward F., jr., son of Lt. Col. and Mrs. E. F. McCarron.
McNamee, Roland W., jr., son of Col. and Mrs. Roland W. McNamee.
Bohn, John V., son of Brig. Gen. John J. Bohn.
Craig, William B., son of Maj. Gen. and Mrs. Louis A. Craig.
Reese, Robert M., son of Lt. and Mrs. Lloyd W. Reese, USNR.
Zeldner, Robert F., son of Col. and Mrs. S. I. Zeldner.
Morris, James Monroe, jr., son of Lt. Col. and Mrs. James M. Morris.
Shaw, Harry J., son of Col. and Mrs. Franklin P. Shaw.
Farr, Daniel E., II, son of Col. and Mrs. Daniel E. Farr.
Breen, Robert G., son of Maj. Gen. and Mrs. R. G. Breen.
Horner, Robert Roff, son of Col. A. A. Horner.
Bartron, Robert S., son of Brig. Gen. and Mrs. H. A. Bartron.
Tyler, John P., son of CWO and Mrs. Charles B. Tyler.
Lee, Robert E., son of Lt. Col. A. H. Lee.
Gandy, Charles L., jr., son of Col. and Mrs. Charles L. Gandy.
Callahan, Patrick O., son of Col. James W. Callahan. (Prisoner of War, Mukden, Manchukuo).
Nelson, Robert C., son of Col. and Mrs. Donald H. Nelson.
Alfonse, James M., son of Brig. Gen. and Mrs. James R. Alfonse.
Martin, John B., jr., son of Lt. Col. and Mrs. John B. Martin.
Hoffman, Joseph H., son of Lt. Comdr. Joseph H. Hoffman.
Prescott, Daniel C., son of CWO (USN) H. F. Prescott.
Curtis, Charles H., son of Brig. Gen. and Mrs. Charles C. Curtis.
Perry, Daniel C., son of Brig. Gen. B. H. Perry.
Elker, James H., son of 1st Sgt. and Mrs. F. F. Elker.
McMurray, William H., son of Col. and Mrs. C. M. McMurray.
Shadday, John L., son of Capt. A. A. Shadday, USN.
Enehee, Edward S., son of Maj. and Mrs. Ed T. Enehee.
Scurr, Kenneth R., jr., son of Lt. Col. and Mrs. Kenneth R. Scurr.
Basham, Ray S., son of Capt. and Mrs. Noah M. Basham.
Minor, Richard B., son of Lt. Col. and Mrs. Joe Minor.

Howe, James W., son of Col. and Mrs. James H. Howe.
McBride, Robert W., son of Lt. Col. and Mrs. R. W. McBride.
Worthington, Fayette L., son of Col. and Mrs. Josiah W. Worthington. (Prisoner of War, Manchukuo).
McElroy, Edward R., son of Col. and Mrs. John L. McElroy.
Sawyer, Bickford E., jr., son of Col. and Mrs. Bickford E. Sawyer.
Crawford, David J., son of Col. and Mrs. D. J. Crawford.
Bullard, Paul K., son of Col. and Mrs. A. L. Bullard.
Horan, Robert M., son of Col. and Mrs. John P. Horan.
McDaniel, Robert L., son of Col. and Mrs. O. L. McDaniel.
Beesley, Jacques G., son of Col. O. E. Beesley.
Ladensohn, Kenneth R., son of Lt. Col. and Mrs. S. H. Ladensohn.
Longino, Thomas D., son of Brig. Gen. O. H. Longino.
Roffe, Adolphus Worrell, jr., son of Col. and Mrs. A. W. Roffe.
McChrystal, Herbert J., son of Col. and Mrs. H. J. McChrystal.
Gorder, Charles R., son of Brig. Gen. and Mrs. Alexander O. Gorder.
Jagiello, Walter A., son of M. T. Sgt. A. Jagiello.

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May 26, 1945

Morris, James D. M., son of Col. and Mrs. David A. Morris.
Marvin, Frank F., son of Col. and Mrs. Geo. W. Marvin.
Clarkson, William L., son of Col. and Mrs. William M. Clarkson.
Vandevanter, Chauncey B., son of Col. and Mrs. Elliott Vandevanter.
Stotokuh, Robert E., son of Lt. Col. and Mrs. Geo. Stotokuh.
Hurdie, Richard Warren, son of Brig. Gen. and Mrs. Charles E. Hurdie.
Chickering, John B., son of Brig. Gen. and Mrs. W. E. Chickering.
Nelson, Donald T., jr., son of Col. and Mrs. D. T. Nelson.
Kane, Francis B., son of Col. and Mrs. F. B. Kane.
Allen, Walter G., son of Brig. Gen. and Mrs. Frank A. Allen, jr.
Truscott, Lucian K., son of Lt. Gen. and Mrs. L. K. Truscott.
Dingeman, Robert Edward, son of Col. and Mrs. Ray E. Dingeman.
Pugh, Wilbur R., son of Capt. and Mrs. Roy Pugh.
Jones, Ray S., jr., son of Lt. Comdr. and Mrs. Ray S. Jones.
Pinkey, Vernon W., son of M/Sgt. William Pinkey.

SCHOOL AND CAMP DIRECTORY

The Schools and Camps listed below are effectively equipped to care for the educational and recreational needs of the children of members of the services and this Directory is recognized as an authentic and reliable aid to service parents in solving the problem of child education. For details as to the Schools listed in this Directory address them directly, or communicate with the Army and Navy Journal Department of Education, 1711 Cons. Ave., Washington 9, D. C.

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MRS. George C. Marshall, wife of the Chief of Staff, has gone to their place at Leesburg, Va., for the Summer, the old-time mansion being within easy driving distance from Fort Myer, so that the General can spend week-ends there.

Bookings at the chapels of the Military and Naval Academies are reported crowding each other as June brides make their plans for military nuptials following graduation at West Point and Annapolis. With the largest class in its history to be graduated 5 June at the Point, 853 cadets will receive diplomas and commissions as second lieutenants.

Among Army daughters to be married to Army sons at the Point will be Miss Virginia Leinani Stubbs, daughter of Col. and Mrs. Maurice G. Stubbs who is to be the bride of Robert Wallace Fry, son of Col. and Mrs. John H. Fry, and grandson of Col. W. B. Wallace, retired and Mrs. Wallace of Washington; and Miss Mary-Jane McGill, daughter of Col. and Mrs. Jos. E. McGill, who is to be married to Strathmore Keith McMurdo, son of Col. Hew B. McMurdo, commanding officer of Oliver General Hospital at Augusta, Ga. Miss McGill is herself to be graduated next month from the University of Texas. Her mother is residing in Austin, Tex., while her father is in the Pacific. She has been colonel of the Brat Regiment. Miss Stubbs attended Ward-Belmont and the University of Alabama. Her father is serving as G-4 on the staff of the Allied Airborne Army. Cadet Fry is to be commissioned in the Field Artillery and he and his bride will go to Fort Sill, Okla., he to report for duty.

The 6th of June is the day set at Annapolis for the commissioning of Midshipmen, and among the brides of the following day will be Miss Katherine Seward who is to be married to Midshipman Robert John Barnes, who will receive his diploma the day before. Miss Seward is the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Seward of Tenafly, N. J. Mr. Norman A.

SERVICE SOCIAL NEWS



MISS RUTH MILDRED DEVINE daughter of Maj. Gen. and Mrs. John Matthew Devine, USA, whose engagement to Midshipman Robert Wilson Finlay, jr., USNA, has been announced. The wedding will take place 6 June following graduation of Midshipman Finlay.

Barnes of Bryan, Ohio is the father of young Barnes.

Admiral and Mrs. Henry B. Wilson who have been staying with their daughter, Mrs. Patrick H. Hurley, while General Hurley has been absent, left Washington this past week for New York. Mrs. Hurley plans to go to their ranch in New Mexico before joining the General, the U. S. Ambassador to China in Chung King, as their young son, Wilson is to graduate from West Point in June, and wishes to spend his leave before assignment to duty at the family recreation spot in the West, with his mother.

Vice Admiral and Mrs. Charles E. Courtney have with them for a visit in Washington, the latter's daughter, Mrs. Christopher Bramwell, whose husband is attached to the British Embassy in Madrid.

At a brilliant luncheon Friday given for the women delegates to the San Francisco Conference on World Organization at the Palace Hotel Mrs. Carter Collins, wife of Colonel Collins, USA, spoke on the objectives of the inter-hemispheric and inter-Allied committees of the Association of Army and Navy wives.

Dr. Wu Yi-Fang, cited the aims and efforts of the women of China—Mrs. Anse G. Skood, those of the women of Norway. The sister of Nehru of India, Mrs. Vijaya Lashmi Pundit, spoke briefly of her ambitions for the women of India. Kathleen Norris and Dr. Aurelia Rinehart spoke of the great responsibility of women for the success of the present conference. Mrs. Jessie Street, delegate from Australia, told of the strength and determination of the women from "down under" and of the understanding which has come about through contacts there with our Army.

Mrs. Truman, wife of the President and Commander-in-Chief, has sent out invitations to an at-home at the White House for next Tuesday, 29 May.

Rear Adm. and Mrs. DeWitt Ramsey were guests of honor at an informal buffet supper Tuesday evening, when Mr. and Mrs. Conrad Biddlecombe entertained at the United Nations Club. On the guest list were Admiral and Mrs. William H. Standley, Lt. Gen. and Mrs. Ira C. Eaker, Vice Admiral and Mrs. Aubrey Fitch, Maj. Gen. and Mrs. Harold L. George, Rear Admiral and Mrs. Lawrence Richardson, Rear Admiral H. B. Sallada, Commodore A. W. Clarke of the Royal Navy and Mrs. Clarke, Air Chief Mar- (Please turn to Next Page)

Weddings and Engagements

Maj. Gen. and Mrs. John Matthew Devine announce the engagement of their daughter, Ruth Mildred, to Midshipman Robert Wilson Finlay, jr., son of Mr. and Mrs. Robert Wilson Finlay of Washington, D. C. and Oakland, Calif.

The bride-elect attended Ogontz School and was graduated from St. Catherine's Junior College in Kentucky. She is a granddaughter of Mrs. John Whitelegg of Troy, N. Y. Midshipman Finlay will be graduated from the United States Naval Academy in June. The wedding will take place 6 June at Annapolis.

General Devine is overseas commanding the Eighth Armored Division with the United States Ninth Army.

Col. and Mrs. James Devine announce the engagement of their only child, Daria Mae, to Lt. James Austin Stehle, of the Marine Corps Air Force, the son of Mr. and Mrs. John F. Stehle, of Chicago. The wedding date and plans are to be announced later.

The bride-elect was graduated from Russell High School in 1943, and is now a student at Wesleyan Conservatory, Macon, where she is majoring in art.

Lieutenant Stehle is a graduate of the Chicago high school system, and attended Northwestern University. He enlisted as an aviation cadet in August, 1942, at Lewiston, Idaho. He attended St. Mary's Pre-Flight School, St. Mary's, Cal., and took his primary flight training at Pasco, Wash., and his intermediate and advanced training at Corpus Christi, Texas, where he graduated and received his wings in May, 1944. He is now a primary instructor at the Naval Air Base at Ottumwa, Iowa.

Mr. and Mrs. John Dorman West, of Winchester, Mass., announce the engagement of their daughter, Camille, to Capt. Burrows Goldthwaite Stevens, Jr., United States Army Infantry, son of Col. and Mrs. Burrows Goldthwaite Stevens, of Columbus, Ga., the date of the marriage to be announced later.

Lt. Col. Murray Bradshaw Crandall, Cav., USA, and Mrs. Crandall announce the marriage of their daughter, Phyllis Rhodes Crandall to Maj. William Roberts Brad'ey, USMCR, which took place at the First Methodist Church in Colorado Springs, 19 May.

Mrs. John Walley, a sister of Colonel Crandall attended the bride as her matron of honor, and Mr. Augustus Jackson was the best man. A small reception followed the ceremony at the home of the bridegroom's parents, Mr. and Mrs. William H. Bradley.

After a honeymoon trip to Denver, Maniton and Colorado Springs, Major and Mrs. Bradley will go to Camp Pendleton, Cal., for station.

Major Bradley has recently returned from 28 months in the Pacific and duty with the 3rd Marine Division.

Colonel Crandall is in the Pacific Theater, and Mrs. Crandall is a duration resident of Washington, D. C.

Mr. and Mrs. Lowell Chase Lane have sent out invitations to the marriage of their daughter, Ruth Mary to Lt. Bickford Edward Sawyer, jr., USA, Wednesday, 6 June at four-thirty o'clock at the West Point Chapel, West Point, N. Y.

Solemnized in the First Presbyterian Church of Fayetteville, N. C., was the beautiful wedding of Miss Dorothy Dixon, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Frederic Dixon who became the bride of Lt. Milton James Scoffe of Kelso, Wash., and Ft. Bragg, amid a setting of lilies and Queen Anne's lace against a bank of palms, lighted by branched candelabra. The Rev. John M. Alexander was the officiating clergyman, and the church had been the scene of the marriage of the bride's parents. She was given in marriage by her father.

Mrs. John Ordway was matron of honor; Miss Mary Fant Holmes the maid of honor, and the Misses Mary Wilson Wall and Mildred Kelly, bridesmaids.

Lt. George Montgomery was best man and ushers were Capt. Joseph Vance,

Alvin Ames and Lt. Malcolm Parker, all of Fort Bragg and Robert Rainey, stationed with the air force in Texas. A reception followed at the Woman's Club.

After a short honeymoon trip, Lieutenant Scoffe will take his bride to his new station near Chicago. The bride graduated from Salem College, and was introduced socially in Raleigh in '38. She later studied photography at Fort Bragg and was a member of the staff of the Signal Corps at the post. Lieutenant Scoffe was educated at the Washington State University and was a member of Phi Delta Theta.

Maj. W. Murray Sanders, AUS, and Miss Lucy Clagett Sasser have had their engagement announced by her parents, Representative and Mrs. Lansdale G. Sasser of Upper Marlboro, Md. Major Sanders is the son of Mrs. Murray Sanders, Montclair, N. J., and the late Mr. Sanders and is a graduate of Phillips Andover and Yale Sheffield, where he was elected to St. Elmo and Aurelian Honor Society. He entered the Service in '41. His bride-elect graduated from Stuart Hall, Staunton, Va., and Hollins College and is now with the War Dept.

Mr. and Mrs. Rowland B. French announce the engagement of their daughter, Gertrude Elizabeth to Charles Francis Greer, West Point Cadet, son of Gen. and Mrs. Frank U. Greer who attended Rhode Island State College, Millards Prep School and will be graduated from West Point next week.

Miss French was graduated from P. K. Yonge Laboratory School and attended Florida State College, majoring in music. Miss French will attend graduation festivities at the Point and they will be married shortly afterwards in New York.

Dr. and Mrs. R. C. Bourland of "Richwoods," Rockford, Ill., have announced the marriage of their daughter, Clara Bourland Hecker, to Capt. John Donington Bartlett, IV, USA, of Helena, Mont. The wedding took place Saturday, 5 May, in Bakersfield, Calif., the bride having made her home in Santa Fe, N. M. Her husband returned from Saipan for a 130 day detail at the Army Base at Murco, (Please turn to Next Page)

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Posts and Stations

ANNAPOLIS, MD. 21 May 1945

The officers of the Electrical Engineering Dept., Naval Academy, their wives and guests held a dinner and dance last week at North Severn Officers' Mess. Comdr. Thomas J. Thornhill, Executive Officer of the Dept., was in charge of arrangements.

Capt. B. W. Hogan (MC) USN, Senior Medical Officer of the new hospital ship, Tranquility, and Mrs. Hogan, entertained at a dinner last Saturday night at North Severn Officers' Mess in honor of Capt. and Mrs. Merritt Mulen.

The officers of the Chinese Naval Unit on duty at the Post Graduate School, Naval Academy, gave a farewell cocktail party and dinner last week in honor of Comdr. Charles B. Brooks, Instructor at the School, and Mrs. Brooks, who are soon leaving Annapolis.

Capt. Peter W. Haas, Jr., USN, and Mrs. Haas, have recently arrived in Annapolis and are temporarily quartered at 133 Monticello avenue. Captain Haas is on duty at the Experiment Station.

Mrs. Roscoe, wife of Comdr. David L. Roscoe, USN, returned last week to her home on Lafayette avenue, after spending four months in Philadelphia.

Mrs. Smith, wife of Capt. W. Taylor Smith, USN, was the guest of honor at a luncheon last Thursday given by Mrs. Tench Tighman at her home on Maryland avenue. Mrs. Smith has returned after several years in Philadelphia and is occupying her home, "Acton," on Murray Hill.

CHICAGO QM. DEPOT 19 May 1945

Maj. Emil Carl Voll, in charge of the Dairy and Poultry Products Branch, Procurement Division, working at Field Headquarters of the Market Center System, 222 West Adams street, has been promoted to rank of Lieutenant Colonel, 11 May.

Mrs. and Mr. Frederick Paul Greenberg announced the marriage of their daughter, Edith, to Lt. Stephen Matsner Harris, on Saturday, 12 May, 1945, in Philadelphia. Lt. Harris will rejoin the Contract Termination section upon the expiration of his ten-day leave.

Maj. Harvey J. Field, last assigned to the 38th Traffic Regulating Group, Camp Plaque, New Orleans, La., visited his friends at this installation on 9 May. Major Field, formerly the Administrative Officer of the Transportation Division, reports that he is now awaiting assignment for overseas duty.

1st Lt. Francis E. Werner, Deputy Chief of Storage Division, was transferred to the Storage Division at the Jeffersonville Quartermaster Depot on 8 May.

Captain George F. Tuomy and Paul C. Bennett were released from assignment in the Veterinary Detachment. Capt. Tuomy was transferred to ASF Personnel Replacement Depot, Camp Beale, California; Captain Bennett to Medical Laboratory at Ft. McPherson, Ga., in the 4th Service Command.

Following officers were assigned to this Depot: 1st Lt. James D. Pugh joined the Storage Division in the Clothing and Equipment Section; 2nd Lt. Vincent Del Guidice and Samuel D. Pasquale, Substantive Research and Development Laboratory, Lt. Col. Duane L. Cady, Maj. William J. Sherwood, Capt. Carl R. Howarth, and Maj. Maurice K. Walters were assigned to the Veterinary Replacement Pool for training purposes only. Major Walters had returned from temporary duty outside the continental limits of the United States.

On 14 May, Brig. Gen. H. R. McKenzie and Capt. C. R. Fulbruge, both of the Field Headquarters, Marketing Center, appeared on Ida Bailey Allen's "World Homemakers" program. Col. John J. Madigan, Director of Supply appeared on 21 May.

FORT JACKSON, S. C. 18 May 1945

Promotions among officers at Fort Jackson recently included: W. W. Jones, chaplain of 12th Detachment Special Troops, Second Army, from captain to major; Robt. Q. Reynolds, D. C., Byron L. Sweet, Jr., MC, and Ellsworth A. Thayer, all from first lieutenant to captain, and Oswald I. Kramer, MAC, from second to first lieutenant. The latter four officers are assigned to the 309th General Hospital.

Capt. Lewis L. Leiby, MC, recently was designated Chief of the Post Dispensaries by Col. T. N. Chaney, Post Surgeon and Commanding Officer of the regional hospital. Capt. Leiby succeeds Capt. J. J. Bander, assigned to the induction station medical department. Formerly of Slattington, Pa., Capt. and Mrs. Leiby make their home at present in Columbia, S. C.

Members of the Fort Jackson Chapter of National Sojourners entertained with a banquet and dance at the Non-Divisional Officers' Club Monday evening when around 50 officers and their guests were present. Maj. C. D. Wann, Maj. R. B. Eleazer and Capt. Don Wetmore were in charge of the entertainment committee for the party.

Howard Anderson, Field Representative and Instructor of the American Red Cross, is at Fort Jackson this week conducting classes in life-saving and water safety with swimmers from ground forces units taking the courses. Mr. Anderson is from the Atlanta area of the

Red Cross.

Mrs. John B. Myers, of Orangeburg, S. C., wife of 1st Lt. Myers came to Fort Jackson last week to receive two medals, the Distinguished Service Cross and Silver Star, awarded Lt. Myers for deeds of valor performed in combat in the European theater of operations. Brig. Gen. D. G. Richart, post commander, presented the medals at informal ceremonies in his office. Lt. Myers previously had been awarded the Bronze Star medal, which was presented Mrs. Myers one month ago by the post commander.

The Rev. Dr. Robert W. Burns, of Atlanta, Ga., will arrive at Fort Jackson next Monday to give a series of lectures and sermons designed for personnel of all religious faiths. Chaplain Frank R. Jenkins, post chaplain, has announced. The visiting clergyman who expects to be here through Thursday, comes to the post under the auspices of the Federal Council of the Churches of Christ in America. He is pastor of Peachtree Christian Church in Atlanta.

LONG BEACH, CALIF. 20 May 1945

Rear Adm. Edward U. Reed (MC) and Mrs. Reed are enjoying a 10-day visit as house guests of their son-in-law and daughter, Mr. and Mrs. William H. Burns, of Westwood Hills near Los Angeles, having come to California from New York.

Hotel Del Coronado is headquarters at present for Rear Adm. and Mrs. R. P. Briscoe, who arrived in the Southland from Washington, D. C., and were welcomed by service set friends. Rear Adm. and Mrs. John Wilkes tarried for a few days in Coronado after coming to the West Coast from the national capital.

Capt. Irving W. Jacobs, who for more than a year and a half was executive officer of the San Diego Naval Hospital, was ordered a few days ago to the hospital at historic Santa Margarita Ranch near the coast city of Ocean-side and succeeds as commanding officer Capt. Joseph L. Schwartz.

Capt. S. Y. Cutler, USN, and Mrs. Cutler were hosts at an interesting dinner party in celebration of his return V-E Day from 48 months of intermittent duty in the South Pacific. Guests were Mrs. J. H. Brownfield, wife of Comdr. Brownfield, absent on sea duty; Mr. and Mrs. Ray Graham and Mrs. Joe Healy. Introduction to his 5-month-old daughter, Louise, is a happy feature of Capt. Cutler's leave. At a welcome-home dinner party on a recent evening given by Mrs. Brownfield, honor guests were Capt. Cutler and Capt. H. V. Wiley, both officers being accompanied by their wives. Capt. Wiley, like Capt. Cutler, has had lengthy duty in the South Pacific.

A variety of entertainment was arranged by Mrs. Joseph Greenspun, wife of Capt. Greenspun, USCG, during the two weeks' visit in her Long Beach home of a niece and nephew, Lt. John E. Lingo, USAAC, and Mrs. Lingo, while the officer was on leave from Davis Monthan Field, Tucson, Ariz.

The birthday of Mrs. John Neff, wife of Capt. Neff, USA, was the incentive for a jolly surprise fete. Those assembling to felicitate her and bringing luncheon viands with them were Meses. Robert Weyland, George Schoeberl, J. McLain and William Bennett. The celebrant's mother, Mrs. J. Ennis, joined them.

NORFOLK, VA. 24 May 1945

A dance for the junior officers in this area was given Monday night in the Commissioned Naval Officers' Club at West Freemason Street. A twelve-piece orchestra played for dancing. Refreshments were served at small tables placed around the dance floor.

Mrs. James Cyrian Respass whose marriage to Lieut. Respass took place recently was honored last week at two parties. The first was given by Mrs. James R. Kelley and Mrs. Frank O. Meade on Monday night at a linen shower given at the home of Mrs. Kelley with guests numbering twenty-five. The second by Mrs. William J. Cashman and Miss Louise Whitehurst at the Norfolk Yacht and Country Club on Saturday, with a luncheon, where covers were laid for ten. Mrs. Respass before her marriage was Miss Katherine Walsh Callahan.

Miss Ernestine Tegg, whose marriage to Ensign Jack Curry Redman, USNR, was an interesting week-end event, was guest of honor on Saturday at a lingerie shower given by Mrs. Lewis Wasserman and Miss Marie Cole at the home of the former in Talbot Park. The guests numbered twenty.

Miss Mary Eolen Gillis, whose marriage to Lt. Ralph William McCue, AAF, son of Dr. and Mrs. Alonzo G. McCue, Jr., of Bluefield, W. Va., will take place 1 June, was guest of honor on Friday afternoon at a crystal shower given by Miss Ann Gough at her home on Brandon avenue.

Mr. and Mrs. Gerould McLean Rumble of Virginia Beach announce the engagement of their daughter, Miss Margaret Lillian Rumble, to Capt. Richard Alfriend Boykin, AAF, son of Mr. and Mrs. Henry Vance Boykin of Crystal Lake, Virginia Beach. No date has been set for the wedding.

Mr. and Mrs. Julian Sumner Lawrence of Portsmouth announce the engagement of their daughter, Miss Ann Sumner Lawrence, to Capt. Richard Lowe Pierce, USMC, son of

Mr. and Mrs. Richard H. Pierce of Tulsa, Okla. The wedding will take place in June.

CAMP LEE, VA. 22 May 1945

"You are graduating at a time when you are most needed," Brig. Gen. Harold A. Barnes, deputy to the Quartermaster General, told the 49th officer-candidate class, consisting of approximately 150 graduates, at the Quartermaster School 18 May.

Pointing out that "the transfer of our great war machine from Europe to the Pacific is so gigantic as to be almost inconceivable," the General declared that "in all of the 170 years of its history, never before have there been such demands placed upon the Quartermaster Corps."

Col. L. L. Cobb, School Commandant, told the graduates that "if there are some among you who feel that being commissioned at this time is comparable to arriving at the theatre for the last act, you can get that idea out of your head right now. 'Wake of war' is a phrase that your grandchildren will remember, and it describes concisely a large portion of the quartermaster mission."

Participating for the first time in the colorful exercises were two platoons of students from the Nurses Training School and the WAC Drum & Bugle Corps of the Adjutant General's School, which passed in review before many high-ranking military dignitaries. Both schools have only recently been established at this installation.

Besides General George A. Horkan, commanding general of Camp Lee, among those in the reviewing stand were Brig. Gen. R. H. Jordan, Secretary of the Quartermaster Association; Brig. Gen. Russell Osanna, Office of the Quartermaster General; Brig. Gen. James H. Johnson, ASFTC, Camp Lee; Col. Kenneth Bush, GSC, Adjutant General's Dept.; Col. L. B. Clapham, Commandant, Adjutant General's School; Col. W. H. Neblett, AAF, liaison officer; Col. A. J. Smith, Camp Quartermaster, and members of the staff and faculty.

The two honor students in the class were Wilbur H. Sarsfield, of Nevada, Iowa, who received the Quartermaster Association award as the No. 1 man, and Arthur C. Howard, of Kitts Hill, Ohio, who was presented with the Gibbins Memorial award, as the second ranking cadet. Col. Thomas J. Chrisman, commander of the School Regt., made the presentations.

Society

(Continued from Preceding Page)

shall, Sir Christopher Courtney, of the Royal Air Force; apt. and Mrs. Lewis Straus and others.

Capt. and Mrs. Alfred W. Atkins entertained at a cocktail party the other day for some members of the class of 1907 of the Naval Academy stationed in Washington and their wives. In the company were Admiral and Mrs. R. S. Edwards, Admiral and Mrs. Kent Hewitt, Vice Admiral Randall Jacobs, Vice Admiral and Mrs. W. S. Farber, Rear Admiral and Mrs. E. G. Allen, Rear Admiral and Mrs. Purnell, with Capt. and Mrs. Carret Schuyler, Capt. and Mrs. C. R. Robinson, Capt. and Mrs. Philip Lauman, Capt. and Mrs. Torlinski and Capt. and Mrs. David S. Howard.

Vice Adm. and Mrs. Emory S. Land, Mrs. Lesley J. McNair and her daughter-in-law, Mrs. Douglas McNair, Maj. Gen. and Mrs. R. L. Maxwell, Maj. Gen. and Mrs. Shelley J. Marietta, Col. and Mrs. Harry Vaughn, Col. Douglas Parmentier, Comdr. and Mrs. Ford Brown and Capt. H. Cotton Minchin were some of the guests whom Mrs. Edward Beale McLean entertained last Sunday evening at her first dinner party since Easter. She has been having buffet suppers for service-men.

Brig. Gen. and Mrs. Royal Reynolds have been visiting Brig. Gen. and Mrs. George P. Tyner at their home in Colony Hills, Washington, D. C., but have now returned to White Sulphur where General Reynolds is undergoing treatment. Col. Royal Reynolds, Jr., who was reported "Missing" has returned to Washington and is reunited with his wife and small daughter at their home in Foxhall Village.

Weddings and Engagements (Continued from Preceding Page)

Cal. He was Squadron commander of a flight of B-29s, his ship being "The American Maid." His father, Dr. Bartlett was a member of the Royal Canadian air force and was killed in World War I. Mrs. Bartlett's father has the rank of Col. M.C.-ORC, retired.

The Bethlehem Chapel of the Washington Cathedral was the scene Saturday,

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19 May of the marriage of Miss Ann Templeton Parker, daughter of Maj. Gen. and Mrs. Frank Parker, Chicago, to Lt. Col. John Thomas Honeycutt, USA, son of Mrs. Francis Webster Honeycutt and the late Brigadier General Honeycutt. The ceremony was performed by the Acting Chief of Army Chaplains, Brig. Gen. Luther D. Miller.

General Parker gave his daughter in marriage. She wore her mother's white wedding dress. Her sister, Miss Catherine Parker, was the only attendant.

Maj. Gen. Hubert R. Harmon, uncle of the bridegroom, was best man, and ushers were Lt. Col. James C. Churchill, Jr., Lt. Col. Lon H. Smith, Lt. Col. Hugh Sawyer and Lt. Col. Robert B. Feely.

A reception was held following the ceremony for service friends of the couple at the home of Mrs. Robert E. Lee 3d, cousin of General Parker.

The couple will live in Washington after June 1.

The Searchlight

(Navy—Address: The Searchlight, U. S. Naval Academy, Annapolis, Md.)

FRIENDS have asked Searchlight for the addresses of the Navy wives whose names are listed below: Please send information to The Searchlight as promptly as possible.

Blair, Mrs. Richard, wife Comdr., '32; Bogan, Mrs. G. F., wife R. Admiral; Bunner, Mrs. James, wife Comdr. (SC); Cobb, Mrs. James O. or family of Lt. USN; DeMetropolis, Mrs. George, wife Comdr. '32; Dannenburger, Mrs. C. H., wife Lt.; Fischer, Mrs. Charles B., wife Comdr. '34; Hogle, Mrs. R. Delos, wife Comdr. '29; Flournoy, Mrs. Walter B., wife Capt. USMC; Kehl, Mrs. George W., wife Comdr. '32; O'Brien, Mrs. E. F., wife Lt. C. '40; Fellows, Mrs. J. H., wife Brig. Gen. USMC; Renn, Mrs. Joseph, wife Capt. '23; Smith, Mrs. Levering, wife Comdr. '32; Wade, Mrs. W. C., wife Capt. USN.

The Locators

(Army—Address: The Locators, P. O. Box 357, Ft. Leavenworth, Kan.)

THE Locators wish to express their appreciation of the immediate response given to their requests for the addresses of relatives of prisoners of war released in the Philippines. All but three of the names listed in the diary mentioned several weeks ago have been located, a fact most gratifying to both the Locators and the colonel who enlisted their help in contacting the families of his son's friends.

The Locators have requests for the addresses of the following officers' wives:

Mrs. O. K. Andrews, (Florence), Maj. MAC; Mrs. Charles Barrett, (Maxine), Brig. Gen. FA; Mrs. J. D. Bestor, Mrs. E. F. Bullene, (Lois), Brig. Gen.; Mrs. R. C. Carpenter, Lt. Col. FA; Mrs. Jack Leslie Coan, (Mildred), Lt. Col.; Mrs. N. O. Coran, Mrs. W. E. Douglas, Mrs. Clyde T. Earnest, (Emily), Capt. CE; Mrs. George Fears, (Almeda), Lt. FA; Mrs. Wallace Ford, (Betty), Col.; Mrs. Felix Fraser or Frazier, (Dorothy), Capt. AC; Mrs. J. S. Gault, Mrs. Orlin E. Huribut, (Polly), Lt. Col. Ord.; Mrs. Frank Jewell, (Cecil), Col.; Mrs. John Jones, (Helen Montgomery), Col. Inf.; Mrs. Ralph Kinsker, (Katherine), Col. Inf.; Mrs. Peter Koster, Maj.; Mrs. Lawrence Lawson, (Helen), Brig. Gen.; Mrs. J. W. Lookman, (Jean), Lt.; Mrs. John C. MacDonald, (Alice), Col. Cav.; Mrs. F. A. Malecki, (Marge), Maj.; Mrs. John R. McInnis, Col. Inf.; Mrs. J. Wm. Meara, (Edith), Capt. FA; Mrs. Edwin Patrick, Maj. Gen.; Mrs. Pat Patterson, (LaVerne), Maj. Inf.; Mrs. Chas. Pettie, (Marion), Col.; Mrs. Paul S. Reincke, Jr., Mrs. Francis Rudolph, (Pete), Col. Inf.; Mrs. Russ, (Marie), Maj., deceased; Mrs. A. C. Seitz, Mrs. Steven Silvasy, (Ann), Maj. CAC; Mrs. George Steinmeyer, (Vera), Col.; Mrs. Oliver Stanbury, Col. Cav.; Mrs. Ralph Stefens, (Elizabeth), Capt.; Mrs. Alan E. Thomas, Lt. AC; Mrs. H. A. Von Tungen, (Charlene), Maj., AC; Mrs. Wm. C. Washington, Col. CAC; Mrs. D. R. Watkins, Mrs. Robert N. Young, (Cameron), Brig. Gen.

Next of kin of the following officers: (POW) (Japan): Capt. Conrad, Capt. Tony Meade, Capt. Don Thomson, Capt. Bruce Hostrup, Major Dunham.

Cost of Soldiers Increases

Equipping and maintaining a soldier in continental United States for his first year in the Army, now costs the Quartermaster Corps \$533.88, or nearly 15 per cent over the cost of \$465.06 in 1944, a report from the War Department reveals.

Calendar of Legislation

ACTION ON LEGISLATION

- S. 612. To eliminate provisions for retirement of wing commanders of the Air Corps. Reported by House Military Committee.
- S. 889. Authorizes service credit to students enrolled in the senior division of the ROTC or the NROTC for military training received while on active duty in the Army, Navy, Marine Corps or Coast Guard. Reported by House Military Committee.
- H. R. 2068. To settle claims of military personnel and civilian employees for damage to or loss, destruction, capture, or abandonment of personal property incident to service. Reported by Senate Committee on Claims. Passed by Senate. To President.
- S. 528. Authorizes the President to appoint Thaddeus C. Knight a captain in the QMC, USA, and to place him on the retired list as a captain. Reported by Senate Military Committee. Passed by Senate.
- H. R. 2388. To provide for enlistments in the Regular Army during the war. Passed by Senate, with committee amendment. To conference. House agreed to Senate amendment to President.
- H. R. 1877. To reimburse Maj. William P. Tidwell for the difference between his pay while in the employ of the War Department and the amount he would have received as secretary of the Surplus War Property Policy Board for 35 days. Passed by Senate. To President.
- H. R. 1016. For the relief of Capt. Millard L. Treadwell. Passed by Senate. To President.
- S. 916. To remove the limitation on the right to command of Dental Officers of the Army. Passed by Senate.
- S. 917. To provide for the payment and settlement of mileage and other travel allowance accounts of all military personnel according to the official mileage tables. Passed by Senate.
- H. R. 2007. Navy Appropriation Bill. Conference report accepted. To President.
- S. 524. To provide for one national cemetery in each State and Territory and such other national cemeteries as may be needed. Reported by Senate Military Committee.
- H. R. 2266. To authorize the President to award posthumously a Special Medal of Honor to Franklin Delano Roosevelt. Passed by House.
- S. 967. To increase the pay of the West Point chaplain while serving under reappointment for an additional term or terms. Passed by Senate. Identical bill, H. R. 1947, passed by House.
- H. R. 2322. To provide for the issuance of the Mexican Border Service Medal to Army reservists on duty between 1 Jan. 1916 and 6 April 1917, if not eligible under existing law for that medal or the Mexican Service Medal. Reported by Senate Military Committee.
- H. J. Res. 136. To provide for the establishment, management, and perpetuation of the Kermit Roosevelt Fund. Reported by Senate Military Committee.
- S. 130. To increase to 15 the number of midshipmen allowed at the United States Naval Academy from the District of Columbia. Reported by Senate Naval Committee.
- S. 716. To provide for the reimbursement of certain Navy personnel for personal property lost or damaged by fire at the outlying degrading branch of the Norfolk Navy Yard, Portsmouth, Va., 4 Dec. 1942. Reported by Senate Naval Committee.
- S. 732. To reimburse Ens. Elmer H. Beckmann, USNR, for the value of personal property lost at the U. S. Naval Air Station, Brunswick, Me., 4 Aug. 1944. Reported by Senate Naval Committee.
- S. 761. To reimburse naval personnel for personal property lost or damaged by fire at Camp Rosseau, Port Huene, Calif., 22 Dec. 1944. Reported by Senate Naval Committee.
- S. 822. To reimburse naval personnel for personal property lost or damaged by fire at Naval Base Two, Rosneath, Scotland, 12 Oct. 1944. Reported by Senate Naval Committee.
- S. 823. To reimburse naval personnel for personal property lost or damaged by fire in the naval hospital, Seattle, Wash., 10 May 1944. Reported by Senate Naval Committee.
- S. 824. To reimburse naval personnel for personal property lost or damaged by fire at the amphibious training base, Camp Bradford, naval operating base, Norfolk, Va., 20 Jan. 1945. Reported by Senate Naval Committee.
- S. 902. To reimburse naval personnel for personal property lost or damaged by fire at Harrowbeer Airport, Yelverton, South Devon, England, 26 Dec. 1944. Reported by Senate Naval Committee.
- S. 984. To permit waiving of bonds of Navy mail clerks and assistant mail clerks. Reported by Senate Naval Committee.
- S. 1003. To permit members of the Army, Navy, Marine Corps, Coast Guard, Coast and Geodetic Survey, Public Health Service, and their dependents, to occupy certain Government housing facilities on a rental basis without loss of rental allowances. Reported by Senate Naval Committee.
- BILLS INTRODUCED**
- S. 1009. Sen. Thomas, Utah. To extend operation of existing law authorizing the President to requisition equipment and sup-

U. S. COAST GUARD

CELEBRATION of National Maritime Day this week makes timely a story of the Coast Guard's close cooperation and contact with the men and ships of the merchant marine, an activity often less publicized than the Coast Guard's more dramatic actions at sea, but scarcely less important.

As attention focused this week on the tremendous logistical successes of the merchant fleet, the opportunity was at hand for a review of the Coast Guard's participation in insuring the safety of our shipping.

The pre-war relationship—somewhat tenuous—which existed between the Coast Guard and the Merchant Marine became strengthened shortly after the outbreak of hostilities when, by Executive Order 9083 dated 1 March 1942, many of the functions of the Bureau of Marine Inspection and Navigation, an agency of the Department of Commerce, were transferred to the Coast Guard. Thus a relationship, which in pre-war was maintained only when the Coast Guard went to the rescue of ships in distress, was extended and became intimate in the fight against a common foe.

Besides safely convoying hundreds of merchant vessels over the sea lanes, the Coast Guard became linked to the Merchant Marine in its new duties of making pre-selling inspections, recommending installation of new safety equipment, and carrying out its functions as the federal agency charged with investigation of marine casualties and handling all cases arising from the alleged misconduct, incompetency or negligence of merchant marine personnel, convictions in such cases calling for the revocation of licenses and certificates.

The safety campaign of the Coast Guard achieved remarkable results. In January, 1942 the loss of life on American merchant ships sunk by enemy attack averaged 49.2 per cent of those aboard dry cargo ships and 24.4 per cent of those on tankers. In September, 1943 the losses had dropped to 5.8 per cent on the last 15 dry cargo ships attacked and to 12.5 per cent on the last 15 tankers. These figures, along with those that showed steady reduction in tonnage lost, deserve to be ranked with the most significant to

emerge from the battle of the ocean supply lines.

Chief of the Coast Guard's Merchant Marine Inspection Division is Commodore Halbert C. Sheppard, USCGR, whose record in marine inspection work has been outstanding for many years. Formerly head of the Bureau of Marine Inspection and Navigation, he was appointed by Admiral R. R. Waesche, Commandant of the Coast Guard, to be chief of the Merchant Marine Inspection Division at the time of the transfer of jurisdiction under Executive Order 9083.

Chief of the Merchant Marine Personnel Division is Captain Kenneth K. Cowart, USCG, a former commanding officer of the cutter "Campbell." This division maintains a central records section containing information on all licensed and certificated personnel in respect to their duties as merchant seamen aboard U. S. merchant vessels.

At the present time, 14 technical committees appointed by the Commandant are considering the agenda that will be used by an American delegation at a proposed post-war international conference on safety-at-sea. The purpose of the conference, being sponsored by the State Department, will be to revise the present international standards, as adopted in London in 1929 by the International Convention on Safety-at-Sea (ratified by the United States on 27 July 1937).

Chairman of the Coast Guard's Merchant Marine Council, which reviews all proposed marine inspection, aids to navigation, port security and other regulations and directives affecting the maritime industry or marine safety, is Rear Adm. Harvey F. Johnson, USCG, engineer-in-chief of the Coast Guard. The other members of the Council are: Commodore Norman B. Hall, USCG, vice chairman; Commodore Halbert C. Sheppard, USCGR; Captain John N. Helner, USCG; Captain Robert T. Merrill, USCGR; Captain Lawrence J. Bernard, USCGR; Captain Kenneth K. Cowart, USCG; Captain Kenneth S. Harrison, USCGR, legal adviser; Commander G. W. Nelson, USCG; Commander Merle A. Gulick, USCGR; Commander Robert A. Smyth; Commander J. A. Kerrins, USCG, executive secretary; Mr. James R. Harrison.

Awards and Decorations

Medal of Honor

1st Lt. Andie L. Murphy, Inf.; wounded and alone he stopped the advance of two companies of German infantry supported by six tanks.

*2nd Lt. Robert E. Femoyer, AAF.; although mortally wounded he fought off death to chart his B-17 Flying Fortress back to England from deep within Germany, and saved the lives of 8 crewmen.

*Sgt. Alvin Carey, Inf.; although mortally wounded, he blasted a German fortified position which was barring the advance of his comrades.

Distinguished Service Cross

Col. T. D. Drake, GSC; action in Africa. Maj. Gen. W. O. Chase, Inf.; led "Flying Squadrons" of 1st Cavalry Div. in their swift dash into Manila and liberation of prisoners at Santo Tomas Camp.

The Distinguished Service Cross was awarded to three U. S. Eighth Air Force men, all members of the same B-24 Liberator crew, for their valor on a mission from which none of them returned; as follows: *1st Lt. R. E. Price, *1st Lt. E. J. O'Rourke, and *1st Lt. J. R. Tiedemann.

Distinguished Service Medal

Lt. Gen. I. C. Eaker, USA, (OLC), commander-in-chief, Mediterranean Allied Air Forces from 15 Jan. 1944, to 24 March 1945. Lt. Gen. B. McK. Giles, USA, (OLC); Asst. Ch. of Air Staff and Deputy Commander of Army Air Forces.

Maj. Gen. F. A. Keating, USA, (OLC); command of 102nd Inf. Div. in Holland and Germany from 3 Nov. to 24 Dec., 1944. Brig. Gen. H. F. Loomis, USA; Chairman of Joint Rearmament Committee from 11 Oct. 1943, to 4 Oct. 1944, in North Africa.

Navy Cross

Capt. J. S. Roberts, USN; CO of US warship during the battle of Sarigao Strait. Comdr. E. E. Shelby, USN, (GS); CO of submarine.

Capt. C. E. Ekstrom, USN; CO of Aircraft Carrier. Capt. J. L. Kane, USN; CO of Escort Carrier.

Comdr. D. H. McClintock, USN; CO of vessel during war patrol.

Legion of Merit

Capt. R. E. Wilson, USN (GS).

Capt. Luis de Flores, USNR. Capt. J. B. Cochran, USN. Commodore J. B. McGovern, USN. Col. G. L. Allen, Inf.

Col. James Boyd, GSC. Col. A. B. Drake, GSC. Col. A. G. Rudd, Cav.

Col. J. D. Witten, GSC. Lt. Col. D. M. McConnell, JAGD. Maj. V. G. Hines, CAC.

M.Sgt. P. V. Wiese, Ord. Col. R. L. Snider, AAF. Col. H. F. Scherer, AAF.

Lt. Col. W. W. Haines, AAF. Col. W. I. Wilson, GSC. Col. P. W. Smith, Ord.

Col. B. L. Steger, MC. Col. T. F. Taylor, GSC. Lt. Col. D. B. Kendrick, jr., MC.

Maj. K. W. Bilby, CAC. Maj. G. L. Camp, Inf. T.3 Lt. A. White, CAC.

*Brig. Gen. W. H. Eaton, USA, (OLC). Maj. Gen. H. J. Knerr, USA. Brig. Gen. E. C. Kiel, USA.

Brig. Gen. J. E. Upston, USA. Col. J. B. Burwell, AAF. Col. D. D. Fitzgerald, AAF.

Col. P. H. Rober, AAF. Col. P. E. Ruestow, AAF. Lt. Col. R. E. Lyons, MC.

Lt. Col. (Comdr.) R. W. Woodworth, USCG & GS.

Capt. L. L. Flebrich, AAF. M.Sgt. C. C. Morse, AAF. Lt. Col. E. L. Zonne, USMC.

Silver Star

Comdr. H. S. Monroe, USN. Lt. Comdr. S. A. Bobczynski, USN. Lt. (jg) H. W. Chellaw, USN.

CEM E. A. A. Davis, USN. Capt. J. T. Bennett, (MC) USN. Lt. J. M. Brown, USNR.

Lt. (jg) J. F. Ball, USNR. Cpl. G. E. Hallmark, USMC. Cpl. C. A. Herzberg, USMC.

Lt. Col. L. A. Walsh, Jr., Parachute Inf. Capt. J. C. Dine, Inf.

Bronze Star

Capt. A. G. Sheppard, USN. Comdr. H. E. Seidel, jr., USN. Comdr. A. B. Stanford, USNR.

Comdr. W. A. Stevenson, USN. Comdr. B. D. Claggett, USN. Comdr. M. P. Rusillo, USN.

Lt. F. M. Ault, USNR. Ens. V. J. Vaughn, USNR. Ph. L. Lindhe, USN.

CRT I. O. Hunter, USN. CTMM H. M. Jester, USN. CEM Paul Miller, USN.

MMM 1c J. W. Hoffman. QM 1c K. E. Hoffdel, USN. Lt. Col. L. W. Smith, USMC.

Maj. L. G. Hicks, USMC. Cpl. W. A. Thompson, USMC. Lt. Col. Levi Ballard.

1st Lt. L. M. Berliner. 1st Lt. D. P. Heekin. 2nd Lt. W. D. Canfield, SC.

2nd Lt. J. W. Huff, SC. Capt. J. O. Craig, CE. Capt. W. R. Michael, Ord.

Lt. Col. L. A. Walsh, jr., Parachute Inf. 1st Lt. L. C. Novak. Cpl. Alfred Weber.

Lt. George A. Wilson. **Distinguished Flying Cross**

Lt. H. J. Baker, USN, Submarine War. Brig. Gen. J. P. Doyle, AAF, action in Germany.

Air Medal

Ens. W. F. McSharry, USN. ARM T. H. Finch, USNR, (GS). ACMM K. R. Duquette, USNR.

ACOM Jack Degman, USN. ARM 1c T. V. DeMarino, USN. AMM 1c F. D. Godwin, USNR.

AMM M. M. Joy, USNR. AMM 2c F. V. Racco, USNR. ARM 1c Marvin Crider, USN.

ARM E. H. Tannerberg, USNR. AOM H. M. Bolsinger, USN. **Soldier's Medal**

Sgt. M. B. Shumaker, Cav.; picked up fused hand grenade and threw it out of pit, thus saving lives of comrades.

Navy and Marine Corps Medal QM 3c David Frank, USNR; rescuing a seaman from drowning.

* Posthumous award.

To Save Quarters Allowances Recognizing the injustice of depriving personnel of the Armed Forces of quarters allowances when occupying government housing, the Senate Naval Affairs Committee has this week reported S. 1003.

The effect of the proposed legislation would be to make personnel of the Army, Navy, Marine Corps, Coast Guard, Coast and Geodetic Survey, and Public Health Service and their dependents eligible to occupy on a rental basis housing facilities under the jurisdiction of any government department or agency, other than public quarters constructed or designated for assignment and occupancy without charge by such personnel, without forfeiting their quarters allowances.

BUY WAR BONDS

Suppression of Vice

The Senate on 14 May passed the bill (HR 2992) extending for one year the provisions of the law authorizing exercise of Federal control of areas around posts and stations to control prostitution. The House already having passed the bill, it now goes to the President.

Births • Marriages • Deaths

(No charge for service announcements. Please notify promptly.)

AGER—Born at Stanford University Hospital, Calif., 18 May 1945, to Lt. and Mrs. John C. Ager, USNR, a daughter, Helen Lucile.

AHEARN—Born at US Naval Hospital, Brooklyn, N. Y., 13 May 1945, to Lt. (jg) and Mrs. John J. Ahearn, USNR, their second child, Kathleen Ahearn.

ALLEN—Born at Brooke General Hospital, Ft. Sam Houston, Tex., 6 May 1945, to T.Sgt. and Mrs. Aubrey Lamar Allen, a daughter, Mary Ruth Allen.

ARCENEAUX—Born at Fitzsimons General Hospital, Denver, Colo., 2 May 1945, to Capt. and Mrs. James C. Arceaux, Jr., AC, a son.

BAGNULO—Born at The Emergency Hospital, Annapolis, Md., 5 May 1945, to Lt. Col. and Mrs. Aldo H. Bagnulo, CE, USA, a son, Michael Aldo. While Col. Bagnulo is overseas Mrs. Bagnulo is making her home with her parents, Lt. Col. and Mrs. Miguel Montesinos, Inf., Ret., at Parole, Md.

BARNETT—Born at Brooke General Hospital, Ft. Sam Houston, Tex., 7 May 1945, to Lt. and Mrs. Clair Ben Barnett, a son, James Warner Barnett.

BARRIS—Born at Fitzsimons General Hospital, Denver, Colo., 11 May 1945, to 2nd Lt. and Mrs. Donald F. Barris, a daughter.

BEAUREGARD—Born to Capt. and Mrs. John F. Beauregard, of Butler, Pa., a son, Christopher.

BEESON—Born at West Point, N. Y., 2 May 1945, to Capt. and Mrs. John P. Beeson, Jr., CE, USA, a daughter, Mary Walsh Beeson, granddaughter of the late Col. John P. Beeson, USA, and Mrs. Beeson and of Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Welsh of Newburgh, N. Y.

BENTZ—Born at Fitzsimons General Hospital, Denver, Colo., 8 May 1945, to T.Sgt. and Mrs. Dale M. Bentz, a son.

BERLISS—Born in the Lenox Hill Hospital, New York City, 14 May 1945, to Lt. Comdr. and Mrs. Arthur D. Berliiss, Jr., USNR, a son, Henry Arthur.

BINGHAM—Born at Fitzsimons General Hospital, Denver, Colo., 14 May 1945, to Lt. (jg) and Mrs. Henry T. Bingham, a son.

BOWMAN—Born at Fitzsimons General Hospital, Denver, Colo., 10 May 1945, to 2nd Lt. and Mrs. Thomas S. Bowman, a daughter.

BOYLE—Born at Fitzsimons General Hospital, Denver, Colo., 2 May 1945, to T.Sgt. and Mrs. John W. Boyle, a daughter.

BRAWLEY—Born at Garfield Hospital, Washington, D. C., 9 May 1945, to Lt. Comdr. and Mrs. Robert V. Brawley, USNR, of Alexandria, Va., a daughter, Jane Henderson Brawley.

BROWN—Born at Fitzsimons General Hospital, Denver, Colo., 2 May 1945, to T.Sgt. and Mrs. Clifton C. Brown, a daughter.

BROWNING—Born at Walter Reed General Hospital, Washington, D. C., 21 May 1945, to WOJG and Mrs. Edgar L. Browning, USA, twin daughters.

CHAMBERS—Born at Fitzsimons General Hospital, Denver, Colo., 8 May 1945, to 1st Lt. and Mrs. Alvin L. Chambers, a daughter.

COGGINS—Born at Garfield Memorial Hospital, Washington, D. C., 2 May 1945, to Capt. and Mrs. Thomas Madrye Coggins, USMC, a son, Stephen Lowell.

CRAWFORD—Born at Emory University Hospital, Atlanta, Ga., 12 May 1945, to Maj. and Mrs. William C. Crawford, Inf., USA, a daughter, Susan Lynn.

CURRAN—Born at Walter Reed General Hospital, Washington, D. C., 20 May 1945, to Capt. and Mrs. John L. Curran, AAF, a son.

DIAMOND—Born at Fitzsimons General Hospital, Denver, Colo., 10 May 1945, to S.Sgt. and Mrs. Sidney Diamond, a son.

DOUGHERTY—Born at Scripps Memorial Hospital, La Jolla, Calif., 11 May 1945, to Lt. and Mrs. E. J. Dougherty, a son, Edward Joseph Dougherty, 3d.

DREIER—Born at Fitzsimons General Hospital, Denver, Colo., 4 May 1945, to Maj. and Mrs. Wendell C. Dreier, a son.

EDEY—Born at Doctors Hospital, Washington, D. C., 17 May 1945, to Capt. and Mrs. Maitland A. Edey, AAF, a daughter.

EWING—Born at Providence (R. I.) Lying-in Hospital, 4 May 1945, to Capt. and Mrs. John L. Ewing, USN, a third son, grandson of Mr. and Mrs. Louis A. McKittrick of Yonkers, N. Y., and Mrs. John L. Ewing, sr., of Jamaica Plain, Mass. Mrs. Ewing is a niece of Capt. Harold U. McKittrick, USN, captain of the New York Navy Yard. Captain Ewing is on duty at the US Naval Air Station, Quonset Point, R. I.

FERGUSON—Born in Nantucket (Mass.) Cottage Hospital, 18 May 1945, to Lt. and Mrs. William Ferguson, AUS, a daughter, Sheila.

FORD—Born at Brooke General Hospital, Ft. Sam Houston, Tex., 8 May 1945, to T.Sgt. and Mrs. Daniel Webster Ford, a son, Daniel Philip Ford.

GAY—Born at Walter Reed General Hospital, Washington, D. C., 21 May 1945, to Maj. and Mrs. William Gay, AGD, a son.

GREEN—Born at Fitzsimons General Hospital, Denver, Colo., 11 May 1945, to 2nd Lt.

and Mrs. William F. Green, a son.

HAYER—Born at Fitzsimons General Hospital, Denver, Colo., 6 May 1945, to T.Sgt. and Mrs. Harry V. Hayer, a daughter.

HECK—Born at Fitzsimons General Hospital, Denver, Colo., 11 May 1945, to 2nd Lt. and Mrs. Merrill R. Heck, a son.

HEMPHILL—Born at Fitzsimons General Hospital, Denver, Colo., 6 May 1945, to Major and Mrs. Robert F. Hemphill, a daughter.

HOENER—Born at Walter Reed General Hospital, Washington, D. C., 17 May 1945, to Lt. Col. and Mrs. Irwin R. Hoener, QMC, a son.

HOFFMANN—Born at Brooke General Hospital, Ft. Sam Houston, Tex., 5 May 1945, to 1st Lt. and Mrs. Warren Albert Hoffmann, a daughter, Claudia Ruth Hoffmann.

HOLBROOK—Born at Brooke General Hospital, Ft. Sam Houston, Tex., 6 May 1945, to 2nd Lt. and Mrs. William Woodrow Holbrook, a son, Jeffrey Lynn Holbrook.

JAMISON—Born at Brooke General Hospital, Ft. Sam Houston, Tex., 9 May 1945, to 2nd Lt. and Mrs. Egbert Grant Jamison, a son, Rockwell Grant Jamison.

JOHNSON—Born at Annapolis, Md., 14 May 1945, to Lt. and Mrs. Berend Johnson, a daughter, Edith Sharon.

KAMP—Born at Brooke General Hospital, Ft. Sam Houston, Tex., 6 May 1945, to Lt. Col. and Mrs. Charles Emil Kamp, a son, Kay Kamp.

KANTACK—Born at Walter Reed General Hospital, Washington, D. C., 16 May 1945, to Capt. and Mrs. W. B. Kantack, AAF, a daughter.

KING—Born in Woman's Hospital, New York, 3 May 1945, to Lt. Richard King, USA (USMA'44), and Mrs. King, a daughter, Charlotte Villaret.

KNIESE—Born at Fitzsimons General Hospital, Denver, Colo., 14 May 1945, to 2nd Lt. and Mrs. Marvin E. Kniese, a daughter.

KRON—Born at Fitzsimons General Hospital, Denver, Colo., 14 May 1945, to 1st Lt. and Mrs. Robert O. Kron, a son.

LACKEY—Born at Luke Field, Ariz., 14 May 1945, to 1st Lt. and Mrs. Robert E. Lackey, AAF, a son, Robert Enslie.

LA HINES—Born at St. Vincent's Hospital, New York, N. Y., 10 May 1945, to Ens. and Mrs. Arthur D. LaHines, a daughter, Anne.

LERNER—Born at Fitzsimons General Hospital, Denver, Colo., 3 May 1945, to 1st Lt. and Mrs. Samuel H. Lerner, a daughter.

LIPOW—Born at Walter Reed General Hospital, Washington, D. C., 18 May 1945, to Maj. and Mrs. Eugene G. Lipow, MC, a son.

LOMBARD—Born at Providence Hospital, Detroit, Mich., 2 May 1945, to Capt. and Mrs. Calvin C. Lombard, a son, George Worthington Lombard.

LOPEZ—Born at Fitzsimons General Hospital, Denver, Colo., 11 May 1945, to 2nd Lt. and Mrs. Harold J. Lopez, a daughter.

MCCASLIN—Born at Walter Reed General Hospital, Washington, D. C., 20 May 1945, to 1st Lt. and Mrs. Charles W. McCaslin, CE, a daughter.

MCCONNELL—Born at Brooke General Hospital, Ft. Sam Houston, Tex., 10 May 1945, to 2nd Lt. and Mrs. John Russell McConnell, a daughter, Kathleen Glee McConnell.

MCCORMICK—Born at Flower and Fifth Avenue Hospital, New York City, 19 May 1945, to Ens. and Mrs. Richard Bryan McCormick, USNR, a son, Richard Bryan McCormick, II.

MCGREGOR—Born at United Hospital, Rochester, N. Y., 7 May 1945, to 1st Lt. and Mrs. Jack K. McGregor, USA (USMA'43), twin sons, James Balent McGregor and Robert Balent McGregor. Lt. McGregor is serving overseas.

MORGAN—Born at Harlingen, Tex., 10 May 1945, to Lt. and Mrs. W. A. Morgan, a son, Thomas Jefferson Morgan.

MUZZY—Born at Brooke General Hospital, Ft. Sam Houston, Tex., 6 May 1945, to 1st Lt. and Mrs. James Merton Muzzy, a son, James William Muzzy.

NADEAU—Born at Doctors Hospital, New York City, 20 May 1945, to Capt. and Mrs. Raoul E. Nadeau, ATC, a daughter, Eliane Saxe Nadeau. Captain Nadeau is now on duty in France.

NEILL—Born at De Paul Hospital, Norfolk, Va., 30 April 1945, to Lt. (jg) and Mrs. Arthur Neill, USN, a son, Arthur Neill, Jr.

OAKES—Born at Brooke General Hospital, Ft. Sam Houston, Tex., 6 May 1945, to 1st Lt. and Mrs. Ralph Quentin Oakes, a son, Forrest Ralph Oakes.

OLNEY—Born at University Hospital, Columbia, Mo., 14 May 1945, to Maj. and Mrs. Francis X. Olney, a son, Francis Xavier Olney, II. Maj. Olney is serving in the Pacific.

OSWALD—Born at Lawrence Hospital, Bronxville, N. Y., 16 May 1945, to Maj. and Mrs. Telford Oswald, AUS, a daughter, Ellen Merrill Oswald.

PETRAS—Born at Greenwood - Le Flore

Hospital, Greenwood, Miss., 14 May 1945, to 1st Lt. and Mrs. Milan J. Petras, a daughter, Carol Ann.

PIDGEON—Born at Station Hospital, Fort Leavenworth, Kans., 18 May 1945, to Maj. and Mrs. John J. Pidgeon, CAC, USA, (USMA '40), a son, John Harvey Pidgeon. Mrs. Pidgeon is the former Elizabeth Rinearson daughter of Col. A. V. Rinearson, CAC, USA.

PYE—Born at Coronado Hospital, Coronado, Calif., 28 April 1945, to Lt. Comdr. and Mrs. John Briscoe Pye, USN, a daughter, Anne Satterlee, granddaughter of Vice Admiral and Mrs. William Satterlee Pye, USN-Ret., and of Capt. and Mrs. Henry G. S. Wallace, USN-Ret. Lt. Comdr. Pye is reported missing in action aboard a US submarine.

QUINTAL—Born at Garfield Memorial Hospital, Washington, D. C., 18 May 1945, to Lt. and Mrs. Theodore G. Quintal, USNR, a son, Richard Martin.

ROBINSON—Born at Walter Reed General Hospital, Washington, D. C., 22 May 1945, to 1st Lt. and Mrs. Charles J. Robinson, SC, a daughter.

RODERICK—Born at Fitzsimons General Hospital, Denver, Colo., 7 May 1945, to 1st Lt. and Mrs. Donald A. Roderick, a son.

RODRIGUEZ—Born at Brooke General Hospital, Ft. Sam Houston, Tex., 10 May 1945, to AM2/c and Mrs. Lionel Baldeemar Rodriguez, USN, a daughter, Loretta Joe Rodriguez.

RUNYON—Born at LeRoy Sanitarium, New York, N. Y., 14 May 1945, to Lt. and Mrs. Curman Randolph Runyon, 3d, AAF, their second child, a son, Peter Fitz-Randolph Runyon. Lt. Runyon is on duty in China.

RUTLEDGE—Born at Fitzsimons General Hospital, Denver, Colo., 5 May 1945, to CWO and Mrs. Elbert H. Rutledge, a son.

SANTIMAYS—Born at Fitzsimons General Hospital, Denver, Colo., 8 May 1945, to Capt. and Mrs. Joseph R. Santimays, a daughter.

SCHRAM—Born at Walter Reed General Hospital, Washington, D. C., 16 May 1945, to 2nd Lt. and Mrs. Joseph F. Schram, AAF, a daughter.

SCHROEDER—Born at Brooke General Hospital, Ft. Sam Houston, Tex., 8 May 1945, to Lt. and Mrs. Horitz Julius Schroeder, USN, a son, Moritz Julius Schroeder, Jr.

SHEARER—Born at Fitzsimons General Hospital, Denver, Colo., 10 May 1945, to T.Sgt. and Mrs. Hiram F. Shearer, a son.

SMEDLEY—Born at US Naval Academy Hospital, Annapolis, Md., 19 May 1945, to Lt. (jg) and Mrs. Walter Smedley, USNR, a daughter, Stephanie Heddens Smedley.

SMITH—Born at Walter Reed General Hospital, Washington, D. C., 20 May 1945, to 1st Lt. and Mrs. Lester T. Smith, QMC, a son.

STEARNS—Born at Fitzsimons General Hospital, Denver, Colo., 8 May 1945, to Maj. and Mrs. A. Brice Stearns, a son.

STRICKLAND—Born at Walter Reed General Hospital, Washington, D. C., 20 May 1945, to 1st Lt. and Mrs. Jennie H. Strickland, AAF, a daughter.

TROUTMAN—Born at Walter Reed General Hospital, Washington, D. C., 16 May 1945, to M.Sgt. and Mrs. Roy W. Troutman, MC, a daughter.

WALKER—Born at Stamford (Conn.) Hospital, 14 May 1945, to Capt. and Mrs. W. B. Walker, Jr., AAF, a son, Douglas Bertram Walker.

WALKER—Born at Fitzsimons General Hospital, Denver, Colo., 3 May 1945, to 2nd Lt. and Mrs. J. P. Walker, a daughter.

WENIG—Born at Brooke General Hospital, Ft. Sam Houston, Tex., 7 May 1945, to 1st Lt. and Mrs. Ralph Winfred Wenig, sr., twins, a son, Ralph Winfred Wenig, jr.; a daughter, Patricia Marion Wenig.

Married

BANE-McILVAIN—Married in the Methodist Church, Easton, Md., 12 May 1945, Mrs. Patricia Miller McIlvain to Lt. Col. David Morgan Bane, AAF.

BARTLETT-HECKER—Married at Bakersfield, Calif., 5 May 1945, Miss Clara Bourland Hecker to Capt. John Donnington Bartlett, IV, AAF, of Helena, Mont.

BAXTER-McDONALD—Married in Lafayette Presbyterian Church, Norfolk, Va., 19 May 1945, Miss Virginia St. Clair MacDonald to Lt. Joe Warren Baxter, USNR.

BECKER-CRAGER—Married in St. Matthew's Church, South Bend, Ind., 3 May 1945, Miss Ruth Crager to Lt. (jg) Michael J. Becker, USNR.

BELL-MACKENZIE—Married at Las Vegas, Nev., 11 May 1945, Lt. Jean C. Mackenzie, WAC, to Lt. Burton Gregory Bell, AAF.

BLATHROW-PADGETT—Married in Short Hills, N. J., 21 May 1945, Miss Laura Elizabeth Padgett to Lt. Lindsay S. Blathrow, USNR.

BRADLEY-CRANDALL—Married at Colorado Springs, Colo., 19 May 1945, Miss Phyllis Rhodes-Crandall, daughter of Lt. Col. and Mrs. Murray Bradshaw Crandall, USA, to Maj.

William Roberts Bradley, USMCR.

BROOKINGS-SMITH—Married at the home of the bridegroom's parents on Seminary Hill, just outside of Alexandria, Va., 16 May 1945, Mrs. Virginia Sargent Smith of the American Red Cross to Lt. Comdr. Robert Somers Brookings, II, USNR.

CADY-URQUHART—Married in St. Martin's Church, Providence, R. I., 19 May 1945, Miss Barbara Lyman Urquhart of Greenwich, Conn., to Lt. Sheldon Hutchins Cady, USNR, of Providence.

CLOAK-BLACKBURN—Married in the Roman Catholic Church of the Assumption, Bridgeport, Conn., 19 May 1945, Miss Edith Pettigrew Blackburn to Lt. Richard F. Cloak, Jr., AUS.

COOLEY-FROST—Married in Chevy Chase Presbyterian Church, Chevy Chase, Md., 19 May 1945, Miss Mary Jane Frost to Ens. William Olds Cooley, USNR.

CORNWALL-ARMSTRONG—Married in the Church of St. Ignatius Loyola, New York City, 19 May 1945, Miss Jean Campbell Armstrong to Ens. John Sinclair Cornwall, USNR.

CUSHMAN-BONE—Married in Central Presbyterian Church, New York City, 20 May 1945, Miss Nancy Louise Bone to Lt. (jg) Gordon Harold Cushman, USNR.

DARLIN-GOINS—Married in the First Methodist Church, Washington, D. C., 12 May 1945, Miss Margaret Eugenia Goins to Maj. Paul Brent Darlin, MC, AUS.

DOHERTY-McCRANE—Married in St. Anastasia Church, Teaneck, N. J., 19 May 1945, Miss Mary Clare McCrane to Capt. Albert Joseph Doherty, USMCR, recently returned from thirty-two months in the South Pacific.

DONALDSON-CARTELEDGE—Married in Harvard Epworth Methodist Church, Cambridge, Mass., 19 May 1945, Miss Nancy Lane Cartledge to Ens. Edgar John Donaldson, USNR.

FALWEN-LEDER—Married in New York City, 23 May 1945, Miss June Ellen Leder to Lt. Melvin Falwen, AUS.

GALBRAITH-BRINKER—Married in Our Lady Chapel of St. Patrick's Cathedral, 19 April 1945, Mercedes J. Brinker, CY, USNR, to Lt. (jg) Francis D. Galbraith, USNR.

GARFIELD-DAY—Married in Christ Church, New Haven, Conn., 19 May 1945, Miss Jane Osborn Day to Ens. Newell Garfield, Jr., USNR.

GOSB-DOLBS—Married in the chantry of St. Thomas Church, New York, N. Y., 21 May 1945, Miss Jaye Ernestine Dolbs to Lt. Edward Clay Gosb, FA, AUS.

GRAY-O'BRIEN—Married in Orlando, Fla., 7 May 1945, Miss Gloria Ann O'Brien of New Orleans, La., to Maj. Alanson McDowell Gray, Jr., AUS.

HERB-ARNDT—Married in France, 20 April 1945, Lt. Marie Eleanor Arndt, ANC, to Lt. Reuel Arlington Herb, Ord., AUS.

HOLSWORTH-LARSEN—Married in her parents' home in Honolulu, T. H., 31 March 1945, Miss Margit Larsen to Lt. (jg) Charles Wayne Holsworth, USCGR.

HOLZAPFEL-ABEL—Married in Elizabeth, N. J., 18 May 1945, Miss Alice Ernestine Abel, daughter of Maj. and Mrs. Henri E. Abel, MC, USA, to Lt. (jg) George Norman Holzapfel, USNR.

HONEYCUTT-PARKER—Married in Bethlehem Chapel of the Washington Cathedral, 19 May 1945, Miss Ann Templeton Parker, daughter of Maj. Gen. and Mrs. Frank Parker, USA, to Lt. Col. John Thomas Honeycutt, USA, son of Mrs. Francis Webster Honeycutt and the late Brig. Gen. Honeycutt, USA.

HURD-WILLINGHAM—Married recently in the chapel at Fort Myer, Va., Miss Betty Willingham to Capt. Richard C. Hurd, AAF.

JAICKS-BULL—Married in the chapel of St. Bartholomew's Church, New York, N. Y., 19 April 1945, Miss Mary Constance Bull to Ens. Wilson Askew Jaicks, Jr., USNR.

JEWETT-BLACK—Married in Walnut Street Presbyterian Church, Philadelphia, Pa., 25 April 1945, Miss Irene L. Black to Lt. William Averill Jewett, Jr., AUS.

JONES-HIBBARD—Married in St. Bede's Chapel of Rosemary Hall, Greenwich, Conn., 18 May 1945, Miss Jean Caroline Hibbard to Lt. (jg) Jack Paul Jones, USNR, on leave from duty in the Pacific.

KENNEDY-McCORKLE—Married in Saginaw, Mich., 19 May 1945, Miss Lucy McCorkle to FO. Wray David Kennedy, AAF.

KURZ-OGDEN—Married in Christ Church, Short Hills, N. J., 19 May 1945, Miss Mary Elizabeth Ogden to Lt. Hermann Walter Kurz, Jr., USNR.

LINDSAY-DOUGLAS—Married in All Angels Episcopal Church, New York City, 22 May 1945, Miss Nancy Elizabeth Douglas to Lt. Alvin F. Lindsay, USNR.

McINTOSH-LACKMAN—Married in the Methodist Church, Plzen, Czechoslovakia, 19 May 1945, Miss Virginia M. Lackman, American Red Cross worker, to Maj. Charles A. McIntosh, Jr., AUS.

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Births, Marriages, Deaths
(Continued from Preceding Page)

NESTLER-HALTER—Married in Jacksonville, Ill., 1 April 1945, Miss Gwen Halter, daughter of Lt. Col. and Mrs. Bryan S. Halter, USA, to Capt. Paul M. Nestler, AUS.

O'CONNELL - PERKINS — Married in Blessed Sacrament Church, Baltimore, Md., 5 May 1945, Miss Bonnie Perkins to Lt. Francis A. O'Connell, USNR.

PAYNE-EBERSTADT — Married in the chapel of the Brick Presbyterian Church, New York, N. Y., Miss Frances Stuart Eberstadt to Comdr. John Walker Payne, Jr., USN.

PATRICK-HOLT—Married in West Side Presbyterian Church, Ridgewood, N. J., 19 May 1945, Miss Doris Cornelia Holt to Capt. Richard Patrick, AAF.

PIERCE-LAWRENCE—Married in Trinity Episcopal Church, Portsmouth, Va., 17 May 1945, Miss Ann Sumner Lawrence to Capt. Richard Lowe Pierce, USMC.

PORTER-COURSEY — Married in Post Chapel, George Field, Lawrenceville, Ill., 9 May 1945, Miss Betty Lorraine Coursey to 1st Lt. David R. Porter, Jr., AC, AUS.

PRENDERGAST-McANDREWS — Married in the post chapel, Fort Myer, Va., 19 May 1945, Miss Martha Willman McAndrews to Capt. William Enda Prendergast, AUS.

REDMAN-TEGG—Married in Royster Memorial Presbyterian Church, 18 May 1945, Miss Ernestine Tegg to Ensign Jack Curry Redman, USNR.

RUFF-PARKER—Married in the Presbyterian Church, Carlsbad, N. M., 10 May 1945, Miss Elizabeth Parker to Lt. Warren Lee Ruff, AAF.

SASMOR-GALAMBOS—Married at the home of the bridegroom's parents, New Rochelle, N. Y., 17 May 1945, Miss Vera Maria Galambos of New York City, to Lt. (jg) James Cecil Sasmor, USNR.

SCHROETER-MORANO — Married in the Church of St. Saviour, Brooklyn, N. Y., 19 May 1945, Miss Isabelle Morano to Lt. (jg) Charles Edward Schroeter, USNR.

SCHUELE-WARD—Married in St. Bernard's Chapel Hall, White Plains, N. Y., 19 May 1945, Miss Mary Elaine Ward to 1st Lt. Norman A. Schuele, Jr., AAF.

SOUTHERLAND-BELL — Married in St. Peter's Catholic Church, near London, England, 19 March 1945, Lt. Marguerite Bell, ANC, of Portsmouth, Va., to Capt. John T. Southerland, AUS, of Charleston, S. C.

SPERRY-AGUIRRE-OVERWEG — Married in New York City, 17 May 1945, Miss Matilde Aguirre-Overweg, of Ecuador, to Lt. Mark Sperry, USNR.

STRAIT-LYON—Married in Remsenburg, Long Island, N. Y., 19 May 1945, Miss Louise Lyon, daughter of Lt. Col. and Mrs. Edward C. Lyon, MC, AUS, to Maj. Donald J. Strait, AAF.

ULRICH-SAVVIS — Married in Our Lady Chapel of St. Patrick's Cathedral, New York City, 19 May 1945, Miss Eleanor Martha Savvis of Brooklyn, N. Y., to 1st Lt. Milton Robert Ulrich, AAF.

WALSH-TUCK—Married in New York City 19 May 1945, Miss Alexandra S. Tuck, daughter of Capt. Alexander J. M. Tuck, AUS, to 1st Lt. Phillip C. Walsh, IV, AUS.

WATERS-GROOT—Married in Lexington, Mass., 21 May 1945, Miss Marion Prince Groot to Lt. Comdr. John Matthias Waters, USN.

YOUNG-HARRIS—Married in Chevy Chase Methodist Church, Chevy Chase, Md., 19 May 1945, Miss Christine Louise Harris, daughter of Maj. and Mrs. James E. Harris, to Capt. Elliot R. Young, AAF.

Died

ALEXANDER—Died 5 May 1945, of wounds received in action on Okinawa, 1st Lt. Wilford S. Alexander, Jr., USMC. Survived by his parents, Capt. and Mrs. Alexander of Cambridge, Mass., and four sisters.

AMUSSEN—Killed in maneuvers off the California coast, 19 May 1945, Lt. (jg) John R. Amussen, USNR. Survived by his widow, Mrs. Margaret Sanderson Amussen of Chevy Chase, Md., by his mother, Mrs. Theodore S. Amussen of Washington, D. C., by five brothers and a daughter, Margaret, aged one year.

BYRON—Killed in airplane crash in Italy, 1 May 1945, Maj. Edward J. Byron, Jr., AAF. Survived by his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Edward J. Byron of 59 East 79th Street, New York City, by two brothers, Capt. Richard C. Byron, AAF and Donald Byron of the Maritime Service and by three sisters.

CLARK—Killed in action in the Pacific recently, Capt. Robley Westland Clark, USN. (USNA'24). Survived by his wife, Mrs. Violet Helbe Clark; a brother, Alfred M. Clark, and a sister, Miss Elizabeth A. Clark.

COLLINS — Died 22 April 1945, Capt. Patrick Collins, who served in the Army during World War I. Survived by his widow, Mrs. Mary D. Collins; two daughters, Lt. Patricia Marie Collins and Miss Nancy Katherine Collins; by three sisters and two brothers.

DALTON—Killed in action near Balet Pass on northern Luzon, P. I., 18 May 1945, Brig. Gen. James L. Dalton, USA (USMA '33). Survived by his wife and two daughters of Kennebunkport, Me.

DAMAS—Killed in action in Germany, 26 April 1945, Lt. Col. Waldemar N. Damas, GSC, USA (USMA'25), when the "Jeep" in which he was riding hit a land mine. He was with the XXI Corps Headquarters. Survived by his widow, Mrs. Anna R. Damas, who makes her home at 22 Holland St., Newport, R. I.

DUKE—Killed in action in France, 4 August 1944, Maj. Paul D. Duke, USA (USMA '41). Survived are his parents, Dr. and Mrs. D. C. Duke, of Brooklyn, N. Y., his wife, Mrs. Mary Lindgren Duke and a daughter, Nancy Karen Duke.

FEATHERSTON—Killed in action in Germany, 24 March 1945, Capt. John H. Featherston, Jr., FA, USA (USMA '43), 22 years of age, son of Col. John H. Featherston, CAC, USA.

FLEMING—Killed in action in the Pacific, Capt. Robert W. Fleming, USN. (USNA'17), captain of the USS New Mexico. Survived by his widow, Mrs. Emma Fleming, daughter of Rear Adm. Edward R. Stitt, (MC) USN-Ret., and by two sons, OC Robert Walter Fleming, Jr., AUS, 19, and Edward Stitt, 15, a student at Episcopal High School, Alexandria, Va.

GRIFFITH—Died recently at his home in Washington, D. C., Mr. W. F. R. Griffith, who served as a Captain in the Army during trouble with Mexico. Survived by his widow, two sons and four grandchildren, all of Washington.

GRIGGS—Killed in action on Okinawa, 12 April 1945, Capt. Clarence W. Griggs, ChC, AUS. Survived is his widow, Mrs. Nancy Whiteside Griggs, of 1121 Fulton Ave., the Bronx, New York, N. Y.

HAGESTEARY—Killed on a night practice flight in Cambridge, England, 28 April 1945, 2nd Lt. Arthur W. Hagestear, AAF, son of Mr. and Mrs. William Hagestear, of 4002 New Hampshire Ave., N. W.

HARDING—Died of a heart attack in Casablanca, Africa, on his way to the U. S. for reassignment, 6 May 1945, Comdr. John T. Harding, USNR. Survived by his widow, Mrs. Katherine Cerf Harding of Montclair, N. J., and his mother, Mrs. John N. Harding of Washington, D. C.

HEMPHILL—Killed in airplane crash in Italy, 20 April 1945, 1st Lt. Anne G. Hemphill, WAC, daughter of Col. and Mrs. John E. Hemphill, USA-Ret.

HENSHAW—Killed in action on Okinawa, 19 April 1945, 1st Lt. Frank Thompson Henshaw, 27th Division. Survived by his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Archibald M. Henshaw, and a sister, Mrs. John Greenleaf Owen.

HOLABIRD—Died in St. Luke's Hospital, Chicago, Ill., 4 May 1945, after a brief illness, Mr. John A. Holabird, formerly Lt. Col., USA. Survived by his widow, Mrs. Dorothy Hackett Holabird, and two sons, 1st Lt. John Augur Holabird, Jr., now in Germany with the 82nd Division, Paratroopers, USA Engineers, and Christopher Holabird.

HUGHES—Died at US Naval Hospital, Bethesda, Md., 19 May 1945, Lt. William Robert Hughes, USMC, of Arlington, Va. Survived by his widow, Mrs. Marjory B. Hughes; his mother, Mrs. R. L. Hughes of East Riverdale, Md., and by two sisters.

HUNTER—Killed over Germany, January 1945, Col. Frank Hunter, AC, USA (USMA '33), brother-in-law of Col. John S. Featherston, CAC, USA, (USNA '20).

LAW — Killed in action on Okinawa, 20 April 1945, Capt. C. William Law, AUS. Survived by his wife, Mrs. Louise R. Law; a two and a-half-year-old son, C. William Law, Jr.; his father, Mr. Clarence L. Law, and a sister, all of Pelham, N. Y.

LEON—Killed in action in Austria, 3 May 1945, Capt. Adrian Z. Leon, (MC)AUS. Survived by his widow, Mrs. Naomi de Sola Pool Leon, by his parents and a brother.

LUKE—Died of suffocation in his home at Edgemoor, Md., 29 May 1945, Lt. Col. James L. Luke, AUS. Survived by two sons, James Luke, Jr., and Alexander M. Luke; by two brothers and three sisters.

NIXON—Died at her home in Washington, D. C., 21 May 1945, Mrs. Julia C. Nixon, widow of Col. Cortland Nixon, USA. Survived by her daughter, Mrs. Sells E. Wagner of Washington and a sister, Mrs. Thomas N. Gimpelring of Denver, Colo.

PLANTE—Killed in action in France, 16 May 1945, Lt. Thomas P. Plante, Jr., Inf. Survived by his widow, Mrs. Shirley Berman Plante, by his parents and two brothers.

ROSENFELD—Killed in action over Burma, 19 April 1945, Maj. Henry L. Rosefeld, Jr., AUS. Survived by his widow, Mrs. Tanya

Valdemar Rosefeld of 108 East 66th St., New York City, by his mother, Mrs. Annie M. Rosefeld of White Plains, N. Y., and a brother.

SCHIEBNER—Killed in action on Okinawa 21 April 1945, Maj. Maurice Michael Scheibner, AUS. Surviving are his widow, Mrs. Viola Baumann Scheibner, and a brother.

SCHREINER—Died in Palo Alto, Calif., 12 May 1945, Mrs. Edith E. Schreiner, wife of Col. Edward R. Schreiner, MC, USA-Ret., mother of Mrs. Courtland M. Brown of Palo Alto; Edward Schreiner of Hanford and Mrs. James Cruickshank of Honolulu, T. H. Interment in Golden Gate National Cemetery.

SEALS—Died at Walter Reed General Hospital, 22 May 1945, Mrs. Margaret Byroade Seals, wife of Brig. Gen. Carl H. Seals, USA, now a prisoner of the Japanese. Besides her husband she is survived by her mother, widow of Col. George L. Byroade, former Adjutant General of National Guard of the District of Columbia, and by a brother, Capt. George L. Byroade, Jr., of 702 Chetworth Place, Alexandria, Va.

SHEEHAN—Killed in action over Formosa recently, Lt. James T. Sheehan, AAF. Survived by his wife, Mrs. Shirley D. Sheehan of 2915 S. Dinwiddie St., Arlington, Va.; by his mother, Mrs. John Sheehan of Bedford, Mass.; a brother and two sisters.

SMITH — Died of sudden heart attack at Brooke General Hospital, Fort Sam Houston, Texas, 17 May 1945, Col. W. O. Smith, QMC, USA-Ret.

STODTER—Died in St. Louis, Mo., 30 March 1945, Mrs. John H. Stodter, wife of Colonel Stodter, USA, who flew from China to be at her bedside arriving there the day before her death. Also survived by a brother, Mr. L. M. Rumsey of St. Louis.

STRONG—Died in the General Hospital, Camp Edwards, Mass., 21 May 1945, Capt. Martin Strong, AUS. Survived by his widow, Mrs. Eva Tanzman Strong and three daughters.

TAYLOR—Killed in action in the Pacific, recently, Lt. Edward Jesup Taylor, USNR. Survived by his widow, Mrs. Wynne Byard Taylor, and two children, and by his parents, Dr. and Mrs. Howard Canning Taylor, of New York City.

Obituaries

Mrs. Bessie F. De Witt, wife of Brig. Gen. Wallace De Witt, USA-Ret., and three time commander of Letterman General Hospital, died suddenly at her residence, 40-5th Avenue, San Francisco, Calif., on 13 May.

Funeral services were held at the Post Chapel in the Presidio on Wednesday afternoon and followed by interment in the National Cemetery nearby. Chaplain A. E. Butcher officiated at the services and the honorary pallbearers were all friends of the family. Col. Eugene J. Ely, Col. Lloyd L. Smith, Col. Irving J. Sloat, Col. Horace S. Villers, Col. Ross Paul, and Dr. Roderic O'Connor. The active pallbearers were senior non-commissioned officers from Letterman General Hospital.

Mrs. De Witt is survived, in addition to General De Witt, by her son Captain Wallace De Witt.

Lt. Col. John Harvey Becque, USA, died at Walter Reed General Hospital 23 March 1945.

Col. Becque entered the Army in 1918. Later he left the service to accept a fellowship at the Mellon Institute. Col. Becque reentered the Army in 1922 and during his years of service to his country he occupied many responsible posts, among them the U. S. Military Mission to Brazil. During World War II he served with the 7th Air Force in Hawaii, and was later in the ETO for eight months, returning to the United States in January of this year. Col. Becque was born in Louisville, Ky., 24 Nov. 1890, attended Rose Polytechnic from which institute he received his Masters Degree. Col. Becque is survived by his wife, Mrs. Beatrice Becque, of New Orleans, La., and three sons, Lt. John H. Becque, AUS; William Becque, now at Johns Hopkins, and Pfc. Notler Becque.

Mr. John Augur Holabird, (USMA '07), formerly a lieutenant colonel in the Army, died at St. Luke's Hospital, Chicago, 4 May 1945.

He was born at Evanston, Ill., 4 May 1886. Both of his grandfathers, Samuel B. Holabird and Christopher Colon Augur were graduates of the United States Military Academy and held the rank of brigadier general in the federal army in the Civil war. His father was an architect.

Mr. Holabird received his preparatory education at the Hill School, Pottstown, Pa., and graduated from the U. S. Military Academy in 1907 and from the Engineers' School, Washington (D. C.) Barracks, in 1909. He served for two years, 1907-09, as 2nd lieutenant in the Corps of Engineers, United States Army, resigning his commission in December 1909; during 1914-17 he was captain in the 1st Cavalry, Illinois National Guard, and upon the entrance of the United States into the World War he was commissioned major in the 58th

Field Artillery Brigade of the 33rd Division. He went to France in 1918 as lieutenant colonel of the 123d Field Artillery, 33d Division, and served with that command until 31 Aug. 1918, when he was transferred to the 12th Field Artillery, 2d Division. He was in command of that regiment throughout the St. Mihiel, Blanc Mont and Meuse-Argonne offensives, until 12 Nov., the day after the armistice. He was mustered out of the service in April, 1919. Mr. Holabird went to Paris in 1910 and began the study of architecture, graduating from the Ecole des Beaux Arts in 1913. Returning to Chicago he became associated with the firm of Holabird & Roche the same year and was admitted to partnership in 1920.

During the war the firm has constructed important work for the U. S. Army, including the Air Base at Jamaica, B.W.I.

Mr. Holabird was a Fellow of the American Institute of Architects, Academician of the National Academy of Design, member of the Chicago Plan Commission and of the Commission of Fine Arts.

For his service in the First World War he was awarded the Distinguished Service Medal (U. S.) and the Croix de Guerre (France) for service as regimental commander at St. Mihiel and two phases of the Meuse-Argonne campaign.

He was married at Chicago 12 May 1917, to Dorothy Hackett, daughter of Karelton Hackett, of Chicago, and they have two children, 1st Lt. John Augur, Jr., awarded the Silver Star, now in Germany with the 82nd Division Paratroopers, U. S. A. Engineers, and Christopher Holabird.

Naval Hospital Ships

(Continued from First Page)

the roll and pitch center of the ship, a most desirable feature. A central surgical supply room has been included for serving surgical trays, sets and dressings to the operating rooms and to the whole ship. The operating rooms and anesthesia room are fully provided with protection against the explosion of anesthetic gases. These precautions include the use of sparkproof electrical outlets, vaporproof operating lights and electrically conductive deck.

The location of administrative offices, as well as clinical facilities, below decks, is a new departure which allows the upper decks to be used as wards. In these ships it was possible to include office space for all heads of departments. Equipment is provided for voice recording and transcription of medical records with eight recorders and two transcribing amplifiers, which are intended to reduce long-hand record and correspondence writing by medical officers.

To allow the ships to fulfill their function as medical supply ships at advanced areas abundant medical storage is included, totaling 85,000 cubic feet in each ship.

Particular attention has been paid to detail in the neuropsychiatric wards.

Main deck lobbies, fore and aft, are fitted with tables and chairs as lounges. The open bridge deck is available for movies, shows, deck sports and sun bathing. For ward patients, each bed has a five-channel entertainment broadcast system with earphones and pillow phones. A patients' library is provided on the main deck. Two female Red Cross workers are assigned for morale work with patients. Unusually large capacity has been designed in the laundry and its equipment. A steam and formaldehyde disinfectant is installed on the upper deck.

In the X-Ray section unusual space is available and adequate provision is made for record and appointment office, examination room and X-Ray storage for portable and mobile units.

The eye, ear, nose and throat suite is a replica of successful shore installations and the operating room is equipped to serve as an auxiliary general surgical operating room when necessary.

The dental clinic and prosthetic laboratory are designed in accordance with approved standards. An optical repair unit has recently been added to hospital ships to provide and repair spectacles.

Officers and nurses have been provided with unusually good accommodations in these ships, nurses' quarters being self-contained, with separate mess. Hospital Corpsmen are berthed in excellent spaces on the main and second deck.

Throughout a sincere attempt has been made by the Bureau of Medicine and Surgery to provide in these ships the best possible in hospital design and equipment, and to have the ships equipped, outfitted and staffed to the highest degree possible prior to commissioning.

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Retain U. S. Naval Strength

(Continued from First Page)

of Congress as to disposal of our battleships, cruisers, aircraft carriers, destroyers, and submarines, and also provides that appropriate notice and a 60-day opportunity to act by concurrent resolution be given Congress prior to disposal of—

(1) any floating drydock, or any mine vessel, patrol vessel, auxiliary, landing ship, or district craft of a thousand tons or more;

(2) any navy yard, navy airfield, naval training station, naval ordnance plant or depot, naval base, or other installation; and

(3) any Government-owned plant under Navy cognizance for producing articles, materials, or supplies for the Navy, excepting so-called "scrambled" plants and plants not capable of economic operation as a separate and independent unit, and plants which are an integral part of a larger installation of a private contractor.

"The exceptions to this requirement are limited to leases and specific dispositions authorized before the Surplus Property Act of 1944.

"The purpose of the proposed legislation is to restore to the Congress authority over dispositions of important naval facilities, in keeping with congressional responsibility for the maintenance of the Navy. The provisions of the bill, which would insure that the Congress will have notice of, and opportunity to consider, all proposed declarations of surplus and disposal of the various naval plants and naval stations, and the more important naval units, would restore the constitutional system of checks and balances between the executive and legislative branches of the Government, by providing the Congress an opportunity to exercise an effective veto voice in their disposition.

"The proposed restraining legislation is in keeping with section 8 of the Constitution, under which Congress has the function not only of providing but of maintaining a Navy. This section imposes an obligation upon the Congress in safeguarding the defense of our country, which the Congress cannot escape by delegating to any other division of Government an unreviewed authority of determining whether naval installations and the important major types of naval vessels are needed for national defense. It is in recognition of this obligation of the Congress and of the fact that Congress cannot and should not attempt to delegate its responsibility, that the bill H. R. 3180 has been unanimously recommended for enactment by the Naval Affairs Committee.

"Today the United States Navy is larger than the combined navies of all other nations, and much stronger than any combination of foreign navies which could be brought against us. This preeminence among the nations of the world is the pride of America and the protection of America. In this troubled world, decision as to disposition of any of our major naval vessels is a decision of such importance that it should ultimately rest in the Congress, where it has rested heretofore since the beginning of our Government. Because of the importance of this matter, both in substance and principle, H. R. 3180 is a landmark of congressional reclamation of authority and reaffirmation of responsibility. It is a recognition that the branch of Government which has had the responsibility of appropriating billions of the taxpayers' money for constructing the greatest Navy known to history likewise has the responsibility for seeing that this huge investment in security is not dissipated by unwise dispositions.

"Section 3 prohibits any kind of disposition in the case of ships of battleship, cruiser, aircraft carrier, destroyer, or submarine types (referred to in sec. 1 (a)) except where the disposition would be permissible because of provisions of section 5 of the bill.

"Section 4 applies to all naval facilities within the definition of section 1 except battleships, cruisers, aircraft carriers, destroyers, and submarines. The section provides that except where disposal would be permissible under section 5 no naval stations or other naval installations, no plants within the definition of "plant," no floating drydocks, and no ship of over 1,000 tons of types referred to in paragraph (b) of the definition may be disposed of or transferred from the jurisdiction or control of the Navy Department or determined surplus to its needs, or consent given for disposition, unless and until the conditions of the section are met. These conditions are that the Secretary of the Navy must have made a report to the Congress while both Houses are in session, setting forth the reasons why the facility is no longer needed by the Navy Department and including the contrary views, if any, of the Chief of Naval Operations, and either the Congress shall have thereafter approved the disposal by passage of a concurrent resolution, or that 60 days shall have elapsed after the date the report is filed without passage of any concurrent resolution. If Congress during the period should pass a concurrent resolution stating in substance that the facility should be retained by the Department of the Navy, the Navy Department would be in the same situation as if the report had never been made, that is, the prohibition of the section would be effective, but the Navy Department

would not be precluded from subsequently making another report pursuant to this section. The section provides that in computing the 60-day period, none of the time between the end of one session of Congress and the beginning of the next should be counted, nor would any time during which both Houses are in recess under the terms of a concurrent resolution be counted.

"Section 5 of the bill provides that no provision of the legislation shall be construed to prevent (1) disposition of vessels stricken from the Navy Register pursuant to the act of 5 Aug. 1882; (2) disposition of vessels under the so-called Fishing Vessels Act of 29 April 1943, as amended; (3) exercise of statutory authority by the President to lease naval war facilities to a country whose defense the President deems vital to the defense of the United States in cases where the lease would not be for any period extending beyond the date proclaimed by the President as the date of termination of the present war or the date specified in a concurrent resolution of the two Houses of Congress as the date of such termination, whichever first occurs; (4) naval war facilities from being made subject to any command or use (which would include any United States commands or the use by other Federal agencies, or the use by private contractors producing war supplies) determined to be appropriate in connection with the prosecution of the present war; (5) the transfer of the Coast Guard and Coast Guard naval war facilities to the Treasury or other Government agency, or the return of any naval war facility acquired from other Government agencies pursuant to an arrangement entered into for such return; (6) disposition of naval war facilities pursuant to an option to the holder of an option thereon which was either granted prior to the enactment of the bill, or was granted after such enactment but was granted in connection with the original procurement of such facility by the Government; (7) the scrapping or destruction of vessels damaged beyond economical repair; (8) termination by the Navy Department of leases or charter parties.

"The Secretary of the Navy in the letter (page 1086, Army and Navy Journal, 5 May 1945) expressed his views on the bill H. R. 2894, suggesting minor changes, all of which are contained in the revised bill, H. R. 3180. It will be noted that the only substantive comment in the letter is that the requirements for reporting will impose certain administrative burdens and may entail some delay in some disposals of property but the letter states, 'It is not felt that this restriction and delay incident thereto would unduly affect the operation of the Navy.'

Permanent RA Promotions

Promotions and Vacancies on the Promotion List (Cumulative) and Promotions on the Non-Promotion List Since 11 May 1945

Last promotion to the grade of col.—Harold P. Kayser, INF No. 130; Vacancies—None; Last nomination to the grade of col.—Claude E. Stadtman, INF No. 137; Senior lt. col.—Basil D. Spalding, INF No. 131. Last promotion to the grade of lt. col.—George W. Marvin, CE No. 151. Last promotion to the grade of major—Joseph G. Hopkins, AC No. 203. Last promotion to the grade of capt.—John B. Richardson, jr., INF No. 215. Last promotion to the grade of 1st lt.—James E. Foley, AC No. 809.

Non-Promotion List

Capt. to Maj.
Eaton W. Bennett, MC, (temp. col.)
Dean S. Belter, DC, (temp. lt. col.)
1st Lt. to Capt.
Perry W. Bascom, DC, (temp. capt.)

PHS Officers

Reports received at the Navy Department indicate responsible Naval personnel not uniformly cognizant of status of Public Health Service Officers detailed for duty with the Coast Guard and of their right to be treated as Naval rather than civilian personnel.

Public Health Service Officers detailed for duty with the Coast Guard, the Department says, constitute a part of the Naval forces, are military personnel while so serving, and are to be treated as such in respect of privileges and discipline. Corrective action will be taken by Commanding Officers of all activities having contact with such Public Health Service Officers so as to insure proper treatment of such personnel.

29th Division at Bremerhaven

The 29th Division of the 9th Army, veterans of D-Day and the St. Lo breakthrough, has been assigned the occupation task at the important port of Bremerhaven, where the Blue and Gray Division has supplanted a British regiment.

Members of the occupation division are former National Guardsmen from the District of Columbia, Maryland, Virginia, and Western Pennsylvania.

Urges Gen. Eisenhower's Return

A plea that General of the Army Dwight D. Eisenhower be brought back to the United States for a visit was voiced on the floor of the House 17 May by Senator Lucas (D., Ill.)

"Never before in our military history," Senator Lucas said, "have we achieved so many magnificent victories as we have now achieved under the superb leadership of General Eisenhower in Europe. Now is the time to give the general a few days off from his busy life. Now is the time to let the general know our deep appreciation of what he and his troops have accomplished. I predict that the reception that will be accorded to this distinguished soldier by the American people upon his return will be unparalleled in all our history."

Marine Corps Promotions

The following officers of the Marine Corps and Marine Corps Reserve were included in temporary appointments and promotions under date of 12 May.

Regulars are indicated by (R).

Lieutenant Colonels

To rank from 14 April 1945

D. A. Routh T. C. Loomis (R)
M. W. Storm J. E. Morris (R)
B. W. Hardy, jr.

To rank from 15 April 1945

R. S. D. Lockwood J. G. Johnson (R)
G. P. Chapman F. C. Claggett (R)
R. D. Heini, jr. (R) R. S. Roise (R)
K. H. York R. L. Stallings (R)
J. Ayrault, jr. (Ret.) F. R. Flindtner (R)
J. W. Hoffman, jr. W. B. Oldfield (R)
E. O. Swanson R. C. Pawer, jr. (R)
G. B. Smith, jr. (R) C. W. Shuler (R)
F. J. Klingenhagen R. C. McDonough (R)
(R) G. R. Long (R)
A. A. Zarracina (R) G. A. Hardwick (R)
B. D. Goodwin (R) S. D. Manderville, jr. (R)
W. V. Harris (R)
T. W. P. Murphy (R) W. D. Masters (R)
C. T. Smith (R) W. H. Best (R)
E. W. Smith A. H. Potter (R)
W. F. Meyerhoff R. B. Hannas, jr. (R)
B. W. Schotters P. K. Alford
F. M. Brooke, jr. F. W. Benson
G. A. Percy J. A. Williamson
C. J. Cagle (R) S. S. Wooster
J. E. Lane (R)

To rank from 20 April 1945

R. P. Rice H. E. W. Barnes (R)
G. R. Stallings (R) L. P. Hunt, jr. (R)
R. A. Nicholson G. H. Ford (R)
S. W. Smith, jr. (R) W. J. McKennan (R)
H. J. Smart J. C. Pettit (R)
J. E. Bentsch W. H. Stephens (R)
J. D. Mattox R. L. Dean (R)
D. M. Schmuck (R) C. R. Schwenke (R)
W. R. Dorr, jr. (R) R. H. Thomas (R)
E. M. Staab, jr. (R) J. F. Mallard (R)
W. E. Pierce (R) C. O. Rogers (R)
G. B. Thomas (R) A. M. Fraser
C. S. Sanders, jr. (R) Robert Hall
C. T. Hodges (R) R. M. Wismer
*W. K. Jones (R) D. J. Robinson
J. P. Leonard, jr. (R)

To rank from 25 April 1945

A. B. Hammond, jr. E. W. Gardner (R)
E. E. Davis (R) R. N. Fricke
H. S. Nessly W. D. Morgan
T. J. Mitchell E. F. Wann, jr. (R)
E. W. Ritzau T. F. Collins (R)
W. C. Moore J. H. Partridge (R)
J. C. Brewer F. J. Karch (R)
R. L. Hall H. H. Figueroa (R)
J. R. Jacyno J. S. Skoczylas (R)
William McNulty G. G. Williams (R)
A. M. Mahoney (R) J. W. A. Antonelli (R)
W. W. Trotti (R) J. B. Edgar, jr. (R)

To rank from 30 April 1945

L. G. Monville (R) W. J. Langitt
A. B. Heibelsen (R) W. M. Jackson (R)

Majors

To rank from 30 May 1944

S. Glassman R. L. Scott, jr. (R)
F. E. Jones E. T. Butler
R. W. Kash, jr. R. U. Skibinski
R. T. Smith, jr. C. A. Sachs
R. G. Hand J. L. Schwabe
R. McK. White, II F. J. O'Connor, jr. (R)
R. Hawley
T. F. Cave, jr. (R) E. J. Cunningham
M. J. Coffey, jr. (R) J. P. Jacobson (R)
W. Rimmer L. V. Wagner
T. S. Brinsdine J. H. Papura
J. E. Rowland W. R. Bradley
O. T. Jensen, jr. P. C. Morgan, jr.
J. E. Kirk, jr. L. P. Harris
W. D. Moody, (R) M. M. Calcaterra (R)
P. S. Parish H. G. Gunter (R)
W. B. Olliff H. L. Odom
C. B. Becker J. H. Mallory, jr.
F. W. Burns H. A. Hayes, jr.
G. R. Barker R. E. Judy, jr. (R)

West Point Chaplain's Pay

The Senate and the House have this week passed identical bills, S. 967 and H. R. 1947, to provide for an increase of \$1,000 a year in the pay of a West Point chaplain when he serves under reappointment for any term beyond his original appointment.

Army and Navy Journal - 1201

May 26, 1945

Special Medal for Late President

After considerable debate favoring retention of the Congressional Medal of Honor for deeds of heroism in combat, the House of Representatives on 21 May voted to authorize a "Special Medal of Honor" to the late Franklin Delano Roosevelt "in recognition of his peerless leadership, his heroic courage as a pioneer of new frontiers of freedom, his gallant and unselfish devotion to the service of his country, and his everlasting contribution to the cause of world peace."

The movement against authorizing the Congressional Medal of Honor for the late President was led by Representative Robison (R., Ky.), who said, concerning the award of that medal to combatant soldiers:

"They do not get these medals by any special act of Congress. The commanding officer sees the individual soldier's performance. He must report it favorably, as I understand, to the area commander. Then a board which has been set up goes over the man's achievements for which a medal is sought, and must approve. Then it goes to the ranking officer of the entire operations, like General Eisenhower, say, in Europe, and is approved by him. Then it must come to the General Staff of the Army or Navy as the case may be, here in Washington. They must review and approve it. Then it goes to the Secretary of War, and he must review and approve. Then it goes to the President of the United States and he must approve and award the Medal of Honor. That is the way they get the Congressional Medal of Honor, and that is the way I want every Congressional Medal of Honor bestowed in this country."

MG War Casualties

At least twenty-eight officers and men of the U. S. Army's Military Government organization were killed in action during military operations in the Mediterranean and European Theaters of war, a compilation of SHAEF's G-5 Division has disclosed. The figures also reveal:

107 U. S. Military Government soldiers wounded
12 missing in action
4 won Silver Stars
71 won Bronze Stars
31 earned Purple Hearts
41 won various other awards—including the Distinguished Service Medal, the Legion of Merit, the Distinguished Unit Badge, the Soldier's Medal, the French Legion of Honor and the Croix de Guerre
67 individuals, and 13 detachments and groups, comprising about 150 officers and men, received commendations

Personnel Claims

To provide for the settlement of claims of military personnel and civilian employees of the War Department or the Army for damage to or loss, destruction, capture, or abandonment of personal property that occurs incident to their service, the Senate has this week passed, and sent to the President, H. R. 2068.

In submitting the legislation to Congress, the War Department represented that present statutes do not grant equal justice to all who may have lost property in the same happening, some technicality depriving some of them of a deserved settlement of their claims. The purpose of the legislation is "to provide a single, clear, definite, and workable statute for the settlement of claims" and "to repeal certain statutes which have been found to be obsolete or unworkable and not appropriate to present conditions."

War Crimes Teams

A wide-spread investigation of war crimes committed by the Nazis against Allied military personnel as well as civilians is being carried out by special 10-man teams who comprise the War Crimes Branch of the Theatre Judge Advocate Section. Under direction of Brig. Gen. Ed. C. Betts, Theatre Judge Advocate, the teams went into operation more than a month ago in Germany.

Evidence of atrocities as well as violations of the Geneva Convention is being gathered for use in trials against indicted Nazi war criminals. The investigating teams are made up of specially trained pathologists, intelligence officers, recorders, court reporters, photographers and interpreters. Judge Advocate Sections of the 6th and 12th Army Groups, as well as each Army, corps and division in the field have War Crimes Branches, under which the teams operate.

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FINANCE

Financial Digest

The House Ways and Means Committee 18 May reported H.R. 3240, the bill to extend the authority of the President in foreign trade agreements. The issue, the report states, is whether the law is to be extended in a form and for a period which prevents any effective action being taken under it, or whether the extension is to be one which makes the act effective to carry on the work for which it was designed. The extension of the act, it was added, should be in such a form and for such a period of time as will permit the work to go forward.

Minority views of the Committee warn against making the domestic market vulnerable to invasion by low-cost, foreign goods produced at a fraction of the American wage scale.

The War Production Board this week continued preparations for generally clearing the way for resumption of civilian production by revoking orders preventing the manufacture of several items requiring iron and steel.

The Comptroller of the Currency announced 22 May that the assets of 5,025 national banks of the United States and its possessions on 20 March amounted to \$76,160,538,000, nearly \$10 billion more than was reported by 23 more banks in April 1944. Assets, it was reported, have fallen slightly since the end of last year, when 5,031 banks reported assets of \$76,949,850,000.

Loans and demand deposits both show an increase in the condition statement of weekly reporting member banks in 101 leading cities, the Federal Reserve Board announced 22 May. The principal changes for the week ended 16 May are increases of \$138 million in loans, \$177 million in reserve balances with Federal Reserve Banks, \$115 million in balances with domestic banks, \$410 million in demand deposits-adjusted and \$247 million in deposits credited to domestic banks. Loans to dealers and brokers for purchasing or carrying United States Government obli-

MERCHANT MARINE

gations increased \$105 million, for purchasing or carrying other securities \$36 million. Commercial, industrial and agricultural loans declined \$32 million.

The Securities and Exchange Commission reported this week that the working capital of corporations in the United States, exclusive of banks and insurance companies, reached a new peak of about \$45,500,000,000 at the end of 1944. The commission said that since 1939 the working capital of American industry increased \$21 billion, or 85 per cent.

Merchant Marine

World-wide ceremonies marked the tenth observance of Maritime Day on 22 May, commemorating the first ocean crossing by steam power 126 years ago. The late President Roosevelt proclaimed the date of this year's observance, and State and local governments followed his lead. Civic organizations, the shipping industry and maritime unions paid tribute on Tuesday to America's merchant seapower, including the men who build and man the 4,000 vessel fleet.

Hailing the work of the merchant fleet, Secretary of the Navy Forrestal declared that 72 per cent of the 78 million tons of cargo transported to all theaters were carried in U. S. Maritime ships, and pointed out that 6,000 men of the merchant fleet are listed as casualties.

Secretary Forrestal called on American shipping for continued service in the war against Japan. "We face the ultimate test in the Pacific," he asserted. "Every man must stick to his post, and thousands more must serve in the Merchant Marine to defeat Japan. With double the sea distance from U. S. shores, greater turnabout time and lack of harbor facilities, at least four ships are needed in the Pacific for one in the Atlantic."

Observance of Maritime Day started when the sun crossed the international date line someplace in the Pacific, where merchant ships, war conditions permitting, "dressed ship" with the rising sun.

Along America's East Coast, the Maritime Service Training Stations observed Maritime Day with morning ceremonies. Later in the morning, ship launching ceremonies were held in a number of Maritime Commission shipyards. Other launchings on the Great Lakes, Gulf and Pacific Coasts followed.

Guests at luncheons, dinners and afternoon ceremonies sponsored by Propeller Clubs and civic organizations heard speeches by Representatives of the United States Maritime Commission and the War Shipping Administration, Congressmen and Senators, and administrative officials from the U. S. Merchant Marine Cadet Corps and Maritime Service Training Organizations spoke to these gatherings.

Vice Admiral E. S. Land, USN-Ret., Chairman of the Maritime Commission and War Shipping Administrator, spoke in Mobile, Ala. Other Commissioners who appeared are Vice Admiral H. L. Vickery, USN, Vice Chairman, Seattle; Captain Edward Macauley, USN-Ret., San Francisco; Thomas M. Woodward, New York City; and John Carmody, New Orleans.

Award of the Meritorious Service Medal to Ensign Harry V. Quibell, of New York City, and Third Mate Edward J. Conner, of Washington, D. C., was reported this week by the War Shipping Administration, which said that 37 Mariner's medals were awarded to injured

seamen and 210 posthumously to next-of-kin during April.

At the same time, a recapitulation of merchant marine medal awards to merchant seamen showed presentation of 104 Distinguished Service Medals; 5 Meritorious Service Medals, 3,405 Mariner's Medals, 32 congratulatory letters, 174,962 Merchant Marine emblems, 80,379 combat bars, 3,682 defense bars, and 325,504 war zone bars for service in the Atlantic, Pacific, or Mediterranean-Middle East areas.

War Crimes Investigation

The Judge Advocate General's Department is now engaged in the biggest and most justifiable man-hunt in the history of the world, stated Maj. Gen. Myron C. Cramer, The Judge Advocate General of the U. S. Army, 19 May, at graduating exercises held at the Judge Advocate General's School, Ann Arbor, Mich.

Addressing 47 graduates in the 11th Officer Candidates Class and 30 graduates in the 22d Officers Class, General Cramer declared that VE-Day has brought about a substantial increase in the work of the Judge Advocate General's Department particularly in connection with war crimes activities.

"The investigation of war crimes and the preparation of cases against those accused of atrocities and violations of the rules of warfare," he stated, "will undoubtedly create a volume of work which will tax to the utmost the capacity of our National War Crimes Offices which was established last fall by direction of the Secretary of War, in the Office of the Judge Advocate General."

"I have appointed in charge of that division of my office, Brig. Gen. John M. Weir, Assistant Judge Advocate General, in whose ability to carry on this important work I have the greatest confidence. The pursuit of war criminals and the bringing to trial of the butchers and oppressors of our fighting men and our people have become a major Judge Advocate General's Department activity."

U. S. War Roundup

(Continued from Page 1194)

17 May, but occupied the summit for the fifth time after heavy fighting on the morning of 18 May. The enemy has sacrificed large numbers of troops in the defense of this key position before Naha. The 1st Marine Division gained several hundred yards and was operating east of Wana Town to destroy enemy strong points in that area. The 77th Infantry Division continued to assault strongly held positions with local support from aircraft and from flame throwing tanks. The division gained some ground on its right flank near Ishimmi Town. In the hilly sector on the eastern end of the line south and east of Conical Hill, the 96th Infantry Division progressed slowly in hand to hand fighting. The enemy employed substantial artillery fire all along the line in attempts to contain the attacks of our forces. Our troops were supported throughout the day by ships' guns and aircraft bombing.

No. 268, 20 May—The Tenth Army in Southern Okinawa gained ground slowly against the heaviest kind of resistance in the central and western sectors as it enveloped enemy citadel of Shuri on 20 May. The 1st Marine Division established its forward elements to a point about 800 yards south of Kakeshi Town and the 77th Infantry Division after repulsing three enemy counterattacks captured a strong point 900 yards northwest of Shuri. In the 6th Marine Division zone of the west coast, local progress was made east of Takamotaji. Moving against intense resistance the 96th Infantry Division reached an elevation about 1,000 yards east of Ishimmi Town. Throughout the day our troops in all sectors met strong resistance from caves, pillboxes and intense small arms fire. Ships' guns and aircraft continued to support the troops.

No. 370, 22 May—Heavy rains and resultant mud limited the movement of armored vehicles and restricted operations in the central and western sectors of the front in Southern Okinawa on 22 May. On the eastern end of the lines the advances made in the previous week by the 96th Infantry Division permitted the Seventh Infantry Division to launch night attack which carried their forward elements into Yonabaru on the left flank around the city into the high ground overlooking Rioj Town and Itarashiku Town to the south. Reports at this time indicate the enemy has chosen not to defend Yonabaru which has been thoroughly reduced by our gunfire and bombing. Meanwhile the 96th Infantry Division continued to attack enemy defenses southwest of Conical Hill. During early morning darkness of 22 May First Marine Division in the west repulsed Japanese counterattack killing about 800 of the enemy. The Sixth Marine Division continued to consolidate its position along Asato River and the 77th Infantry Division conducted mopping up operations.



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Mail Problems Outlined

In a comprehensive review of expanding mail service operations, the Navy Department predicted this week that current logistic plans for the Pacific would result in a 100 per cent increase in mail volume, and outlined measures for carrying out the tremendous delivery task:

1) Reporting that more than 73 million first class letters were mailed to the Pacific during January, with 6,532 pouches of air mail letters clearing San Francisco in a single week during March, the Navy pointed out that "from the morale viewpoint letters have a greater value than any other class of mail," and said a policy should be publicized whereby the transportation of this class of mail is given top priority. Additionally, the Navy urged the public to include photographs, and newspaper items in the first class letters.

2) With regards to V-mail, it was pointed out that while it is now possible to provide air transportation for all air mail letters, "it can easily be foreseen that with the increased volume, it may soon be impossible to give such service." The announcement said publicly given to the fact that V-mail has air priority over all other classes of mail would result in an increased volume of V-mail.

3) Because second class mail is so long in transit and occupies so much shipping space, the Navy asked the public to include clippings of particular interest in letters rather than send complete issues of newspapers or other publications.

4) More than two million packages were dispatched to the Pacific during January, and the Navy said under the most favorable conditions it now takes approximately two and a half months to complete delivery on parcels. With regards to Christmas mailing procedure, the Navy suggested that no definite period of acceptance of Christmas packages be established this year or in the future.

Evacuate Pacific Wounded

In a three week period during April, 1,721 casualties from Okinawa were flown out for medical care in the Marianas, a Navy release from Pacific Fleet Headquarters at Guam related in reporting that the mercy missions were flown without accident or loss of a patient.

The Navy's air evacuation service from Okinawa is operated in cooperation with the Army Air Forces Air Transport Command and the combined Transport Air Group, also flying casualties out of the battle area. Naval hospital aircraft involved are operating under Air Evacuation Group One, under command of Capt. William L. Erdmann, USN, of San Rafael, Calif. Operations officer is Commander C. A. Keller, USN, of Wichita, Kans., who had been in charge of the Navy's air evacuation service from Iwo Jima, where 2,190 patients were flown out from 4-26 March.

The 1270-mile trip from Okinawa to Guam takes about 7½ hours. During the period 8-30 April, naval hospital aircraft made 61 evacuation flights. During the same period the Army's Air Transport Command evacuated 1,240 patients and Marine aircraft of TAG (Transport Air Group) of Maj. Gen. Louis E. Wood's Fourth Marine Air Wing brought out 53 patients.

Navy Confirmations

The Senate has this week confirmed the nominations, for temporary promotion, of the officers of the Navy and Marine Corps listed on page 1151 of the 19 May issue of THE ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL.

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A comfortable home in Florida, an acre or two of good land with space for orange trees and a garden. Most attractive beach and recreation. Located on Gulf Coast, country club within one of South's finest golf courses within two miles. Many retired Army and Navy men living here. Adjoining city limits, 3½ miles from downtown Sarasota, we have subdivided a portion of the Van Dame Estate into 1 and 2-acre restricted-d. moderately priced homesites. Nothing like it in Florida. Small capital and modest income will enable you to live the life of Riley. Descriptive folder tells the story.

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Occupation Officers Named

A SHAEF announcement from Paris this week listed an additional group of Army officers who are slated to hold key positions under General Eisenhower in the United States Group Control Council for Germany. Included in the new appointments were:

Brig. Gen. Bryan L. Milburn, Chief of Staff for the Council under Lt. Gen. Lucius Clay, Deputy Military Governor in Germany; Brig. Gen. Thomas J. Betts, Director of Intelligence; Brig. Gen. Robert A. McClure, heading the information control service, which is charged with controlling the German press, radio and all other forms of public expression in Germany.

Brig. Gen. Frank A. Allen, Jr., director of public relations of the Council; Maj. Gen. Oliver P. Echols, deputy for communications; Brig. Gen. Frank C. Meade, director of internal affairs and communications division; Col. Thomas W. Hammond, secretary general of the Council; Col. Orlando W. Wilson, staff supervisor of German public safety matters, including control of police, fire and civil defense; Col. Charles S. Reid, chief of the property control branch of the preparations, deliveries and restitution division; and Col. James B. Edmunds, chief administrative officer for the Council.

Care of Casualties

Army casualties are arriving in the United States at a rate of 44,000 a month, and are being cared for at 63 general hospitals and 13 convalescent centers, Surgeon General of the Army, Norman T. Kirk declared this week in an address delivered for him by Maj. Gen. George F. Lull before the Disabled American Veterans at New York City.

Maj. Gen. Kirk said that there are about 215,000 hospital beds available with a 90 per cent occupancy.

Describing the high moral responsibility which the Medical Department feels for the handicapped veteran when he leaves a hospital, General Kirk said that "legislation and the grant of funds is not the answer to making him a useful citizen. The most important want of many of these handicapped veterans is a job. They want to be self-supporting and self-reliant," the Surgeon General declared adding that "the handicapped veteran has made his sacrifice for his country. The least his country can do for him is to give him the right to live a normal, useful life."

Naval Radio Series

The Navy Department has completed arrangements to produce and direct a 26-week series of 30-minute programs on the Blue Network, depicting the activities and achievements of Naval Aviation, Rear Adm. H. B. Miller, USN, Director of the Office of Public Relations announced this week.

The program, which will be broadcast in the evening, will begin sometime this summer. It is the first network program to be approved for production by the Navy Department. The program is the first step in plans of Rear Admiral Miller to bring to the public a wider coverage of the Navy's participation in the war, with particular emphasis on the Pacific theatre.

Settlement of Mileage Accounts

To authorize the use of mileage tables in the payment and settlement of mileage and other travel allowances of all military personnel, the Senate has this week passed S. 917. In support of the legislation, the Secretary of War stated that decisions of the Comptroller General have denied the legality of paying such allowances of enlisted personnel by the use of the official mileage tables although it is legal in relation to officers' mileage and travel allowances.

To provide uniformity in the settlement of travel accounts, and to ease the administration of such payments during demobilization, the War Department has urged the enactment of the bill, pointing out that it will not involve added expense to the Government.

Misconduct of Army Personnel

Army commanders were being reminded by the War Department that misconduct and evidence of lack of discipline of military personnel on pass or furlough always brings discredit upon the service, and instructed that prompt corrective action be taken to prevent a lowered morale with the coincident reflection of inefficiency on the part of the commander concerned.

Mail During Redeployment

Persons corresponding with soldiers overseas should, during the redeployment period, continue to use the current address until such time as they are advised by the individual soldier either of a change-of-address or to withhold mail until a permanent address can be provided, the War Department announced 23 May.

Overseas commanders have been instructed to give particular attention to the distribution of change-of-address and withholding forms to military personnel who are personally responsible for notifying their correspondents of any change in their address.

The withholding form, which is to be forwarded to correspondents when the soldier is being redeployed and cannot provide a new permanent address, is specifically designed to advise publishers of newspapers, magazines and periodicals to withhold the mailing of issues to subscribers in this category until they can provide permanent addresses.

Generals Return From ETO

While a hometown parade at Atlanta, Ga., honored Lt. Gen. Courtney Hodges on 24 May, the War Department reported that General Mark W. Clark would be in Chicago, Ill., for a special Memorial Day celebration, at which approximately 50 soldiers from Illinois who fought in Italy will be granted discharges.

Five other general officers returned to the United States with General Hodges, First Army Commander, are: Lt. Gen. Lewis H. Brereton, commander of the 1st Allied Airborne Army; Lt. Gen. Troy H. Middleton, 8th Army Corps commander; Maj. Gen. John B. Anderson, 16th Army Corps Commander; Maj. Gen. Ira Wyche, 79th Infantry Division Commander; and Brig. Gen. Doyle O. Hickey, 3rd Armored Division commander.

Congressional Inspection Trips

Legislative repercussions, which threatened action on pending bills, were reported this week to have prompted Senate and House leaders to curb official and unofficial inspection trips by members of Congress to war theaters. It was pointed out that the number of Senators and Representatives out of the States on these missions periled early decisions on pending legislation.

Especially pressed for a quorum was the Senate, where a total of 20 members are absent on war inspection tours, with additional members slated to leave for overseas shortly. A survey of the House of Representatives showed that 29 members have been flown to Europe in Army planes, and it was presumed that others have gone to Europe via other means.

Mail To The Fleet

Under a system by which mail is delivered directly to ships, instead of waiting until craft return to bases, a total of 24,157,599 letters was delivered between 23 March and 30 April to the task force engaged in the Okinawa operation. The new method reduced the delivery time from the continent to the Navy men in the Pacific from periods as long as six and eight weeks to a present average of 12 to 13 days for the more than 70,000 letters a month which pass through Fleet Headquarters to Central, Southwest, and Western Pacific Navy personnel.

For his service in this routing mail, Lt. Phillip W. Cartwright, USNR, has been awarded the Bronze Star Medal.

Ship Transportation Officers

Ship transportation officers of the Army will now assume the duties formerly assigned to cargo security officers, the War Department reported in Circular No. 141, which outlined duties of these officers, and told of their assignment to each vessel which carried military personnel of more than 1,000 measurement tons of Army cargo.

Bronze Stars

Eligibility of Army personnel for bronze stars worn on theater ribbons to denote battle participation has been extended to include those serving aboard vessels of foreign registry, other than in a passenger status.

The same general qualifications must be met as in case of those serving aboard vessels of United States registry.

Army and Navy Journal

May 26, 1945

1203

Every officer who may find himself in the Pacific should begin now to learn all he can about Tropicalization and the preventive maintenance services that go with it. Be prepared to tell your man what it's all about.

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WHAT ABOUT RETIREMENT

Are you one of the many who picture a comfortable home in a mild climate, an acre or two of good land, orange trees, a garden, fishing, golf. Adjoining the city limits, 3½ miles from downtown Sarasota, a portion of the Van Dame Estate is being subdivided into moderately priced, one and two acre restricted homesites. De Soto Acres, Box 1544-S, Sarasota, Florida.

FOR SALE

GENTLEMAN'S ESTATE — 765 acre cattle farm on James River, fine old colonial brick mansion of nine rooms, all modern improvements, all open land high state cultivation, three quarters million feet commercial timber. JNO. STEWART WALKER, INC. LYNCHBURG, VIRGINIA

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HELP WANTED

Released Service personnel with experience in newspaper, magazine, or public relations work. Write Box E, Army and Navy Journal, 1711 Connecticut Avenue NW, Washington, D. C., or phone Hobart 6477.

Shift Nat. Gd. and Reserves

The Secretary of War has issued a General Order removing the National Guard Bureau and the Office of the Executive for Reserve Affairs from under the Commanding General, Army Service Forces, and placing them directly under the Secretary of War as Special Staff activities.

The text of the General Order, No. 39, follows:

"Sec. I. National Guard Bureau.

"1. The National Guard Bureau is removed from the jurisdiction of the Commanding General, Army Service Forces, and is established as a War Department Special Staff activity.

"2. Administrative functions of the National Guard Bureau are not affected by the provisions of this order.

"Sec. II. Executive for Reserves and Reserve Officers Training Corps Affairs.

"1. The Office of the Executive for Reserves and Reserve Officers Training Corps Affairs is removed from the jurisdiction of the Commanding General, Army Service Forces, and is established as a War Department Special Staff activity.

"2. The Executive for Reserves and Reserve Officers Training Corps Affairs will gain no administrative functions by the provisions of this order."

Congratulate Mark Watson

General of the Army Dwight D. Eisenhower last week congratulated Mr. Mark S. Watson, Military Correspondent of the Sunpapers of Baltimore, Md., on his winning of the Pulitzer Prize for International Correspondence from Washington and from the countries of Europe.

The Supreme Commander's message said:

"I note with great pleasure that your outstanding abilities have been recognized by a Pulitzer award for distinguished telegraphic reporting in international affairs.

"Please accept my personal and sincere congratulations for your attainment of this coveted honor in the field for journalism."

Research for Defense

(Continued from First Page)

made in a report from the House Select Committee on Post-War Military Policy, which also urged that reports on its progress be made semi-annually to the Senate and House Committees on Military Affairs, Naval Affairs, and Appropriations. Mr. May's bill included this provision, except for the Appropriations Committee. Also Mr. May's bill provides that "no expenditures of any such funds by the Academy shall be subject to review, audit, or settlement by any accounting officer or agency of the government."

Secretary of War Stimson approved of Representative May's bill except for the provision exempting it from audit, saying, "This provision is not in accord with established governmental fiscal procedures which the War Department sustains."

On the other hand, Dr. Frank B. Jewett, president of the National Academy of Sciences, favored the exemption from auditing, which procedure he felt would lead to the possibility of revealing secrets in projects where the utmost secrecy should be observed.

Dr. Jewett told the committee that the Board would confine itself to new developments. It would, he said, aim to continue an active interest in national defense matters, maintain close cooperation between top science and top military thinking, and endeavor to shorten the time between the conception of a new tool or weapon and the time of having the military agencies take it up for development.

Brig. Gen. William A. Borden, of the New Developments Division of the War Department General Staff, told the committee that the proposed plan would facilitate research. He said that before the war research went along on one problem at a time, while under the proposed plan there would be widespread research.

The committee made no immediate decision, but Chairman May said the bill will be rewritten. He said that it is the intention to provide direct appropriations to the Academy to get around the competition for funds between the Army and Navy, which, he asserted, have blocked each other in the past.

Coast Guard Graduates

The following Cadets of the graduating class at the U. S. Coast Guard Academy were nominated this week to be Ensigns in the Coast Guard, to rank from 8 June 1945:

Frank C. Anderson
James E. Anderson
Wm. DeF. Ball, Jr.
Wm. R. Banks
Winford W. Barrow
John J. Barry
Glenn C. Bartoo
Donald J. Benolken
Chas. W. Berkman
Hobart M. Bird
Meindert P. Boon
G. G. Brown, Jr.
S. T. Brown, Jr.
Wm. C. Brown
Mario J. Catafo
Philip N. Chance
C. S. Changaris
Douglas H. Clifton
Wm. J. Cloues, II
Hubert W. Cocklin
James A. Dillan
Wm. G. Donaldson
Morgan L. Dring
Wm. D. Ebricht
Martin W. Fiesh
James A. Ford
David D. Fritts
Walter R. Goat
Leslie MacL. Greig
Ralph E. Grosjean
Wm. A. Gross, Jr.
Carl F. Hanna, Jr.
Paul A. Hansen
Oliver W. Harrison
Bruce D. Hartel
Robert J. Healy
James C. Heffernan
Spencer M. Higley
P. M. Hildebrandt
James J. Hill, Jr.
Clarence R. Howard
James R. Iversen
Robert L. Kallin
Harry J. Kolkebeck
Frederic N. Lattin
Sam A. Lombardo
R. B. Long, Jr.
Charles W. Lots

Herbert J. Lynch
Jack D. Lyon
Jesse G. Magee, Jr.
Risto A. Mattila
Eugene E. McCrory
Edward P. McMahon
Julian P. Mendelsohn
George W. Miller
Mark F. Mitchell
J. H. B. Morton
Kevin L. Moser
L. M. Newkirk
Ralph W. Niess
Chas. H. Nixon
John P. Obarski
Joseph B. O'Hara
Allen C. Pearce
Clifford F. Peistrup
David C. Porter
Robert I. Price
Robert N. Rea
Geo. T. Richardson
Edgar C. Ritchie
Casimir S. Rojeski
D. R. Rondstedt
Stanley B. Russell
William O. Schach
Norman L. Scherer
Stanley Schilling
Jack W. Schwarze
Robert G. Schwing
Willis N. Seehorn
Abe H. Siemens
Reuel F. Stratton
Peter A. Thistle
Francis A. Tubek
Donald E. Ullery
C. W. Vogelsang, Jr.
David C. Walker
Alvin N. Ward
Paul W. Welker
Marc Welliver, II
Robert E. Williams
Leslie J. Williamson
Francis C. Wilson
James MacQ. Wilson
Robt. D. Winship
Robt. A. Worsing

Endorses Peace-time Draft

Under Secretary of the Navy Bard, addressing the Citizens Committee for Military Training of Young Men, Inc., in New York City, 25 May, declared that adoption of a sound plan for universal military training now will enable the United States to speak with greater authority at the peace table in favor of an international organization to enforce peace.

Mr. Bard declared that it is more democratic and fitting to our form of government to insure national security by universal military training, rather than by maintaining a large standing Army.

Regular Army Promotions

The President this week nominated 77 majors of the Regular Army to the permanent grade of lieutenant colonel; 193 captains to be permanent majors; and 272 first lieutenants to be permanent captains. All hold higher temporary ranks, some of the first lieutenants being temporary colonels.

The majors promoted run from Charles Joseph Barrett, FA, to James Harrison Dickie, FD, on the promotion list; the captains from Elmer Perry Rose, AC, to Paul Elliott MacLaughlin, Inf.; and the first lieutenants from John Drake Bristol, OE, to Raymond Patten Todd, AC.

Plaque Honors Gen. McNair

A bronze plaque dedicated to the late Lt. Gen. Lesley J. McNair was hung yesterday at a simple ceremony in the Main Building of the Army War College. General of the Army George C. Marshall, Chief of Staff, led a group of ranking officers who honored the former commanding general, Army Ground Forces.

Highest Rank For Reserves

(Continued from First Page)

which went on an inactive basis at the beginning of the war, is now laying plans for the expansion which will inevitably result in the demobilization and post-war periods.

Official surveys of opinion among military personnel indicate that approximately 440,000 officers and 1,000,000 enlisted men desire to enroll in an organized reserve after the war. The Department states that it is not necessary to apply at this time.

Benefits For Discharged Minors

To broaden existing law so as "To provide for pay and allowances, transportation, and subsistence of personnel discharged or released from the Navy, Marine Corps, and Coast Guard because of underage at the time of enlistment," Senator Walsh, Mass., chairman of the Senate Naval Committee, has introduced S. 1045 at the request of the Navy Department.

Existing law provides that only pay and allowances to date of discharge, and transportation home, shall be paid to such minors discharged or released by the Navy Department. The newly introduced bill would provide the additional items of mustering-out pay, an appropriate honorable discharge certificate, and subsistence from the place of discharge to their home. The Navy Department in a letter suggesting the legislation referred to the fact that the Army pays similar minors mustering-out payments by statutory authority—an authority that the Navy does not have, and requests.

Disposal of Property

A series of orientation conferences are being held by the Office of the Army-Navy Liquidation Commissioner to train newly-assigned officers and civilian personnel in the disposal of overseas surplus of the Armed Forces, Mr. Thomas Bayard McCabe, Liquidation Commissioner, announced 23 May.

Subjects covered include: Overseas Disposal in World War I, methods, results and criticisms; Background of Foreign Disposal, World War II; Surplus Property Act of 1944; Internal Organization of the OANLC; Procedure of the Army and Navy in Determination of Excess and Surplus; Problems in Disposal; Methods and Terms of Sales; and Accounting for and Reporting of Disposals.

Justice Jackson in Europe

Justice Robert H. Jackson, United States Chief of Counsel for prosecution of major European Axis war criminals, has left for London with Col. John Harlan Amen of the Inspector General's Office of the War Department, it was revealed this week.

Justice Jackson stated at the time of his departure that the purpose of the trip was to complete arrangements for examination of important witnesses, documents, reports, captured orders and other evidence that might be used in the trial of the major criminals before an international military tribunal.

Gets Historic Stars

With XX Corps Headquarters in Germany—Lt. Gen. Walton H. Walker, XX Corps commander, recently received from General George S. Patton, Jr., the three stars which the Third U. S. General commander wore through the campaigns of North Africa and Sicily, and the Battles of Normandy, France and Germany. The stars, originally worn by General Dwight D. Eisenhower, were presented to Patton upon his promotion to Lieutenant General.

Reorganize Departments

(Continued from First Page)

ganization of the Army under Executive Order No. 9082, should not be allowed to revert, automatically or at an inopportune time.

Senator Byrd (D., Va.), who discussed the subject with the President before the message was drafted said that a single Defense Department was not brought up, but the Senator felt that further study should be made of the problem.

It is known that the President has a keen interest in the Army and Navy, both because of his service in the National Guard and the Reserves, and also because of the deep insight into their operations gained by his conduct of the Special Investigating Committee of the Senate. It is recalled that Mr. Truman, in an article in *Colliers* some months ago, dwelt at length on alleged lack of cooperation and coordination between the Services, pointing to the disaster at Pearl Harbor as an example, in which instance the Roberts Commission reported that the two Service commanders had failed to consult with one another concerning the messages of warning they had received from Washington.

Retired Pay Laws

The Brooks Subcommittee of the House Committee on Military Affairs decided yesterday to draft an omnibus bill covering various financial and promotional benefits affecting retired personnel of all components of the Army of the United States. To effect this the committee will meet next week and hear representatives of the Joint Army-Navy Pay Board and representatives of the various veterans organizations.

Members of the group said that they want a bill which will induce the best personnel of the Reserves and National Guard to remain in their services after the war and also to take care of the rights of Regular Army personnel now retired and to be retired.

The committee decided to report to the full committee HR 1512 which will amend the Pay Act to provide that enlisted men of the regular Army who served overseas between 1898 and 1912 will receive the maximum pay of the grade in which they retired. About 200 such men are now denied the maximum pay because part of their 30 years for retirement was based on the then authorized double time for overseas.

USNA to Four-year Course

The President has approved return to a four-year course at the U. S. Naval Academy. The change will be made at the end of the present Spring term in June. The three-year course has been in effect since 1941.

Fresh Products for Wounded

An unprecedented military inventory was tabulated at Guam last week when a precious cargo including 75 cows, eight bulls, six heifers, more than a thousand hogs, 600 chickens, 100 ducks and 50 turkeys were landed to assure fresh milk, meat and eggs for casualties undergoing treatment on the strategic island.

Transport of the livestock and fowl was arranged after a conference called by Maj. Gen. Henry L. Larsen, USMC, Guam commander, with representatives of the Foreign Economic Administration and the Military Government Section.

38th Division In Luzon Actions

Committed to combat on Luzon the last week in January, the 38th Infantry Division is disclosed to have killed more than 15,000 Japs in bitter fighting through the rugged Zambales mountains.

Fighting as part of the Sixth Army, under General Walter Krueger, the 38th which has also accounted for approximately 400 prisoners, is under command of Maj. Gen. William C. Chase, who himself has accounted for three Japs.

Awarded Croix de Guerre

With the 80th Infantry Division in Germany—General Charles de Gaulle, President of the Provisional French Government and General Alphonse Juin, Commanding General of the French Army, signed orders conferring the Croix de Guerre with Palm upon Col. Max S. Johnson of Division Headquarters in recognition of exceptional military services rendered during the battle for the liberation of France.

Flags for German Ships

German shipping, when being operated by the Allies will fly a burgee with five horizontal bars—blue, white, red, white, blue, according to a SHAEF announcement.

The black flag flown by enemy warships when surrendering has no special significance, except as an act of surrender when ordered. A black flag is more easily visible against the horizon.

Olmsted Athletic Field Dedicated

Dedication of the Olmsted Memorial Athletic Field at the Middleton, Pa., Air Technical Service Command by Brig. Gen. John M. Clark, commanding general, was made on 12 May, "to those men, both military and civilian, who left here and offered their lives so that other young Americans may have the right to take part in typical American competitive sport in a free world."

Capt. Good to Rear Adm.

Capt. Roscoe F. Good, USN, was nominated this week, to be a Rear Admiral in the Navy, for temporary service, to rank from 22 September 1943.